PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY N. L. FINNELL.

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TADVERTISEMENTS, of 12 lines, or less, vill be charged for the first insertion 75 cents, sach additional insertion 25 cents. Longer ones in proportion. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers.

No advertisement to be considered by the year, unless specified on the manuscript or previously agreed upon between the parties. The number of insertions must be marked on the advertisement, or it will be confinged until ordered out, and charged accor-

LAW NOTICE. J. W. TIBBATTS & CHARLES HELM. AVING associated themselves in the prac-

Orrice on York street, Newport, one door from the Post Office. Newport, Dec. 26, 1846.

Jav Partnership. B. W. FOLEY & SEP. T. WALL

LVE associated themselves in the practic of Law in the County and Circuit Courts of Kenton, Campbell and Boone. They will, in the Circuit Courts, be assisted by W. K. Wall, whenever necessary. Office on Market Space

N.B. Conveyancing and the examination of the of city property promptly attended to. September 13, 1845. 8-tf

sedge & Brothers TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS,

AND DEALERS IN BRY 100DS, GROCERIES & COUNTRY PRODUCE

Scott Street, Covington, EEP constantly on hand a good assortment their line, which they will sell, wholesale orrettil, theap for ash a exchange for auntry Mirch S, 1845

OHIO LARD DIL

MANUFACTORY,

SIGN OF THE PRAIRIE WHALE. C. B. KELLUM, & CO.

PROPRIETORS. NO. 18, EAST FRONT ST. CINCINNATI, OHIO.

N. B. The Oil Manufactured at this Estabtishment is warranted equal to any that can be offered in the United S ates. A supply for Exportation constantly on hand Cincinnati, March 21 1816. 35-1y.

C. L. Mullins WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCER, 3 DOORS SOUTH OF 6th STREET. AS now on hand a good stock of Groceries which he will sell low for each or country

Covington, July 11th, 1846.

JOHN W. VENABLE. PORTRAIT PAINTER,

Scott Street, up stairs - above J. R Slewart's COVING CON, KY.

R. W. C. RANNELLS, having located in Covincton, offers his professional services to e citizens of Covington and vicinity. Office on Market Space, formerly occupied by Office on Market Space, formerly occupied by by Foley & Wall. July 18, 1846.

J. B. JONES, & CO. AVE just received and are now opening a superior assortment of STAPLE AND

ŘÃNCY DRY GOODS. Also-Groceries, Queensware, Boots and They soligit a share of public patronage, as

their terms shall be as reasonable as those of any establishment in this City or Cincinnati. N.B. They will receive, in exchange for Goods, &c, either Cash or any kind of country Produce, Covington, Sept. 5th, 1846. 7-tf.



TURE .- S. J. Joun wishes to inform his friends and the public that he has removed to the new five story building, directly opposite his old store on Third st, between Main and Syca-ed, in neatness and comfort, by those of any more, where he has now and will continue to House in the State, and they are prepared to *LE 430 Modely Style of CABINET FUR-NITURE consisting in part of— French Sofas, Sociables—Rose and Mahogany,

Centre Tables, Sofa Tables, Parlor Chairs of the finest description, Secretaries, Mahogany Bedsteads, Dressing Bureaus of various style factured in the best and most durable manner The assures those wishing to purchase that he will sell as low as any establishment in the West will sell as low as any establishment in the vices. He invites the public to call and examine for shemselves, and if he cannot sell, he will not charge anything.
Cincinnati, Nov. 7, 1846

PRASS CHAMBER CANDLESTICKS. RASS CHAMBER CANDLES TRAS.

200 pairs assorted 4½, 5 inches,
300 do do 5, 5½, 6 inches.

ALSO-140 do Square, with sauffers complete;
100 do Pillar, assorted, 6, 8, 10, 12 in;
This day reggived and for sale by

TYLER DAVIDSON & CO. 126 Main st., 3 doors above Commerc'l Bank, Cin., Sep. 26 1846, 10

Medicines,&c.

THE attention of the community is called again to the large and well selected stock of Medicines, which has recently been received by the subscriber, at his Old Stand, corner and Scott sts, Covington, where prescriptions are carefully compounded by an experienced druggist. Feb. 6th, 1847.

FALL GOODS.

HE subscribers are now receiving their sup-ply of GOODS, suitable for the Fall and Winter trade, which they offer on the best possible terms for Cash or country Produce of all kinds. They have on hand a complete and gen-eral assortment of Stoves and Grates at Cincinnatti prices, also Sloop and Roberts best ploughs, the public are invited to call and examine their stock before puichassing Cash paid for Wheat and Flaxseed.

GEDGE & BROTHERS, October 10 1846.—12-yl.

OWDER FLASKS!-A fresh supply of Rifle and Pistol Flasks just received and for sale by the dozen or single at HUNTINGTON'S, Cin., Sep. 26, 1846.

BRASS CHAMBER CANDILESTICKS.—300 pairs Brass Candlesticks, assorted, 44, 5, 51 and 6 in: 100 pairs Brass Candlesticks, square, with

Snuffers and Extinguishers;
75 pairs High Brass Canalesticks.
or sale by J. K. OGDEN & CO., For sale by J. K. OGDEN & CO., No. 182 Main st, sign of the Old Padlock. Cin., Sep. 26, 1846.

RIFFIN HORSE NAILS .- GOO 1bs Griffin Horse Nails, for sale by J. K. OGDEN & CO., 126 Main st, sign of the Old Padlack. Cin., Sep. 26, 1846.

A. MCALPIN'S Furniture Ware Rooms,

No. 10, East Fourth street, Cincinnati. Ohio AS constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest prices, a large and splendid assortment of Cabinet Furniture, Mahogany Chairs, Sofas, Divans, Ottomans, &c., of the most fash-

A large and general assaurtment of Mahogany Boards and Plank, Mahogany, Maple, Rose and Satin Wood Yeneers, Curled Hair, Hair Cloth, Plush, Gimp, Looking Glass Plates, and Hard vare saitable for Cabinet Makers. they never can be) before the thing is at Having in connection with Wm. H. Ross, (of all feasible. But suppose that done;—Is it the firm of Ross & Geyer,) commenced the desirable that Kentucky should become a manufacture of Chairs, he is now prepared to free State? We answer no; emphatically furnish his customers with every variety of Windsor and Fancy Chairs, Settees, Rocking Chairs, &c., &c.
N. B. Steam Boats and Hotels furnished to order on the best terms and at the shortest no-

tice, apr 18, 1846

beautiful styles. April 5, 1846,

BALL & DAVIS. Corner of Main and Ninth streets, CINCINNATI, O.,

BEALERS In Iron, Nails, Castings, and Heavy Hardware, Manufacturers of

Premium and Patented Superior Cooking stoves,

Egg, Common, Box, and Parlor do. Plain Grates and Fronts, new styles. Ornamented do. do, with summer fronts. Light Hollow Ware and Castings in general. They respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Covington and the interior counties in Kentucky to their stock. Builders will find an assortment of Frates of the newest and most

Whitman's Limiment.

For Rheumatism, Swellings of all kinds, Dislocations, Fractured Bones, Bruises, Cuts Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Pains in the Back and Side, &c. &c. It affords an immediate and ticle that can be depended upon for the cure of tl e above diseases,

For sale, in Covington at the Drug Store of Dr. T. N. Wise, corner of Scottand 4th sts.

MAIN ST., HETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH—Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, &c.—W. C. Hyntisoton is constantly making additions to his new and fashionionable stock of Watches, Gold Guard, Vest and Fob Chains, Pines, Rings, Chain and Hair Brace-lets, Gold Pene, Spectrales, Josephan lets, Gold Pens, Speatneles, Lockets, Thimbles, Silver Ware, Cullery, Musical Instruments, &c., which will be sold as low as the same quality of Goods can be found in the city. Watshes, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Accordeons, &c., repaired and warranted. Old Gold and Silver haught at the highest rates, at 123 Main street, between Third and Fourth Sep. 26, 1846 W. C. HUNTINGTON.

Lord Oil Manufacturer, 33 Water st, bet Main & Walnut

BRUEN HOUSE, Corner of Broadway and Short streets,

LEXINGTON, KY.

G. LEWIS POSTLETHWAIT. DOSTLETH WAIT & BRADLEY, very respectfully appropriate to their friends, the old patrons of the establishment and the public generally, that they have leased the above establishment, and are now prepared to accommodats in the best manner all who may extend to them their patronage. The house is now undergoing a thorough refitting and refugnishing, and they think they can safely promise that in a few days they will have one of the most comfortable establishments any where to be found.

Unwilling, however, that their House shall be judged by any professions they may make, they simply request a call from the Travelling public, satisfied to rest their claims to its patronage upon the manner in which their House shall be kept. Suffice it to say they will spare no exertions to render their guests comfortable, and their Hotel worthy of support.

The family rooms of this house are unsurpass-

extend the best accommodations to transient or still slaveholders? But the same constituresident families.

The present proprieiors include the hope that they will, if they merit it, receive a just proportion of the public patronage, for which they pledge their best exertions.

Nov. 7, 1846.

16tf

O COUNTRY MERCHANTS.-Just re-

ceived, direct from the potteries, 100 pack-ages of Queensware, consisting of the Scinds Flowring Blue Dining Tea and Toilet Ware

Blue raised, fig'd, blue Corinth, and white, a la Perle, Dining and Tea Ware; China Dishes, Bakers, Twifflers, Muffins, Jugs Bowls, Ewers and Basins, Tea Ware and

Edged Dishes, Bakers, Twillers and Muffins; C. C. do do do do do Nappies, Bowles, Jugs, Plain and Verona Teas, Ewers and Basins, and Chambers; Painted, plain and Veronn Teas; For sale by O. ALDRICH, Agent, For sale by O. ALD Cincinnati, May 16, 146

GRAIN SHOVELS.—50 doz Nelson and Morgan's Grain Shovels, for sale by TYLER DAVIDSON & CO. 126 Main st, 3 doors above Commerc'l Bank: Cin., Sep. 26, 1846.

PRESERVING KETTLES .- Enameled ticis tles of various sizes, an excellent ar for preserving, for sale low by
J. K OGDEN & CO

No 162 Main st, sign of the Old Padlock. Cincinnati, Sep. 26, 1846. John W. Applegate,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, OTARY PUBLIC, and Commissioner to take Depositions, the Acknowledgements of Deeds, Mortgages, Powers of Attorney, etc., for the following States, Kentucky, Illinos and Missouri.

Office north east corner of Fourth and Wal aut streets, Cincinnati, Obio. Dec. 26, 1846 23-ly.

For the Register.

Some Views on Emancipation, We deny that in the present condition of our country it is desirable that Kentuccy should be otherwise than a stave-hold ng State; but if this were not so, yet the obvious and utter impracticability of abolishing slavery, deprives those who pretend to advocate such measures of all pretence to honesty of purpose, and brands them as | ter, a resident of that place: either fanatical desperados or secret and wily opposers of a Convention.

The number of slaves in our State is are they to be paid for? How is this fiftyeight millions of dollars to be raised! Do you propose to wrest them from their masters without consent or consideration?-What will you do with the blacks? Turn them loose among us, or send them away? Where-how? What are your means?

These interrogatories must be satisfactothey never can be) before the thing is at

Why should we, whilst the States east, west and south of us, our natural and peculiar friends and allies, hold slaves, attempt to withdraw from fraternizing with them, to unite our destinies with foreigners and strangers.

Is there any thing in the circumstances and condition of the inhabitant of a free State, that should cause a Kentuckian to envy him? Is he our superior in intelligence, virtue or manliness! Is he surrounded by more hospitable, amiable and respectable society! In fine, are not the elements of human enjoyment as ahundant, and the sum of human happiness as great in Kentucky as in any free State! We are et guard detailed, who were posted all seem to be so deeply troubled about our into camp every thing in the shape of a welfare, to give themselves no pain; we human being they might see. Profound shall try to take care of ourselves and pursue our notions of happiness.

Whilst these gentry can see nothing beyond a superabounding population of motley and heterogenious, and may be, squal-lid inhabitants, incressant labor and toil, railroads, canals and State debts, worth living for, we beg of them to let us enjoy our hills and dales, our homes, firesides and independence, in peace and quietness .permanent relief, and it is perhaps the only ar- What constitutes the happiness of a people! Numbers! Surely not! else go to famished Ireland and suffering France. Where there is most people there is most misery, and we might say the worst kind of slavery.

If by some mad measure of abolition, present or prospective, we should drive out our now respectable and worthy population of slave owners, would their places be filled by a more christian, intelligent and useful community, or would it not be with the outpourings of Europe and other to Monterey with ten of his men foreign dominions? Sir, we love our native State, but should fly from its green pastures, sweet streams and beautiful woods if ever its soil becomes so desecra-

We know the abolitionists have no power to wrest the slave from his master; and INTER LARD OIL.—No. I Winter Land Oil, in good shipping order, This Oil will burn all night equal to Sperm. For sale by THOMAS EMERY,

But alus! whilst its flight would not lessen. But alas! whilst its flight would not lessen the amount of misery and slavery in the world, it would greatly increase our own and impair our enjoyment and well being, by removing from amongst us the most estimable of our citizens and filling their places with such as we have no affinities for, Indeed, these emancipationists do not propose to ameliorate the condition of the blacks. It is, they say, from considerations to the whites, that they are induced to attempt the removal of what they are pleased to term the manbus of slavery,

Now we look upon these fellows as being themselves the greatest inculus that repose of society; and they could not do ours a greater service than by forthwith re-

such laws have accordingly been enacted. Now ye croakers who teach that slavery is a grievous wrong, why does not your practice conform to your precepts. Abolition, gradual or immediate, is practicable with your individual selves. Why are you tion also provides that no laws shall be passed for the emancipation of slaves without their owners, consent, nor without first paying them the full value of the slaves to be emancipated.

The abrogation of this provision would not only expel from our Commonwealth many of her best citizens, but it would cause the sale and removal of nearly all her blacks-operating a mere change of venue as to slavery; but decidedly prejudicial, inasmuch as we hold that the slave is better off in Kentucky than he is likely to be elsewhere.

In view of the whole subject in all its bearings, we are satisfied that no change in this feature of the Constitution is practica-bly desirable. BOONE.

Fatal effects of Intemperance.

ful duty. The body of a man was found in Boston Township, in the woods, who had evidently frozen to death. The Corvicinity—that he had wandered into the was thought we would have another woods, and completely overcome by the fight. Intelligence had been received to on them, They then began to disperse, was put down by a vate of \$3 to 102. Now, was put down by a vate of \$3 to 102. Now, was put down by a vate of \$3 to 102. Now, was put down by a vate of \$3 to 102. Now, and was put down by a vate of \$3 to 102. Now, to 102. N

news, will nevertheles be read with a livea member of Captain Sнаwнам's company and the letter was addressed to his sis-

Monterey, January 3, 1847 My DEAR SISTER: You will probably be but greatly increased in the next 20, 40, 60 or 100 years. Now will the emancipator answer us a few questions? What is your process of emancipation? Shall all be liberated at once; if not, at what times? How are they to be a continually; and with very little trouble it may be conveyed through the trouble it may be conveyed through the trouble it may be conveyed through the distribution of the difference of the trouble it may be conveyed through the fortifications and the last gained possession of, is situated in the eastern part of the water for any purpose.

When we reached Monterey we found that Gen Tauler the that Gen Tauler that Gen Tauler they to be reconstructed at the trouble it may be conveyed through the fortifications.

The Black Fort, the strongest of all these trouble it may be conveyed through the distribution of the difference of the attempted to trouble it may be conveyed through the fortifications and the last gained possession of, is situated in the eastern part of the water for any purpose.

When we reached Monterey we found that Gen Tauler the trouble it may be conveyed through the fortifications.

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When we reached Monterey we found that Gen Tauler the trouble it may be conveyed through the fortifications.

When we reached Monterey we found the last gained possession of the difference of the difference of the attention to the convergence of the attention to the conver erated at once; if not, at what times? How this as interesting as possible in order to are they to be paid for? How is this fifty do which, it will be necessary to give you a detail of all that has transpired since my

In the first place, instead of beginning with a description of Monterey I will return to Camargo and relate some incidents connected with our stay there, As you are aware, we left our camp four miles berily answered and disposed of (and this low Camargo, on the Rio Grande, and encamped just opposite to that place, on the San Juan, five miles from its junction with the Rio Grande, We laid there in a state of complete inactivity for several weeks hen we were at once awakened from on lathargy by a rumor that Canales, a notorious robber, a traitor to the cause of Texian liberty, and a renegade from justice was within a few miles of camp and contemplated an attack upon it. Of course there was a good deal of alarm manifested, both by officers and men. Every precaution was taken, necessary to ensure suc cess in case of an attack, and every means resorted to, to find out the enemy's retreat. One night about midnight or after, we were all awakened from our sleep and or dered to headquarters, where our arms were inspected and cartridges distributed. The guard was doubled and an extra pickinclined to think so; and thinking so, we round the camp at the distance of probabeseech those philanthropic gentlemen who bly a mile, with orders to take and bring silence was then commanded; the guard fires all put out, &c. In short, every thing was in a short time prepared for a warm day, however, and for several succeeding ones, scouting parties were sent out with Mexican they saw, and to search the ran-chos for concealed arms. The consequence was that a few miserable vagabond Mexicans were brought into camp as prisoners of war, and any quantity of old

y thing had become still and quiet again,

guard to a train of pack niules, sent an exress back to Co. Marshall with a requisi tion for more men; that he was cut off and not allowed to proceed; that a band of robpers were lying in wait for him about ten scription. miles ahead, and that without a stronger force it would be madness to attempt to go on. Col. Marshall, in consequence, got an order from Brigadjer General Thom, for pierce the very heavens. They arose to ding ours, were to be ready to march withn an hour. It took us about four however. 10 o'clock next day, when we came up tions frequently break out in the Gordileras with the Lieut, and his gallant little band, mountains, burn a few days and then very safely ensconsed in a ranch, distant cease. From there to Monterey we met about 80 miles from Camargo. Our horses with nothing more of interest. as well as ourselves, being worn out with the long march, were permitted to rest the perfect elysium. Situated in a rich valley remainder of the day and till about 11 or and surrounded by magnitains upon eyery remainder of the day and till about 11 or 12 the next day, when we took up our side. It possesses the advantages of the march again, every gun loaded and every ever sat upon the breast and annoyed the sword as bright as a dollar. The road being very wide and plain we marched in platoons, ready for action as soon as we might see the enemy who, as the Lieut. orders to bring in every man they saw .-with the robders or any one who seemed at all suspicious; the next day, however,

The following letter, though quite long, next day the whole regiment took up the to that portion of the city to see the rava- jority. The conduct of these Locofocos in and bearing date too far back to be read as march, excepting our detachment, which ges of war, and was really astonished at defeating the Trish Relief Billy has was allowed to lay by until the day following, in order to rest que horses. We reach- ally torn to pieces with cannon shot; walls ly interest, as containing a finer descrip- ed here on the 28th of December, and aftion of the country than any we have seen. ter marching and standing about town for larger than my body cut down and uprootare the greatest enemies to the laboring The writer is a young man from Cynthiana, several hours, we were at length shown ed by the cannon shot. The bullet marks class that can be found under the canopy several hours, we were at long it shown are as thick as it is possible to conceive of heaven. Sons of Ireland, mark what We have plenty of room for ourselves and a fine lot for our horses, with a stream of pure water flowing through it. It is a fact nearly so. The places nost worthy of notice, that all the Mexican towns of any size have artificial channels to the first of the case the Mud Fort, which I have ment the warmest kind of feeling for you just on the source of an election. I gannot illust towns of any size have artheral channels in the last and Arista's Garden, all of which street, through which pure clear water flows continually; and with very little flows continually; and with very little fortifications and the last gained possession of all these fortifications and the last gained possession of acrite; he says:

could spare from the city and marched for sand as many times. There are called a Saltillo to join Builer, who had preceded him only a few days, so that you see we feet, commanding the whole city and every just in time to be too late for a show ery road leading to it. There is besides at Saltillo if there should be one. Gen. at Saltillo, if there should be one. Gen. Taylor instead of stapping at Saltillo, proceeded to Victoria, where it was said that 19 wide. This ditch they possessed the the Mexican army had stopped, and that facility within of filling with water in 15 they had attacked a small party of Dra- or 20 minutes. I think this fort was not goons and cut them to pieces. That, how- got possession of until after the capitulaever, seems to have been only one of the Our march from Camargo to Monterey

thousand rumors that get affoat in camp. was quite a pleasant one, being not too long and through a part of the country presenting an entirely different aspect from We passed through several towns of considerable size. The first, a ranch of some size, nine miles from Onmargo houses built principally of stacks and reeds, with road leading to or from it. The Bishop's thatched roofs. The inhabitants seem to Castle has been a most magnificent buildbe very poor. The next is Mier, a place of ing but is now in total ruins. It has four some note. It was there the decimation small towers and a kind of cupola. The or massacre of one in every ten of the Texian prisoners took place in the year ing been once a place of much beauty .-Houses are built of stone and plastered on the outside and whitewashed. It is distant 28 miles from Camargo, Next, we came to Pantaguida, a ranch of no important of no important of pantaguida, a ranch of no important of no importa Houses are built of stone and plastered on forage for our horses, which we had to pack six or eight inites to camp. Next, Seral- I ever saw. It is a perfect fairy land. In vo, a town somewhat larger than Mier. in front of the garden and occupying the miles from Monterey, between two ranges of the Cordilleras requntains. The finest at that particular time of day their sides

Lieutenant, The four companies, inclu- where they dispersed into clouds. Occacontinued without intermission until about fact, of which I was not aware, that emp-

Monterey is a paradise upon earth-a

purest limestone water and fresh mountain ir, which renders it as healthy as any pertion of Kentucky or of the United States. The mountain scenery is grand beyond de-The city is probably as large as scription. The Constitution of Kentucky provides said, was only about 10 or 11 miles in ad-that laws shall be passed to permit the vance of us. We sent out two scouting different plan. Houses are all or nearly so owners of slayes to emancipate them, and parties, one on each side of the road, with built a single story in height; very few are two stories, and I believe there are one or We marched on that day without meeting two three story buildings -- public buildings of course. The streets are very narrow, and the spaces which are not filled up with the scouts brought in several Mexicans houses are built up of strong stone walls, with arms, only one, of them, who looked or seemed at all suspicious. He was dress- whole looks like a solid wall. The houses ed in a kind of buckskin uniform, armed and walls are plastered and whitewashed with a rifle, sword and holster pistols, and alike. The houses all look cool and pleas was recognized by the other Mexicans and ant; the floors are made of a kind of ce those of the ranch at which we encamped, ment, something similar to the hydraulic as the leader of a band of thieves who in- lime, and are very smooth and hard, lookas the leader of a band of thieves who infested the neighborhood. The next day
we left the Lieut and turned towards Camargo, through the country, a different
route from the one we came. We took in
our route several ranchos of considerable
circa all of which we came the different
To walk over the town and see the different
To walk over the town and see the different
To walk over the town and see the different
To walk over the town and see the different size, all of which we searched for arms. To walk over the town and see the differ-This searching for arms is a sport the ent fartifications which were built for the soldiers, many of them, are very fond of, occasion, it seems the greatest miracle that as it gives them an opportunity to plunder it was ever taken. The walls around the the poor devils, which they carried, on this churches around the burying-grounds occasion, to the full extent, At China, a which are thick and strong; those along very beautiful town about 70 miles from the streets, and even the houses them-Camargo, after the search was completed selves, many of them were perforated at and the men all mounted and ready to intervals of 5 or 6 feet for port holes. It march, there came a complaint to Colonel would seem, from the preparations made, Field, who was in command, from the Al-The Coroner of our County was called on calde that the priest has been robbed of a to entice the Americans into the city and last Thursday, to perform a sad and mournful duty. The body of a man was found to the city and then fire upon them from behind their formula duty. The body of a man was found to the city and the country to the city and the upon the Col. caused a search to be made; tifications, and make clean work of it; but and there, publicly, in the plaza of the town, the whole detachment was searched, and opened upon them from a distance, and opened upon them from a distance, ner's Jury, on examination, found it to be each man separately and very particularly, with his artillery and bombs. On the 21st the body of Austin Devenport, aged 23, a The watch nor any thing else complained the battle commenced in the south-eastern fine looking, generous hearted young man, of was found, much to the credit of our part of the city near the mud fort, a strong in the very prime of life, with perhaps but little squad. Immediately after the search fortification. The Mississippi and Tenone great fault-the love of Liquor! He we took up our march, and in two more nessee volunteers being amongst the first had been missed about a week, and when days reached Camargo, after an absence of to open the fight. The mud fort was taken, with much loss of life; and from there last seen was trying to get liquor. A Jug eight days.

ken, with much loss of life; and from there instructing the committee of Ways and was found beside the body containing a On the day of our arrival an order had our cannons played upon them and kept instructing the committee of Ways and On the day of our arrival an order had our cannons played upon them and kept instructing the committee of Ways and quantity of whisky. It appears the whisky been issued for the whole regiment to their attention until Gen, Worth, with his had been stolen from a still-house in the march on the next day for Monterey, where division, marched around a large mountain vicinity—that he had wandered into the it was thought we would have another to the rear of the city, when he opened up-

the destruction of property, houses liter shown their hypocrisy to a letter. This

tification, which is about 15 feet deep and tion, when it was surrendered. Much damage, however, was dane and many Mexicans killed by the bombs thrown by Worth from the Bishop's Castle, after he had got possession of that place, which is situated upon the summit of a small mountain tain about 2 or 21 miles from the Black fort, and to the north-west of the city.— That too is a very strong fortification, commanding the whole city as well as every Mud Fort I cannot say so much about as it n prisoners took place in the year is now in total ruins, scarcely one stone Mier is a place probably as large as of it upon another. The Cathedral is near ynthiana, and bears some marks of have the centre of the town, and is enclosed within a high and strong wall, from be-hind which the Mexicans did some firing. This is certainly the most magnificent buil-

beautiful and interesting place of the kind

The Kentucky Infantry were stationed whole front upon the street is a main builthere for some time. Next, Marine, a ding, consisting of four large salogue. In reception of the foe. The foe, however, there for some time. Next, Marine, a ding, consisting of four large salous. In did not come, nor was he probably within place much larger and more imposing than the rear of this is the flower garden, around the rear of which are stone hearing on higher ground, each square of which are stone hearing or a thousand miles of Canjargo. The next any we had seen, being on higher ground. each square of which are stone benches for These towns all look as though they were the pot flowers, and also canals hewn out ones, scouting parties were sent out with or sold stone through which pure clear orders to take every suspicious looking Mexican they saw, and to search the ran
deserted. There is little or no business of solid stone through which pure clear water flows continually. Within these descent the ran
deserted on, and the doors and windows water flows continually. Within these are all closed. Marine is distant about 26 squares are flowers of ever variety and description. These ganals are fed large fountain in the centre of the garden, which throws the water to the height of 15 or 20 feet. They are also full of little muskets, scopets, pistols and butcher-knives, which looked like they had not seen service in a thougand years.

Some few days after all this, when every thing had become still and anisonal seen service in a control of the summit of a small mountain, quer which the road passes. The sun was just sinking below the mountains in the west, and their a clear golden light many had become still and anisonal state. and threw a clear golden light upon Ma- tion and variety of tropical fruit. Beautiry thing had become still and quiet again, there was another repert of robbers, which caused some alarm and a good deal of excitement. Lieut, Woodruff, who had gone to Monterey with ten of his men as a the seans alead of us. The mountains houses, in which are beautiful fountains the scans ahead of us. The mountains about Monterey are much higher and more and statues finely moulded, one of which rugged than those we had just passed, and represents Jupiter's cup-bearer pouring out at that particular time of day their sides neetar for the old god, who receives it into looked black and frowning beyond de- a large bowl which, overflowing, sprinkles a delightful shower upon a circular bed of In the distance the smoke of two voica- flowers, and which can be shut off at pleanoes, which had recently broken out, arose sure. The fruit in this garden is the finest in dense black columns, which seemed to I ever saw. Tell ____ that the game granate is cultivated to perfection, and is four companies to march to the relief of the such a height that it was impossible to see a most delightful fruit; oranges, lemons, where they dispersed into clouds. Occa- limes, figs and grapes in the greatest abun-signally I fancied that I could see the flakes dance. The walks in this part of the garof flame as it issued from the crater, but den are all overhung with grape vines, in an hour. It took us about four nowever.

All things being ready we took up our the distance was so great that I doubt now forming one continuous shade. Large march about 4 o'clock in the evening and whether I was right in my fancy. It is a clusters of grapes, the richest and largest continued without intermission until about fact, of which I was not aware, that erup-I ever saw, hang within reach, seeming to invite you to partake. At the corners of mountains, burn a few days and then all the squares are marble statues of some god or goddess. Some are holding in their extended hands boquets of rare flowers; others, cups filled with pure water, as if inviting the passer to drink. In the rear of this is the vegetable garden, out of which I purchased a mess of peas from one of the little fellows who always attended visitors through the garden. This garden is enclosed within a strong and high wall, from behind which the Mexicans did some fighting, but were soon silenced by a bomb or two thrown from the Bishqu's Castle, by

Oranges are cultivated here more extensively than any other fruit. Strange to say that I am completely tired of all these luxuries and long for an old-fashioned Kentucky apple-a good pippin; I would gladly give a dollar for one, a great deal more willingly than I now give a picayune for a dozen granges,

From the Cincinnati Gazette. Boor Distressed Ireland.
Messrs. Editors: The sons of Ireland can now see who their true friends are when called upon in time of need. There is no mistake in this matter; the friend; and the enemies of the oppressed are now placed before the world in as clear light as mid-day can make them. Mr. J. J. Crittenden, of Kentucky, a rnorough coing Whic-a Senator in the United States Congress-introduced a bill for appropriating \$500,000 for the relief of Ireland, and after a severe struggle, and a long speech from Mr. Niles, a Locofoco Senator from Connecticut, in opposition to it, the bil finally passed the Senate. Said bill was sent down to the House, and placed in the hands of the committee of Ways and Means. As soon however, as it came to the House, Mr. B. C. Winthrop, from Massachusetts, (a truer Whig never lived,) introduced a resolution calling on the said committee to report to the House the "Irish Relief Bill," and this resolution was pu down, by a most decided vote. And there it lay until just at the close of the session, when Mr, Charles H. Garroll, of New York, another true blue Whie, was not satisfied with the contemptible manner in which the bill was treated, he, as a friend to the sufferers, offered a resolution

is not the first time I have seen it in them. the eve of an election. I cannot illus:

"Honey in his mouth, Words of milk, Gall fills his heart, And fraud are his acts."

Ex-Senator Morehead.

The New York Tribune of 1st inst., in an article on the Whig Senators, whose term of service expired with the closing day of the late session of Congress, and who now retire from the Senate, makes the following just and appropriate reference to Mr. Morehead of Kentucky:

"James T. Morehead was never in Congress until he took his seat in the Senate, with those above mentioned, at the opens ing of the Extra Session of eighteen hundred & forty one; but he had previously been elected Lieut. Governor of Kentucky. He is a tall, grave, plain, spare, dark, thought; ful man of some fifty years of age, proba-bly a lawyer by profession but more like a planter in appearance—one who would be recognized at a glance as eminent for honesty, truth and sound judgment. Mr. Morehead seldom addresses the Senate but always impressively, and there are few men in it who labor more earnestly or sug: cessfully to be thoroughly informed on eva ery public question, so as to vote exactly and uniformly right. The more brilliant and versatile talents of his eminent colleague, Mr. Grittenden, have tended to obscure his merits, but the Nation loses no sounder or truer man from her Councils at the close of the XXIXth Congress.!!

The Vanzaudt Case,

The suit of Wharton Jones vs. Vanzands for aiding in the escape of the plaintiff's slaves which was tried in this city some two years since, has lately been desided in the Supreme Court of the United States, Justices Taney, McLean, Wayne, Nelson Woodbury and Grier, on the bench, verdict in the Circuit Court was for the plaintiff, whereupon a nigtion in arrest of udgment was interposed, raising several objections to the sufficiency of the declara tion. This motion was fully argued before the Circuit, but the judges of that Gourt not concurring in opinion, the division was certified up to the Supreme Court for decision, The Supreme Court after full argument decide that the declaration is sufficient and that the motion in arrest must be over-ruled. The Gourt affirm all the points decided by Judge McLean in the progress of the trial on which the virdiet for the plain: tiff was rendered .- Cin. Gaz.

The following is Santa Anna's address te his troops:

The General-im-Chief of the Army of Op,

erglion of the North to his Subordinates: Companions in arms! The operations of the enemy demand that we should move precipitately upon his principal line. and we go to execute it. The indepen-dence, the honor and the destiny of the iation depend at this moment on your des

cision.

Soldiers! the entire world observes us, and will expect our acts to be as heroic a hey are necessary. Privations of all finds surround us in consequence of the reglect shown towards us for more than a month by those who should provide your pay and provisions. But when has misery debilitated your spirits or weakened your enthusjasm.

The Mexican soldier is well known for his frugality and patience under saffering never wanting magazines in marches across deserts-and always counting upon the resources of the enemy to provide for his wants.

To-day we shall undertake a march over a desert country, without succor or grovisions. But be assured that we shall immediately be provided from those of the enemy, and with them you will be sufficiently reimbursed, My friends-we go to open the cam-

paign. What days of glory await us What a flattering future for our country How satisfactory, when we contemplate that we have saved its independence. How the world will admire us! How the nation will bless us! And when in the bosoms of our families we shall relate the risks and fatigues which we have endured, the combats with and triumphs over a daring and presumptuous enemy; and hereafter, when telling our children that we have saved our country a second time, the jubilee will be complete, and these sacrifices will then appear to us as nothe

ing.
Soldiers: harry forth in the defence of your country. The cause we sustain is a holy one; never have we struggled with more justice, because we fight for the honor and religion of our wives and children What sacrifice, then, can be too great for objects so dear! Let our motto be. !: CON. QUER OR DIE!" Let us swear before the great Eternal that we will not wait an ing stant in purging our soil of the stranger who has dared to profane it with his pres ence. No treaty, nothing, which may not be hergic and proud.

Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna. Headquarters, S. Luis Potosi, Jan. 27, 1847

The "Union" tells an anecdote of Gen. Jackson which is perfectly characteristic. "When" says the Union, "Chief Justice Taney administered the gath of office to President Van Buren, Gen. Jackson stand. ing by, remarked, with his characteristic knowledge of the American neople, There Means to reportforthwith to the House the is MY Chief Justice, rejected by the Senir hish Relief Bill." This the democratic services in as President MY Minister cy (!!) would not stand, and by them it to England likewise rejected by that conSATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1847.

Major Gaines and Capt. Clay. A very silly paragraph has got into some of the newspapers, stating that Major GAINES and Capt. CLAY, and their comrades in arms, captured by the Mexican cavalry under Gen. Minon, had risen upon their guard and attempted to make their escape, and had, in consequence of that attempt, all been massacred. This idle report, for which we do not believe there is the slightest foundation, was made to assume the appearance of probability at least, by a paper at Lawrenceburgh, Ind., publishing on Saturday last an extract of a letter from its Monterey correspondent. dated the 12th of February, which the Editor stated was the latest date from that

The Editor of that paper had failed to note the fact, that General Wm. O. Butler, who reached his residence on Wednesday of last week, left Monterey on the 13th .-The report was not believed at Monterey when he left. No information from them having been received at Monterey, later than that brought by Capt. Henry, who made his escape on Major Gaines' horse.

We have no doubt the report after it was made to assume an appearance of probability, has caused great uneasiness with the relatives and friends of those gentlemen, but we can safely venture to say to them, that they can dismiss all fears on that score. They are no doubt all safe, and will be treated as prisoners of war; and are in reality safer than in our own

Literary Notice.

On Tuesday next the 23d inst., at the Methodist Church, will be held a public; examination of the Covington Classical Seminary, and in the evening of the same the Students of the Seminary. Citizens of the place and vicinity, are invited to be present.

A writer in the Maysville Eagle, recommends Manlius V. Thompson, as a candidate for Governor, in 1848. The Whigs of rors, and to repeal certain slave laws." Scott county, where Mr. Thompson resides and where he is of course well known, think that he is just the man they want to represent that District in the next Con-

GERMAN PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH. We learn that the members of this denomination of Christians are making an effort to build a Church in our city. As every thing of that kind adds not only the mun, &c., jurisdiction or cognizance of the appearance of the city, but greatly to its ries, under a certain act of Congress character and respectability, and as the passed February 12, 1793, entitled, "Ar number of that denomination is yet small, act respecting fugitives from justice, and it is hoped that the citizens generally will persons escaping from the service of their lend a helping hand.

We do not believe that the speech of Mr. Clay at the Irish Relief Meeting in New Orleans, has been published in a solitary Democratic paper in the United States. We have not seen it in any one of them In two years from now, they will all declare if it will benefit them any, that Mr. Clay was opposed to relief to Ireland, in any shape-either by the General or State Governments, or by individual subscrip-

Neither has any Democratic paper, so far as we have seen, published Mr. Crittenden's speech upon his proposition to appropriate half a million of dollars, of Government money, to the relief of Ireland. Why have they not done so? The answer can be easily given .- Mr. Crittenden may be the Whig candidate at the next election for President, and if any Democratic paper had published his speech, too many Irishmen might have seen who was the friend of their distressed countrymen, and who at the time of their greatest need. was willing to aid them.

A writer over the signature of W. in the Louisville Morning Courier, chides the people of Louisville for not having before this, made some movement in relation to the Rail Road from that city to Frankfort, a charter for which was granted at the late session of the Legislature. Perhaps the reason that the people in and about Louisville show so much indifference about the matter is, that they still entertain the opinions they entertained when the old company were trying to make the Road from Lexington to Louisville-that such a Road would be very injurious to Louisville.

"W" says that "Cincinnati has a charter for a road from Lexington to Covington, and she will as surely construct that road, as can be, if the citizens of Kentucky. do not arouse themselves and be doing."

We must acknowledge ourselves somewhat enlightened by the foregoing paragraph. We had supposed that the people of Lexington, and Covington, and all ians. But it seems we have been mistaand that our Road will be made first. We an aggression against Mexico. do not know what part the people of Cincinnati intend to take in it; but should suppose as they rejected our proposition to unite with them and make a Bridge over the Ohio River, that they rather prefer being to themselves, to which we have no sort of objection. Kentucky does more for Cincinnati, than Cincinnati does for Kentucky. The remark will apply to Covington more especially.

General Benton and Colonel Polk The reader will find in to-days Register a singular correspondence between those wo worthies, and cannot fail, we the think, style of the Colonel. It really seems to us, that if any thing had been wanting to fill the measure of our country's degradation to overflowing, it has been furnished the party to utter a word in defence of the conduct of Mr. Polk in attempting to the responsibility, and give him the applace Thos. H. Benton at the head of the

If Mr. Polk had placed Thomas H. Benton in command of the army, with power to settle the preliminaries of peace, shortly after he made the declaration in the Senate, that any attempt by the Government of the United States to take possession o the country between the Nueces and the Rio Grande, would be a direct aggression against Mexico, we are free to admit, the appointment would have been a good one. It would at least, have saved the country from a war.

Cabbage Plants.

This is the proper season for sowing seed to make plants for fall, and winter use. We have frequently heard complaints of the fly destroying the plants when very young. To guard against that, the seed should be sown in a bed on the west side of a house, or high plank fence. After the seed is sown, the bed should be lightly beat down with the back of a spade -treading with the feet would generally make it too hard. If the weather should be cool and dry about the time the plants come up, sprinkle the bed well with a sprinkling pot, once or twice a week, and the fly will never interrupt the plants.

Penusylvania-Slavery.

At the late session, the Legislature of day, there will be a public exhibition, by Pennsylvania passed an act in relation to fugitive slaves, entitled "An act to prevent kidnapping, to preserve the public peace, and to prohibit the exercise of certain powers heretofore exercised by Judges, The following is a summary of the provisions of this law:

Section 1 makes it highly penal to carry off from that State any free negro, with the intention to sell, or cause to be sold, or of keeping, or causing to be kept, as a slave Section 2 prohibits, by a heavy penalty the transfer of any free negro, for the pur

pose of removing him from the State. Section 3 takes away from all Judges of the courts of the Commonwealth, Alder masters;" or any other act of Congress.

Section 4 makes it highly penal for any person claiming any negro or mulatto, as a fugitive from servitude or labor, to violently and tumultuouslyly seize upon and carry away to any place, or attempt to seize respect, a copy of the following letters, ly and tumultuouslyly seize upon and carto disturb or endanger the public peace, any negro or mulatto within the Common wealth, either with or without the inten tion of taking such negro or mulatto before any district or circuit Judge.

Section 5 secures the inviolability of ha beas corpus.

Section 6 has relation to the duty of jai lors, who are prohibited from holding in prison any persons claimed as fugitives. except as under the provisions of this act. Section 7 repeals the existing act, which authorizes the masters or owners of slaves to bring and retain such slaves within the Common wealth for the period of six months in invluntary servitude, or for any period of time whatsoever, and so much of said act as prevents a slave from giving testimony against any person whatspever. Section 8 repeals all existing acts incom

Under this law no man could ever reclaim a slave that had escaped into Penn sylvania without incurring the penalty inflicted by section 4; for any attempt to those opposed to the slave being taken away thought fit to cause it, and that they would always do.

Gen. LESLIE COMBS declines being a Candidate for Congress in the Fayette District. The Candidates in the District are George ROBERTSON, MANLIUS V. THOMSON, and CHARLES S. MOREHEAD, Whigs, and S. F. J. TRABUE, Native American.

Col. FRANCIS PEYTON, at present a Senator in the State Legislature from Breckinridge County, has been announced as a Candidate for Congress in the 2nd District, now represented by John H. M'HENRY, who is like wise a Candidate for re-election. They are both Whigs good and true, and only military position which I could hold should both continue on the track until after the election, a Democrat will be apt to represent the District in the next Congress.

From the unqualified declaration of Tho. H. Benton, made in the United States Senthe intermediate country, were Kentuck- ate, in 1844, that any attempt on the part ling to make the sacrifices, and to incur of the United States to take possession of the responsibility of the high command: ken. Those only between Lexington and the country between the Nuesces and the I leave it to you, sir, for your free and final given 21,340 men, not including the force Louisville and at Louisville are Kentuck- Rio Grande, would be a direct aggression inns. We in this section, are Buckeyes, against Mexico, and the extraordinary ef-Like oziers, or perhaps some kind of wild forts used by Mr. Polk to place him at the that has passed. animals. We think we can safely say to head of our military forces, with authority W, that more real Kentuckians will be at the same time to enter into a negotiabenefitted by the construction of a Rail tion for peace, we are irresistibly forced to Road from Lexington to Covington, than the conclusion that Mr. Polk himself has ate for its instant and unanimous confirmby that of one from Louisville to Frankfort, become satisfied that we have committed ation of it, nor to the House of Represen-

> THE NEW REGIMANTS .- By an order from Adjutant General, Cincinnati is to be the Headquarters of the Regiment to be raised in Ohio under the Ten Regiment Eill, to be commanded by Col. GEO. W. MORGAN; and Newport is to be the Headquarters of the regiment to be raised in Kentucky. and to be commanded by Col. John W. TIBBATTS.

the 9th, to Mr. Polk, that he still had a lingering hope of getting the appointment of Commander-in-Cheif of our army in Mexto observe the haughty, dictatorial style of ico. He says, "I have written a note to the General, and the fawning, cringing the Adjutant General, to be delivered at his office in the morning," &c; thus giving Mr. Polk one more night to reflect upon the irreparable loss the country would sustain by not having so great a General as he at in this correspondence, and that it would the head of our military affairs; or that he be difficult even for the most abject tool of might "on further reflection," or consultation with his Cabinet, determine to 'take

point at all hazards.

Whig Meeting in Scott. The Whigs of Scott county held a meetng at the Court House, in Georgetown, on Monday the 15th inst., to appoint delegates to a proposed convention for the Congressional District, to be held in Lexngton on Monday the 5th day of May.

The following preamble and resolutions

were adopted at the meeting. Whereas, The Whigs of the Union have right to demand of their brethren of the Ashland District," the election of a true and faithful representative to the 30th Congress; and whereas, defeat would not only cover us with disgrace and infamy, but might secure to our adversaries a majority in our national Legislature for the ensuing two years; and whereas, the he presence of a wily and powerful enemy, will inevitably bring defeat and dis-

grace upon our arms. Therefore, Be it resolved, That the Whigs of old Scott have not forgotten the motto inscribed upon their triumphant flag in 1840

"The union of the Whigs for the sake of the Union."

Resolved, That we recommend a Convention to be held in Lexington on Wednesday, the 5th day of May next, to select a suitable candidate to represent us in the next Congress. Resolved, That the Whigs of Scott will

east their 850 votes for the nominee of that Convention.

Resolved, That while we acknowledge the very high merit of the other candi dates, we express a decided preference LIUS V. THOMSON. A Whig! who has battled long and well in the ranks. A Whig! unflinching, unwavering, and unsuspect ed at all times and under all circumstances. A Whig who, true to himself and true to Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Ju- his party, will never, for the sake of personal advancement, bring defeat upon the cause. A Whig, who, though he has in-curred the hatred of his opponents by his unflinching advocacy of correct principles, has yet secured a place in the Whig heart of Old Scott at least.

Be it resolved, That we have observed with great pleasure the conduct of our late gallant and talented representative, the Hon. GARRETT DAVIS, and welcome him home with "well done thou good and faithful servant."

> From the National Intelligencer. Important Correspondence.

The following important correspondence between Senator BENTON, and the President of the United States having become public in the course of yesterday, we are enabled to present it to our readers:

WASHINGTON CITY, March 10, 1847. Major General in the army. Respectfully, sir, your obedient servit,

THOS. H. BENTON. To the Hon. Mr. of the U.S. Sen.

Letter from Mr. Benton to the President.

Washington, March 6, 1847. SIR:-Without waiting for the formality of being presented with the commission of Major General in the army of the United States, I think it right to inform you at once that my acceptance or refusal of that high appointment will depend entirely upon public and national considerations, of which, you yourself, will be judge Personally, I can have no wish for this office; but if you believe that I can be of service to the country, I am willing to forego all private considerations-separate myself from my family, under painful circumstances; resign my place in the Senate, which is so dear to me-and proceed immediately to the theatre of war. My only stipulation would be for the power which I deem necessary to success; and these would rescue a slave would produce tumult, if be both military and diplomatic—the command of the army and authority to sign preliminaries of peace, based upon terms previously approved by you.

I beg you to believe, sir, that nothing selfish or personal dictates this proposed stipu-lation. There is no such thing in it. It proceeds from a thorough conviction that, with a subordinate command. I could do no good in the army: on the contrary, that my presence there would be improper and mischiev ous: for I am known, from my public speech-

and present commander-the defensive policy of the one, and the San Juan of Illon attack of the other; and this being known, my presence would operate as an implied censure on the two generals, and night make me, in spite of myself, the nucleus of discontent and insubordination .-The command of the army, therefore, is the

Authority to conclude a peace, or at least to sign the preliminaries of peace, I deem highly essential to success, as it would enable the commander-in-chief to take instant advantage of all passing events, mil

itary or political, to close the war. Furnished with these powers, I am wildecision: considering it as a national question, and a new one, on which there is no Minon and Juvira. commitment, on either side, in any thing

Whatever may be the decision. my thanks and gratitude will not be the less to about one third of the way from San Luis you for your unsolicited nomination of me to this high appointment, nor to the Sentatives for its three times virtual election of me to be commander-in-Chief of the army in Mexico.

Respectfully, sir, your friend and fellowcitizen. THOS. H. BENTON. TO THE PRESIDENT.

The President to Mr. Benton.

WASHINGTON, March 9, 1847. Sin: I have given to your letter of the 6th inst., the consideration which its im- ter Forward, Capt. Nones, a large mail portance demands. In tendering to you was yesterday received from Anton Lizar-the appointment of Major General in the do. Our own letters come down to the 28th army, I earnestly desired that the country February, on which day a norther prevailed

ability and military knowledge, your intimate acquaintance with the Mexican character, and your familiarity with their language and political condition.

Immediately after your nomination as Major General had been unanimously confirmed by the Senate, I carefully examined the question whether I possessed the power to designate you—a junior Major ed immediately to Mexico. He returned General—to the chief command of the army in the field.

The result of this examination is, I am constrained to say, a settled conviction on my mind, that such power has not been conferred upon me by the existing laws. I am fully sensible of the exalted patriotism which could alone have induced you to make the personal sacrifices to which you would be subjected in assuming ever the chief command of the army in Mexico, and I duly appreciate the reasons you have assigned, and which may, I fear, prevent you from accepting your appointment as Major General If, on further reflection,

such should be your decision, I shall learn it with deep regret.

I am, sir, with high consideration, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAMES K. POLK.
To Major General Thomas H. Benton Washington.

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY EVENING,

March 9, 1847. Sin: Your letter of this day's date is its received; and seeing no reason for further officering the army, I have written a note at his office in the morning, declining to accept the appoitment of Major General in the army, so kindly offered to me by you, and so honorably confimed by the Senate I have the honor to be, sir, with grea respect, your friend and fellow-citizen.

THOS. H. BENTON. TO THE PRESIDENT. [Here follows the note of Col. Benton to

the Adjutant General declining the office of Major General, and with it closes the farce, for the present.]

Pennsylvania.

Gov. SHUNK, in the following noble message, recommends to the Legislature that the public works of the State b for our distinguished fellow citizen, MAN- thrown open for the transmission of provisions for Ireland. Of course the Legislature will instantly give effect to the recommendation. The canals of that State daughter of Mr. Reuben Case, of this city. are now in active operation: --

Gentlemen:-Every arrival from abroaadds horror to the story of the suffering of the people of Ireland. Pale famine, with Mr. Geo. Neal, in Jessamine county, Miss feeling is awakened-every heart throbs also ready." with sympathy, and every hand is ready to to an appeal from Ireland to us, resistless tier sons have been the champions ond wars of American Independence.

The Highlanders of Scotland, too, are represented as suffering for the want of of these countries! the genius of whose sons has shed light and science, and the nations the cold and withering hand of famine has stretched its desolations.

Realizing the ties of a common kindred -impelled by the charities of our nature and the holy spirit of religion, the people of these States are pouring out their abundance, for the relief of the sufferers; they are expressing the fullness of their gratitude to the great Giver of good; who has bountifully blessed their basket and their stores, by sending bread to lamishing men, womon and children.

Profoundly thankful that we have the means and are moved to enter upon this work of piety and benevolence. I recommend to the General Assembly the immediate passage of a law for the transit upon our public works to the sea board, free of all toll, of all breadstuffs and other provisions, which the kind hearts and open hands of our citizens are providing for the relief of those upon whom the hand of affliction is so heavily laid. FRS. R. SHUNK.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, February 22, 1847.

VERY LATE FROM MEXICO.

The Louisville Morning Courier of Thursday morning last, contains some interesting news from Mexico, which it derived from the New Orleans Picayune of the 9th inst.; as the Mail boat did not get es, to disapprove the plans, both of the late up until about 12 o'clock yesterday, we on him, and begs leave respectfully to inform have only time and room to give a short them, that he continues at his old stand on Fift summary of the news.

> A messenger from the United States, bearing despatches to the Mexican Government reached Vera Cruz on the 9th, and was to depart on the next day for the be purchased in Cincinnati. city of Mexico having been charged to deliver the despatches in person.

Nothing had transpired as to the nature of the desputches, save that they were es was Senor D. Alejandro Jose Atocha. Gen. Santa Anna took his departure from San Luis on the 2nd February, having under his command according to the accounts stationed at Tula nor the brigades of Gens.

When last heard of at the city of Mexico, he was at Matehuala, a town situated to Saltillo.

His army was said to be in a most destitute and miserable condition. Before leaving San Luis, he distributed 12 days pay to his soldiers, which was not sufficient to sustain them a week.

Nothing is said in the Vera Cruz papers of the evacuation of that place.

LATER .- The Picayune of the 10th contains the following:

By the arrival of the U. S. revenue cut-

It is evident from Mr. Benton's note of should have the benefit of your conceded which prevented the Forward from leaving before the 2d of March inst. The information which follows we derive exculsive ly from our letters and papers.

It appears that Senor Atocha, whose arrival at Vera Cruz, with despatches, we announced yesterday, went over there on the Forward from this city direct. He reached there on the 9th ult., and proceeded immediately to Mexico. He returned paired again immediately on board the Forward, and is now, we presume, on his way to Washington. It is not supposed he has accomplished much by his mission. The Mexicans had personal objections to him, and his reception by the authorities of Vera Cruz, and the people and Government of Mexico, was anything but cordial.

Our readers will learn with infinite been ordered to Perote, and that he is now confined in that gloomy prison. The latest accounts from Tampico,

which are to the 23d February, represent every thing in active movement towards Vera Cruz. We may expect news from that quarter in a few days as also from Sal-

night, contains two columns of additional military appointments. Those from Kentucky are as follows:-E. B. Gaither to be Captain, and John Merrifield and James J. reflection, and wishing to avoid all delay in Moore, to be Second Lieutenants of Dra-with scarcely any hope of help, he commenced with scarcely any hope of help, he commenced of Dra-officering the army. I have written a note goons. A. P. Churchill, Charles Wickliffe, using the Balsam of Wild Cherry, and in 12 E. A. Graves, and T. T. Garrard, to be weeks by the use of this Balsam, he was restor-captains; and George Davidson, Edward ed to health, and at the present time has not a present divided condition of our forces in to the Adjutant General, to be delivered E. A. Graves, and T. T. Garrard, to be Curd, P. H. Harris and J. C. Helm to be First Lieutenants; and Charles Vernon, B. B. Irvan, T. T. Hawkins, F. McMordie James M. Smith, and R. H. Garret, to be Second Lieutenants of Infantry.

The Major Generalship.

The Alexandria Gazette says:-it is rumored at Washington that Gen. Worth (now Major General, by brevel) will re-ceive the appointment of Major General, vice the Hon. Thomas H. Benton, declined. It is also said that the appointment was tendered to Senator Dix, and declined .- of Market Space and Scott street, for that pur These, however, are mere rumors, and pose until the 27th inst.

J. W. MENZIES, City Clerk. must be taken for what they are worth.

On Thursday evening, the 11th inst., by Rev. E. W. Schon, John A. Collins, Esq., of Cincinnati, to Miss LAURA G., eldes

On Friday 12th inst. at the residence of "the destruction that wasteth at noon- MARY MATILDA BARKLEY, in the 17th day" in its train, is upon them. The year of her age, daughter of Mr. James wailings of the afflicted are heard from Barkley, of Fleming county. "Blessed are afar, and every generous and humane the dead that die in the Lord" "Be ve

In Washington City on the 15th inst extend relief. In addition to the ordinary Mrs. EFFIE McARTHUR ALLEN, wife claims of misery, wherever may be its lo- of the Hon. Wm. Allen, Senator in Concation, there are considerations, which give gress from Ohio, and daughter of the late General McArthur.

In Maysville on the 10th inst. of a short of liberty, and their bones are bleaching illness, Mr. EDWARD COX, bookseller, upon every battlefield of the first and sec- and long a highly respectable citizen of Maysville.

In this city, on Thursday evening last ead. Who can withstand the claims after a short illness, Mr. TARLTON W. charms of poetry; and eloquence and of story, upon every country. Nations so dis- was a native of Harrison Country, Ky., and tinguished, whose sons and whose daugh-long enough to make many warm friends. ry away to any place, or attempt to seize respect, a copy of the following letters, and carry away in a riotous, violent, tu-which explain the circumstances under multuos and unreasonable manner, so as which I decline to accept the appointment to disturb or endanger the public peace any of Major General in the army buried at 3 o'clock on yesterday evening tirely for eash, at the lowest rates. with the honors and ceremonies of the

For Sale.

VALUABLE tract of Land in A VALUABLE tract of Land in Boone county, containing One Hundred Acres, about 18 miles from Covington, and within three juarters of a mile from the Turnpike Road -For further particulars enquire of JAMES SOUTHGATE. Covington, March 20, 1847.

For Sale.

TAVE or Six valuable young Negroes. En quire at this office. March 20, 1847.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES At Wholesale and Retail. J. B. CASEY,

AVING purchased out his late partners in the firm of J. B. Casey & Co, returns his thanks to the citizens of Covington and the adjacent country, for the very liberal encourage ment they have extended to the firm, and would respectfully inform them that he has now on hand a full supply of Dry Goods and Groce ries, at the old stand, south side of Marke Space, to which he will continue to make such additions as will keep his stock complete, and which he will sell at as low rates as can be ob tained in Cincinnati. Covington, March 20, 1847.

Covington Tin Shop. C. C. WOLF,

ETURNS his sincere thanks to the citizens of Covington and the adjacent country, for the very liberal petronage heretofore bestowed street, near the corner of Madison and Fifth where every description of work in his line wil be done in the best manner and on the most fa vorable terms. He can at all times furnish Cooking Stoves

of various patterns and sizes, as low as they can He hopes his old customers, and the citizen

generally, when they wish to purchase ANY THING in his line, will give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as he is determined to de as well by them as others can. All kinds of Tin and Copper Ware, Stove Pipe, &c., kept constantly on lorder upon short notice.
Covington, March 20, 1847.

Dissolution.

THIE partnership heretofore existing between

the undersigned was dissolved by mutua consent on the 4th inst. Persons indebted to the firm are requested to come forward and set tle their accounts without delay. The books and accounts will be kept at the old stand of the firm of J. B. Casey & Co.

JOHN B. CASEY. J. H. McGLASSON. WM. M. LEATHERS. Bovington, March 20, 1847.

RAIL ROAD MEETING

HE citizens of Covington are requested to meet in the City Hall and Statement ning next, at 7 o'clock, to take into consideration the subject of opening Books and carrying out the objects of the recent act authorizing the construction of the Licking Valley and Lexington Railroa . Several addresses may be expected on the occasion.

C. A. WITHERS, H. J. GROESBECK, JOHN MACKOY, G M. SOUTHGATE, OHN B. CASEY. J. K. McNI KLE. JOHN'S FINLEY Commissioners

March 18, 1847.

"CHEAP GOODS." WALKER & WINSTON.

Madison Street, one door below Sixth, Covington Kentucky,

ARE now receiving new and beautiful styles of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS suitable to the City or country trade, and of the latest SPRING and SUMMER patterns, which they will continue to sell, as heretofore, at the lowest Cincinnati prices.

Confining themselves strictly to a cash business, they will be enabled to sell Goods at an extremely small advance, believing in the old adage, "That a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling." CASH at all times paid for SEGARS and TOBACCO.

ALSO.—Bacon, Lard. Tallow Reseway, Ginseur, Feathers, & R.C. Call and server.

nilling." CASH at all times paid for SEGARS and TOBACCO.

ALSO.—Bacon, Lard. Tallow, Beeswax, Ginseng, Feathers, &c. &c. Call and see our Goods

March 13, 1847-34.

Consumption can be Cured.

Of all the cures that have ever been recor cine can furnish but few equal to this; which now stands a living proof of the curability of Consumption, even when life has been despaired in Foot's new building on Madison Street, op-posite Wm. Wasson's Store, which he will be of. Thomas Lochran-his person was pain that Passed Midshipman Rogers has with a violent cold, which produced a severe been ordered to Perote, and that he is now cold, and brought on an inflamation of the lungs. He had frequent pains in the chest, likewise in both sides, experienced much difficulty in breathing—had copious night sweats, and was subject to an occasional spitting of blood.

While in this situation he placed himself under a highly celebrated physician, under whose care he remained two months, but found his disease still growing worse. He then tried the Thompsonians, and persevered in the use of their remedies for ten weeks, without any relief. He next tried advertised remedies with no bet-More Appointments.

The Washington Union, of Thursday gradually until he took a fresh cold, he then commenced sinking fast, losing in a short period over thirty pounds in weight. He then tried the Homopathy system for three months, at the end of which time he was reduced to a mere skeleton. At this critical stage of his diseas symptom of the disease in any form.

Testimony.—We, the undersigned, having

been intimately connected with the above named Thomas Lochran, hereby certify this statement to be perfectly correct. GEORGE CURTISS.

JOHN MAXWELL.

See Advertisement NOTICE.

THE public is hereby notified, that the As sessor's Book of the City of Covington, for 817, has been lodged with the undersigned for the inspection of the citizens, and will remain in his office, in Greer's Buildings at the corner

Covington, March 8th, 1847.

Queens-Ware.

TE are just receiving a large and beautiful assortment of Queensware, direct from the East, to which we invite the attention of the City and Country trade.
WALKER & WINSTON, Madison st, one door above 6th.

FRESH ARRIVAL AT THE

NEW DRUG STORE, Madison Street, Junction of Turnpike COVINGTON, KY. BIRGE & CO. have now received, fresh from the Eastern Market, a large and complete

assortment of all articles in their line-consist ing of every description of Drugs and Medicines including all the rare Chemicals, Patent Medi Essential Oils, Perfumery, Glass-ware, Fancy Articles Paints, Oils, Varnish,

Dye Stuffs. Pure Wines & Liquor Saaps, &c. &c. Brushes, Suaps, &c. &c.
All of which have been selected and prepared with the utmost care. After long experience in the business, they offer to Physicians, Families and Dealers in general, both from City and ROLAND, about 50 years or age. He has Country, superior inducements for their patron-left a wife and several children to mourn age, in their ability to furnish them with the best possible articles of Medicines &c, at the

lowest cash prices.

We would, also, particularly call the attention of Painters and those in want of Paints and Oils, to our large and pure assortment, assuring them that all articles purchased of us will be found as recommended, and, as we buy en-Our medicinal preparations are carefully com-

pounded by a competent person from the choicest articles; and we can safely say to those in want of family medicines, that none but the pure and genuine will be dispensed. An unsurpassable stock of Perfumery and Fancy articles kept always on hand. As our personal attention is given to the bu-

siness in all its details, we have no hesitation n asking the confidence of the community. Medicines dispensed on Sundays and a ours of night. Covington, March 13, 1817,

For Sale or Rent. HE two story brick house on third Street west of Mudison, containing nine good

rooms. For particulars apply to
A. M. PAXTON.
Covington, March 13, 1847. 5w.-34.

Dissolution of Partnership. FILE partnership heretofore existing between the endersigned in the Baking-business is

this day dissolved by mutual consent. All per sons having claims against the firm will please present them to the first named of the underigned for payment, and those indebted will nake payment to him.

JOSEPH DAISLEY.

THOMAS BLACKBURN. Covington, Masch 1st., 1847-3t .- 33

will exchange a well built house and lot for

NOTICE.

win exchange a well built house and lot for an unimproved lot of good dimensions, in the city or adjoining the corporation of Covington. Apply to William York, at Cotton Factory, or No. 317 Main St. Cincinnati. Covington, March 6, 1847.-41-33. Take Notice.

HE subscribers would inform their friends and the public, that they have removed their Store to their New Building, corner of Scott and 4th streets, where they will, with pleasure, wait upon all those that may favor them with a call. GEDGE & BROTHERS.

N. B. Clover and Timothy Seed and Plough kent constantly on hand, together with a gener al assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Stoves and Grates, Iron, Castings &c. &c. which they will sell for Cash or exchange for Country Produce. G. & B. Covington, Feb. 6, 1847. 29 FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

IIE undersigned owns a most beautiful tract of land in Clarke County Missouri, containing Eight Hundred Acres; two hundred of when are heavily tunbered—the residue high, rich, and rolling prairie. About furty acres improved. Said land was entered by Isa-iah T. Hayman, of Newport, Ky, about eight years ago, and is considered one of the best en-tries made in the county. I will sell the above land at a "great bargain." and upon easy terms. or exchange it for Covington property. Any person wishing to engage in the stock business annot do better than to purchase this valuable tract of land. W. J. Covington, Jan. 16, 1847. 27-2m. W. J. BERRY.

ENTON LAND FOR SALE OR EX-CHANGE,-I will sell or exchange for improved property in Covington, from 200 to 400 acres of Land, in Kenton county, on Licking river, about 18 miles from Covington, ad-joining the lands of H. Roberts and Clark-son. The land fronts 480 poles on Licking river, well timbered, and of the best quality of Licking Bottom. A good and indisputable title Bread, Cakes, Confectionary, &c. will be made and a bargain be given if application be made immediately. For terms &c. apply to S. T. Wall, Esq., in Covington, or to the Aug. 8, 1846-3 of W. B. ROBERTS. The Cincinnati Weekly Gazette & German

Republican publish tf.

A. H JAMESON, M. Commissioner Feb. 10, 1817. A Valuable Farm for Sale. AM authorized by William Burnit, Esq., to sell his Form, containing 180 Acres of Land, situated in the Richwood Station. Boone county, Ky., 15 miles from the City of

For terms apply to the undersigned at his residence, eight miles from Covington on the Turn-pike, If the said farm is not privately disposed of before Wednesday; the 5th day of May next, it will on that day be offered on the premises, to

HE undersigned returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Covington, and its vicinity, for the very liberal patronage they have bestowed upon the late firm of Daisley and Blackbure, and hopes to merit a continuance of their favors. Having taken the whole business to himself, he has employed two of the best workmen the country affords to execute his work, which will enable him to keep constantly on hand. every description of

of the very best kind, which he will furnish at the lowest rates such articles can be obtained at either here or in Cin innati. He has a cac-riage always in realiness in teliver any articles

in his line in Covington or Cincinnati.

JOSEP 1. DAISLEY. Covington, March 1, 1847 .- 3m-33

age to each of his bouses.

ROBT. DUNLOP. Covington, March 6th, 1847.-6m.-33 COVINGTON STOVE STORE!!

NEW STORE.

THE subcriber has, in addition to his stock

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

eady and willing at all times to sell at a very

He still keeps at his old stand on Market

space, a well assorted Stock of Dry Goods and

Proceries, and Provisions of all descriptions, such as Flour, Corn Meal, Bacon, Lard, &c. &c.,

which he will sell on the most accommodating terms. He solicits a portion of public patron-

handsome assortment of

at his old stand on Market Space, opened

B. B. REYNOLDS. Hardware Dealer, and Agent for Stove Manufacturers, Market Space, Covington. EEPS a good assortment of Stoves, of the most approved patterns; which he will WARRANT, and sell as low as they can be bought in Cincinnati.

-ALSO-PLOUGIS, of the best kind, at manufac-turers' prices, and which may be returned, if they do not give entire satisfaction. Covington, Feb. 27, 1847 - 32-3t



RAND BALLOON ASCENSION. The patronage of the "BALLOON STORE" is daily increasing. This whole-sale House is receiving weekly new supplies of Gold and Silver Walches, Jewelry, Warch Tools and Materials, Dentist Files, Silver Ware,

Brass Clocks, &c. &c.
The wholesale Jewelers in the East, finding hat CLAYTON in Cincinnati, was not only competing in price, but even underselling them oon ferreled out the manufacturers who were supplying him with goods, and on discovering that they were the same men who, for several years, had been furnsihing the best houses in New York, demanded to know what right they had to grant him equal advantages with them; the answer was that Clayton purchased extensively, and also advanced them in every instance the cash when his orders were given; therefore. they had a right to treat him as they would the largest Wholesale Dealers in the United States.

Such advantageous buying of Goods, combined with the plan of selling altogether for Cash, will enable any man to sell for less than the amount that he would have to give for the like articles, were he buying on credit.

It was once the custom for tradesmen to meet together and to fix prices to the various leading articles in which they dealt, and to soleming promise not to sell below those rates; but that plan of conducting business did not work well; for it gave the dishonest man who would secretly break promise, an advantage over t orable tradesman. The present fashion is better, that is, to buy and sell cheau, and for each person to procure for himself as much busi-

ness as possible. The great secret of the astonishing success of this establishment, lies simply in its buying and selling cheap, and crediting no man. And the best evidence of its being what it professes to be, a "Cheap Store," is given by the business men themselves, who have boldly stated that Clayton is actually selling Watches and Jewelry for less money than what they can possibly be bought for, and that he intends no doubt soon to make a tremendous burst in business. This report has reached the Eastern Cities, and is beleved by three-fourths of the Jewellers. Ask for R. CLAYTON'S BALLOON STORE. COPPER

REAL ESTATE AGENCY, And General Intelligence Office.

of Sycamore and Second sts, Cincinnati.

Feb 27, [847. 32

HE undersigned tenders his services to the Citizens of Covington, and the Public in eneral, as agent for the purchase and sale of Real Estate and all matters connected with that Branch of Business. His office is in the Basement Room, corner of 4th & Garrard streets. where he will be found at all hours during the day.

ROBT. H. BALL. day. ROBT Covington, Feb. 27th 1847-32.

State of Kentucky, Kenton County. State of Neuron,,

Israel Ludlow's, Executors, Com

In Chancery

vs. Israel Ludlow's Devisees &c. Def N obeliance to a decree of the Kenton Cira cuit Court, rendered at the October term, 1846, in the above case, I hereby notify the Executors of the estate of Israel Ludlow, decensed, to produce to me in my office, corner of Scott street and Market Space, Covington, Ky., on or before the 5th day of April, 1847, proof as to the amount of the estate—real, personal and otherwise, of said deceased: and all creditors of said estate are required to make proof of their claims within the same time

Covington, and a short distance from the Covington and Lexington Turnpike Road. The Farm is well watered and abundantly supplied with timber. Those wishing to examine the land will call on Mr. Priest, living on the farm, who will show the lines, &c.

the highest bidder for cash THORNION TIMBERLAKE. Feb. 20, 1847. 31-7t.

BAKING, &c.

Correspondence of the Register. HERMIT'S RETREAT, Lexington, Ky.,

March, 8, 1847. FRIEND FINNELL.—We are getting along pretty much as usual. The regular course of spring fights commenced last week, two jumped on one and "cut his head" as the negroes say, the claret flowed freely, and the perpetrator of the "bloody dead," started off immediately and brought a doctor to dress the wound, thereby showing that it was not malice that prompted him to commit the rash act; but marely a desire to announce of the learned professions."

We had a meeting at the courthouse thi evening, the object of which was to raise some money for the relief of the suffering people of Ireland. I have not heard how much was raised, but am told that it was a sum of which we will not be ashamed when published. This fact speaks well for the character of our people, and shews that hesitatingly answer, we are not! in the midst of our striving for money, we

The canvass for Congress in this district has commenced in good earnest; three 'conservative whigh' are already on the track, one "Native American," and one been called on, by "Many Voters." as also another one of the "unterrified," who has responded to the call in rather a "noncommittal" style, not "desiring office, but at the same time expressing his willingness to lay aside "private considerations" pro bono publico.

Two of the graduates in the Law Class last week went out to settle an "affair of honor," but "sober second thought" in duced the challenger to "withdraw," and then the matter was referred to "arbitration" and I am "happy" to inform you that it has been settled in such a way as not to compromise the "honor of eithe party," so their "precious lives" are preserved for the "good of mankind." other matters we are quiet, but expect some "excitement" in the course of another week, when you shall again hear from THE HERMIT.

For the Register.

MR. Editor: An act was passed at the last session of our Legislature, to bring the subject of amending the Constitution of the State before the people. The passage of this act appears to have been demanded by a majority of the people. It appears to be the prevalent opinion among the majority of reflecting men, that there are many imperfections in our Constitution as it exists, and that it is high time that some decisive effort should be made to remove them.

opposition. There are two classes of opponents. The first are disposed to adhere to the Con titution as it now stands, for particular reasons. This class is influenced by self-interest. The different individuals which it includes are holding offices for life, or in other words, "during good behavior." They are aware that the feature in the existing Constitution, which authorizes and establishes this tenure of office will be abolished when a Convention shall be assembled to frame a new Constitution. This will "cut short" their dream of holding office for life. No wonder they oppose the measure.

The repugnance of this tenure of office to the republican institutions under which we live, has no force upon their minds.-That is quite another matter. Office and its empluments are the great mainsprings which impel them to oppose any and every movement that can be made to relieve the be found in the existing Constitution.

Those included under the second class are afraid of their shadows. They fear that no good can result from forming a new Constitution. They are disposed to go against all change. They profess to labor under awful forebolings, lest some provisions should be made and adopted in the new Constitution, the operations of which would be more injurious than the imperfections that now exist.

This is a timid and title principle. Carried out to its full extent it would discoundefiance all advancement in the develop ment of correct principles of government Guided by it, we would fold our arms and proclaim "thus far we will go and no farther." The world and our sister States may make all the advancement they please. but we will stand still. Is not this a strange principle to adopt? Does it not seem strange that men who hold the achievement of our national independence and the establishment of a republican government, to be rapid strides in the advancement of correct principles, should take a decided stand against any improvement in our State Constitution?

They object to calling a Convention, upon the ground that the subject of slavery will make a figure in its deliberations. believe there are some who are serious in mere hobby to deter the people from supporting any attempt to effect a change. They do not seriously believe that the sub ject of slavery can be so agitated in a Convention in this State as to inflict any injury upon slaveholders. Many years will take place in this State.

Having said this much in reference to

There are always some who evince more zeal than judgment in advocating the principles which they have espoused. An instance of this kind has been recently presented to the public through the columns of all the Americans in New Mexico, on of your paper. I refer to the communications under the signature of "Jefferson." The writer, who professes to be a friend to and militia, at Brazito, under a black flag, probable that the result of the election apa Convention, appears to entertain the gives one a faint idea. They are entitled opinion that the subject of slavery is destined to make a conspicuous figure in the Convention, should one be called. I deprecate the course which he seems disposed to pursue on this subject. If I could have my wishes carried out, I would not have a word said by any friend of the measure, about what course a Convention would pursue on the subject of slavery.

I do not deny any one the right to advocate and make known his opinions upon nees came out and met us; they were sevany subject, in any way which he may enteen in number, and I had fourteen in, of 15 members of the lower house of deem proper, upon any subject. God formen, well armed. I went out and met the State Legislature, concede the elecbid that I should ever condemn any one Partizan, told him I was an officer of the tion of the Loco Governor, and abandon for acting boldly and above board in refer- United States, and that the government the State. But the Boston Traveler of the ence to his real opinions upon public meas- would revenge the deeds of the Pawnees evening of Wednesday says: "By the ures. But at the same time I entertain who had been killing our people, and steal- noon trains, returns from a number of oththose views, I must contend that some de- ing our animals.

erty consists of slaves. She is not prepargreater than that which slavery inflicts. It is well known that a free black population is a great curse to any community .-They are generally indolent, vicious and energiless. It is also well known that it will not do to colonize them in North America. This would be nothing more than putting them in a position which would open the door for their entire extermination, in a manner similar to the fate of the Indians. The only aspect, therefore, under which emancipation could be tolerated, would be to colonize the slaves in Africa. Are we prepared to do this? I un-

I maintain that under existing circum remember the calls of humanity; that our stances, slavery is the best state of things feelings are still good, and that we have that can exist in this State at the present hearts, and that they are in their proper time and for ages to come. This fact is a snow storm. February 20th, Mr. Brown generally known and well appreciated by who I met carrying the mail to Fort Leav is this subject agitated in reference to the some oxen to carry the luggage of the men, contemplated Convention? Is there any course which can be pursued that will "unterrified democrat" another whig has have a more direct tendency to defeat the object in view, and which is generally admitted to be proper? Let this course be adopted and pursued, and the generality of the people will become careless about the contemplated change. They will regard it as the harbinger of evil. They will be willing to quietly sit down, under existing evils, fearing that the very effort to get rid of them will be attended with injurious consequences.

AN OBSERVER. Falmouth, March, 1847.

From the St. Louis Republican. Interesting from Santa Fe.

Insurrection at Taos.—Murder of Gov Bent .- Interesting Letter from Lieut.

Abert.

Col. R. Campbell has placed the follow ing letter in our possession. Although some parts of it refer to events with which our readers are familiar, we have not felt called upon to abridge it. The letter is full of interest, as every thing must be coming from a quarter where so many untoward incidents have recently occurred. The insurrection at Taos, and the murder of Governor Bent, the Lees, and other citizens who are well known, and had many friends in St. Louis, calls for the prompt action of the Government; and the necessity is urgent for the sending of additional troops with all possible haste, to New Mexico. Lientenant Abert, it will be per-I know that this measure meets wit 1 ceived, speaks of the death of Gov. Bent, without expressing any doubt of the correctness of the information, or of the extent of the atrocities of the Mexicans.

Lieut. Abert is of the United States To pographical Engineer Corps. He accompanied Col. Fremont on one of his expeditions to the Pacific, and subsequently was despatched by the Department, with Lieut. Emory, to make a topographical survey of New Mexico. For several months past Lieut. Abert has been laboring under severe indisposition, insomuch, that the Department, at the instance of his friends. has ordered him to be relieved from duty for a time. It will be seen by the account of his trip, that he, and the men with him, have suffered great privations and hardships on the plains-hardships of home, and by their comfortable firesides, to form any just idea. Lieut. A. is said to be a very skilful and efficient offi-State from the inconveniences and bur- cer in his department; and in his recent the Governor, (if he should be here,) and dens under which it labors for want of reg- trip from New Mexico, he has shown the ulatians and restrictions, which are not to indomitable perseverance and energy which distinguishes the heart, mind an character of a true soldier. His letter, though written in the midst of storms, and in a camp without fire, and with but a scan ty subsistence, evinces a cool and clear perception of the events in which he was

a party. TURKEY CREEK, Feb. 20th, 1847. As I expect to have an opportunity of sending this letter before the mail from San ta Fe can communicate the intelligence I have received, I will endeavor to write you a few lines, although it is extremely cold, tenance all improvement. It would set at and our fires have been put out by a fore, they had concluded to suspend the severe storm, that is still raging fiercely. First. On the 19th of last month, Gov. Bent, with all the Americans residing in Taos, were cruelly massacred by the New Mexicans. For some time an outbreak has been threatening, and when I was in Santa Fe, the troops were in a state of the strictest vigilance, and every one lay down to rest with drawn sabre or pistol by their sides. Eight Mexicans had been arrested and imprisoned; and the most em inent were Thos. Ortiz, second in com mand under Armiso; Diego Archulette, formerly a member of the Mexican Congress; Nicholas Pino, Santiago Armijo, Manuel Chavez, and others. These persons had arranged a plan of attack upon the city of Santa Fe, which was deferred, in order fended-said he would wait there no lonto extend it, so as to produce a complete holding this opinion. But there are others, I have no doubt, who use this as a New Mexico, which was to have taken place on Christmas night, but the arrest of the conspirators frustrated this plan.

The late success at the battle of Brazita will doubtless quiet the perturbed spirits of New Mexico, but our little band of men are in a dangerous situation. From the offiroll round before such a thing can possibly cial returns that fell into my hands, when in Santa Fe, I find the population of the department of New Mexico estimated at the opposers of a Convention, I will now 100,000—this includes the Pueblos or Insay a few words to its friends.

As to the character of these people, the horrible murder of Gov. Bent, together with the Americans in Taos on the 19th of January last; the plan of cruel massacre the night of the 25th December last; the Instead of the Whigs of that State having battle charge of the government troops sustained a Waterloo defeat, it is highly only to be dealt with as outlaws, bandits or pirates.

nees. We had seen no Indians for a week leaving 33 towns to be heard from, which previous, nor did we meet any for four days subsequent to the robbery. On the This dispatch says; "Two Locos have been evening of the 4th day, while all the men elected to Congress: in the other two diswere in the traces, laboring to drag the tricts no choice." wagon to Pawnee fork, a band of Paw-

gree of prudence should be observed in our They excused themselves by saying, that that the Whigs and Independents still recourse in reference to every subject upon some of the young men, over whom they tain the State. So far, 26 Whigs, 5 Dem-notice heavy shipments both up and down which we are called to deliberate. It can had no control, were guilty of the theft. be nothing else but imprulence on the part The next morning ten of them came into chosen to the Legislature. There is prob of any faient of the Convention to urge the camp. All night the men were talk- ably no choice of Governor by the people," attention to the subject of emancipation, ing, saying they would be delighted if the Such a course can do no good but much Lieutenant would let them make "smooth the Whig candidate for Governor (Colby.) The people of this State are not work" of the seventeen Indians, but I in a number of towns, and seem to doub prepared to listen to any such chimerical would not consent, and this morning I Williams' electionschemes. Slavery is engrafted upon her could scarcely restrain them from falling On the other side of the house, the Bos

institutions. A great portion of her prop- upon the ten Indians, and "whipping ton Post of Thursday claims a net Loccerty consists of slaves. She is not prepar- them all out." Many of my men had gain in the vote for Governor, on the reeleven in number-to follow me. The Indians were on the opposite side of the river, and as soon as they perceived our movements, hastily gathered their animals together and fled to the sand hills. ing it useless to continue pursuit-as they could even outran my men who were on foot-besides having plenty of horses, I therefore returned to the wagon, and took

up my line of march.
On the night of February 1st, we lo four mules, which were frozen to death in wast majority of her citizens. Why then enworth, and who kindly let me have lost two mules, frozen to death, and the next morning six more. I had to dig some of my men out of the snow, that lay above them to the depth of five feet; one of them was dead-the other half frozen-but we still entertain hopes of his recovery. were on the head of Turkey creek at the time of the storm, entirely exposed to its fury for thirty six hours. My men were plenty of provisions, and we are again all comfortable.

While in Santa Fe, Colonel Price kind ly furnished me with the testimony of some of the insurrectionists, whom he had in confinement. They were not allowed to converse together, and yet all give testimony to the same effect; in fact their evidence is so similar, that I shall only send

Testimony of Don Jose Maria Sanchez. by Miguel Pino, to the house of the former, in the evening, which I will verify. When I entered I found the following persons assembled: Don Thomas Ortes, Don Diego Archulette, Don Nicholas Pino, Don Miguel Pono, Don Santiago Armijo,

The consultation was to form a conspiracy against the actual government. Don Diego Archulette commenced the discourse and said: I make the motion that there be an act to nominate a Governor and Commander General, and I would nominate Don Thomas Ortes for the first office, and Don Diego Archalette for the second. This was unanimously carried, and the act signed by each individual present.

After this was concluded, they commenced a discourse relative to the method of surprising the government at Santa Fe, and taking possession of the place. They decided upon the following plan: On Saturday evening, the 19th of December, all were to assemble with their men in the parish church. Having divihim, because he was the one who would give the most trouble. This act was also bell was to be the signal for the assault for the forces concealed in the church, and those which Don Diego Archulette should "plaza" at the same moment, seize the pieces of artillery and point them into the possession of every one,"

streets. The meeting now dissolved. On the 21st, I went to the house of Don Thomas Ortiz, and he and Don Diego Archulette told me, that on the evening heassault, and agreed to fix on Saturday, the 26th December, for which reason I was called; and they told me before Don Bias Ortega and Sanchez, that until they could gain over the people of the whole department. Thomas Ortiz was going to El Bado, Don Diege Archulette to the valley of Taos, Tomas Baca to the Rio Abaxo, When I Thomas Ortiz, from the priest Leyba, of military stores, &c., &c.; the American entered, Bias Ortega delivered a letter to San Miguel. It was in answer to one from population were all in intense excitement Ortiz; and Tomas Ortiz commenced conversation, and told Don Diego Archulette announced action, in its utmost intensity that Leyba was a man best calculated to All quiet, with regard to the enemy, in the excite the people, but because of ill health could not come to the capital. Archulette said the priest was all talk. Ortiz got ofger, but at once put the first plan into

effect. Tomas Baca then came in to take leave. as he was going off to sound the people. Ortiz said that Pablo Dominguez and Miguel Pino would go and sound the "Vacarrio" at Rio Tesuca. Tomas Ortiz kept

the minutes of the receting.

The many inconveniences I have suffered have disarranged my materials for writing-so you must excuse my letter, the periods appear a little rudely turned Believe me, yours truly,

New Hampshire Election.

The Locofoco Victory in New Hampshire, as telegraphed to Pittsburgh, Saturday, covered entirely too much ground proaches more nearly to a drawn battle

than any thing else. A despatch published in the Pittsburgh Near the crossing of the Arkansas, I lost Gazette of Monday morning, represents a all my mules; they were stolen by the Paw- Loco minority of 197 votes in 191 towns last year gave the Locos a majority of 1100.

> The New York papers of Friday, 12th inst., admit a Loco gain from the returns er towns were received, which indicated Other Boston papers report a gain for

ed to relinquish it. She does not wish to owned the mules that were lost, and they turns then in, of 1311,—and with referemancipate her slaves and permit them to were exasperated to the highest degree at ence to Congress and the State Legislaremain in her bosom. She knows that the this misfortune, and irritated by the idea ture, says: "In the House of Representacurse which would be inflicted upon her of dragging a wagon of provisions and a tives, last year, the alies had about 30 by this state of things, would be seven fold sick man to Pawnee Fork. When about majority. This has probably been overto start, I found that one of these Indians come by Locofoco gains. The Locofocos had borrowed one of our axes to cut the will probably also resume their ascendenice and let their animals drink; this had cy in the Senate. As to Congressmen not been returned; so I called my men; Gen. Peaslee, Loco, is elected by a splenand ordering two of them to stay with the did majority in the 2d district. In the 4th wazon and sick; commanded the rest- J. H. Johnson, Loco, is doubtless re-elected. From the 1st and 3d we have not returns to indicate the result .- Cin, Gaz.

LATER.-The result of the late election in New Hampshire is not yet ascertained. The Boston Atlas has returns from 188 towns, which sum up as follows:

Gavernor, Williams loco 27,695-Colby whig 19,616—Barry independent 8,374scattering 8; leaving Williams 303 votes short of an election, but he is probably elected.

Representatives. Whigs and Independents, 133-locos 111. The House will be very close, but the probabilities favor

Congressmen. Peaselee and Johnson lo cos elected. In the other two districts the allied forces have the majority though divided, and the probability is, there is no choice.

Private Advices from Mexico.

The French journal at New York gives the substance of a private letter, received obliged to leave bedding, provisions, guns by way of Havana, which throws some and cooking utensils covered up with five feet snow. We had a long and difficult march of twenty-seven nules, when we reached Cotton-wood Fork; here we found perty has been threatened by the war the master from Fort Leavenworth, with party, has decided to make its cause that of the republic, and to throw its influence on the side of peace. Its plan to arrive at such a result is very simple. It is to overthrow the Federal Congress, from which it has now-nothing to hope, and to substitute in place of it an abso lute power, strong enough to constrain Mexico to peace. Such is the double process which it undertakes; and it is reyou a copy of one, translated from the ported that the clergy have cast their eyes upon Santa Anna as the proper instrument to accomplish their purpose. The Mexican General should therefore, by this On Tuesday last, the 15th December, I account be on the point of reaching the was called, in the name of Thomas Ortes, dictatorship a second time, by the aid of the clergy, and on the express condition of respecting its property, and concluding a peace without delay. There is nothing improbable, says the Courier, in this combination of events, regard being had to the existing state of things. The person from Don Manuel Chavez, Don Domingo Baca, whom we gather this information, is more-Don Publo Domingues, and Don Juan over in a position which gives much weight to his words, and we should be by no means surprised to see a new revolution burst out in Mexico, even while all eyes, fixed exclusively on the theatre of war seem for the present to forget the political combinations of the country.

Later from Tampico

Washington Union, March 6.

By the arrival here last evening of the schr. Abby Morton, Captain Cornish, from Tampico the 24th ult., we have intelligence thence up to that date.

General Scott, the Commander-in-Chief, arrived off Tampico, on Thursday evening, the 18th ult., but did not come ashore until Friday morning, previous to which he received a "thundering welcome." He seemed to be in fine health and spirits. which it is impossible for those at ded themselves into several parties, they After receiving the congratulations of a were to sally forth, some to seize the pie- great number of the citizens, he proceedces of artillery, others to go to the quarters ed to Gen. Patterson's headquarters. On of the Colonel, and others to the palace of the 21st he embarked with his suite on board the steamship Massachusetts, to The four brigades under Generals Twiggs, Pillow. Shield, and Quitman are embarkagreed on by all. The sound of the church ing; probably, for the same destination, although nothing positive in relation thereto, was promulgated to the inhabitants of Tampico. The Sentinel says: "the destihave brought near the city—midnight was nation of these troops is very properly left the time agreed on-all were to enter the to the fruitful imagination of the public for what is the value of a secret if it is in

About 2000 troops had left Tampico for Lobos, and all the vessels were hauling in to take on board the remainder of the troops The steamship Eudora was to leave on the 25th ult, for Lobos, and thence for this port.

General Worth .- The brigade of Gen. Worth had not reached Tampico on the 26th ult., but was hourly expected. The scene in and about Tumpico,

stated to be stirring in the extreme. Reviews of troops, in regiments and brigades, were daily taking place, vessels were continually arriving with goods, merchandize, regarding coming events. Every thing interior.

Destitution in the Mexican Army-Poverly of the Government.—The Tampico Sentinel, of the 20th ult., publishes a proc lamation from Santa Anna to his country The distress pervading his army which it paints, is really unexampled in modern history. Since the publication of that document, he has issued his address to the soldiers, in which he reiterates the helplessness and destitution of those under him, and states his determination of immediately proceeding forth in search of the enemy-advising the soldiers, as they are deserted by the Government, that they must endeaver to "kill what they eat." It is dated the 6th ult., at San Luis Potosi, and is intended to inspire the soldiers with courage and patriotism.—N. O. Times, 8th.

Fatal Affray.

We understand that an affray occurred resterday morning in the vicinity of Bardstown, between Judge Brown and Judge GAITHER, brothers-in-law, which resulted in the death of the latter. There had been a long standing difficulty between them, and some triffing occurrence yesterday caused the affray which resulted thus tragically. Judge GAITHER received the contents of several barrels of a revolving pistol, which caused his death in a short time.-Lou. Morn. Cour.

Washington, March 15-10 P. M. Col. Cummings, appointed Major General by Col. Benton, has also declined to accept the office. So neither of Mr. Polk's nominees will serve.

MAYSVILLE MARKET, March 16. Hemp-Is coming in quite freely and a prime article finds ready sale at \$4, although a large part of what has arrived sold below that figure, at \$3.75 up.

There is the world of meaning in the following from an old scrap book:

If thou wishest to be wise, eep these words before thine eyes-What thou speakest and how heware, Of whom, to whom, when and where.

young Musgrove, underwent an examination before Esquires Lyon and Ratcliffe, last week, embracing four days of the week in patient investigation. Mr. Lawess was held to bail in the sum of \$1.500 to appear for trial at the Circuit Court of Barren county, which commences on Monday next, the 15th of March. Glasgow (Ky.) Gaz.

The case of B. Lawless, for shooting

COMMERCIAL.

Cincinnati and Covington Markets. Макси, 19, 1847.

REMARKS. -Our report of operations this reek will show a very firm market for nearly all descriptions of western Produce. The tranactions have rot been as large as on several previous weeks of the season, but count up pretty well nevertheless .- Cin. Gas.

BUTTER .- Sales of 26 brls good roll at 00al2c nosily at the latter rate. Good Table Butter quick at 15a25c.

BEANS .- Sales of mixed-white at \$3:75 per bri Eggs:-The packers pay 7a8c per dozen, and the retail price in market has been 8alOc. FLAX SEED .- Is very firm at \$1, with light

GUNNY BAGS .- Sales of 2000 new, size 24 bus t 27c; 750 new, same size, at 27c; 1000 do at

HAY .- Loose still brings \$8;50a10;50 per ton nd baled by retail 50a55c per 100. lbs.

MACKEREL -Sales of No 1 at \$11a12; No 2 Jalifax 6:00; No 3 South, 1845, at 7:50. FLour .- Here, as well as in the Atlantic mar-

kets, Flour continues steady-having a play, from week to week, of about 25c per barrel. It closed on Thursday evening at \$4:50 being rise in the week of 25 cents. HEMP. - Sale of 10 bales Kentucky dew rotted

\$4:37£. Wood.-Has been as high as \$6 per cord at iver this week, and some days it was very diffi-

calt to obtain it at that. Potatoes,-Sale of 119 bris for shipment at 31:75 per brl.

Molasses-Is selling at 35e in lots, and 36c rom store to the country trade.

OATS .- A sale of 500 sacks from landing at 41c sks included; 108 bushels in bulk at 284c.

SALT-Sales of No I Kanawha from landing at 15in}6i. CLOVER SEED .- The receipts are moderate and the operations of the week somewhat light.

Sales from wagon at \$3:70, and from store at \$3:90a4. DRIED FRUIT .- Apples are firm at 65c per ushel, in lots, with light receipts-sales of upvarils of 2000 hushels the past week, at prices

ranging from 60 to 65c. The receipts of Peaches are more liberal, and sales have ranged from \$1:40 to 1:50 per bushel. The demand is rathr moderate. WHEAT .- Continues firm at 75c.

Whiskey-Has ranged through the week at from river at 17%; 110 do from canal at 17%c. To day 60 brls from railroad at 18c; 30 do at 174c; 40 do from canal at 174c; 75 do from river at 18c; 14 do at 18tc, delivered.

Ponk .- Sales of 33 brls Mess at \$13;50; 105 pris do at 13:00: 160 do at 13:25; 294 do at claims of the Habrew Plaster have long since 13;50. In bulk, sales of 40,000 lbs nog round at 6c; 6,000 lbs do at 57c, 30,000 lbs Sides at 7c: 70,000 lbs Sides at 74c. packed; 15;000 lbs do at 7c, net; 37,000 and 80,000 lbs Hams at 64c, applications) in the use of the Hebrew Plaster packed; 50,000 lbs Sides on private terms: 30;-090 lbs Sides and Shoulders at 61a41c; 20,000 Shoulders at 50.

BACON.—Sales of 14 hhds Shoulders at 54c, bhds shoulders at 6c. pkgs extra; 13 bhds Shoulders at 5%c packed.

LARD.-The advices received Thursday from New Orleans created some stir in the market, and 43 hrls, 140 and 100 do, and 105 kegs No. 1 were picked up at 8c; 400 kegs and 91 brls subsequently sold at 82c. Since sales of 37 bris and 125 kegs, mostly No 1, at Sc; 15 tres No 3 at 61c: 10 brls No 2 at 7c; 50 brls soft at 84c; 127 brls No 2 at 7:421: 1000 kogs prime No 1 steam rendered at 8%c; 170 brls No 1 at 86c. 28 tres No 3 at 6c; 12 do grease at 52c; 27 tres ordinary No l at Sc, and on last Sunday, not before public, 102 bris and hf bris, country redered at Se: for No 1 and 7c for No 2.

TALLOW .- A sale of 8 bris prime city rendered at Sc. and 5.000 lbs city rendered at 73c LINSEED OIL .- A sale on Monday of 50 brls. city mills at 67c cash; 40 do on Tuesday at 70c. 60 days; 100 do to day at 70e cash; 29 do at 70c, 60 days.

CANDLES & SOAP .- There is quite an active lemand for the latter article. One manufacturer reports sales of 40, 192, 300, 65 and 200 boxes No 1, all at 4c per lb., 5 per cent off. We quote Mould Candles at 92c, same discount.

CHEESE .- Is selling at 7, 72 and Sc, the latter for extra quality for the city trade. Sales of about 600 boxes this week, at the above rates chiefly for shipping. GLASS -- A sale of 50 boxes 8X10 at \$2:25;

50 do 10X 12 at 2:60.

GRAIN .- Light receipts of Wheat, for which nillers now pay 75c. Corn in the ear 35 to 37 ents. in sack 45 a 47c.

GROCERIES-A speculative feeling exists in eference to all leading articles; but has so far nanifested itself chiefly in Sugar. The stock in the city is light, however, and only limited parcels can be gotten hold of. Sales are reported as follows:-N. O. Sugar 64a84 Molasses 33a344 Rio Coffee, 84.

b.; 8d 44 a 43; 6d 43 a 54; 5d 54; 4d 54 a 54; seems to be most highly valued by those who 3d 6d a 7. PROVISIONS .- The market is somewhat bea-

y. Ponk-Clear \$14; Mess \$13a\$14; Bulk ork-Hog Round 51, Sides 64, Shoulders 4125, Hams, 71: sugar cured, 9a10.

Timothy from \$2:00 to \$2:25; Flax seed \$1:00. Entrance one door south of College Hall, on Suor-Is held by the keg at \$13:50, and re-Walnut st. and by THOS BIRD, Covington. SHOT-Is held by the keg at \$13:50, and retails by bag at \$1 :15a\$1:25. VEGETABLES .- Potatoes retail now at \$1:40

1:75 per bbl.-45 a 50 cts per bushel. Wook -- We quote at 16a2lc.

Covington Cattle Market.

Our market has been fully supplied for the last week or ten days, and sales not so ready as for well sustained. The prices have varied from \$4:25 to \$5, according to quality-\$4:50 the ruling rate. The extremes of a fine lot of Bourbon cattle sold for \$4:75 a few days ago.

Jewelry and Variety Store, 123 Main st, b ween 3d and 4th. Cin., Sept. 26, 1816.

GRIFFIN'S HORSE NAILS,—10 bags bes G. Horse Nails, 7, 8 and 9d. for sale by TYLER DAVIDSON & CO., 126 Main st, 3 doors above Commerc'l Bank. Cin., Sep. 26, 1846.

AMES SPADES AND SHOVELS. 60 doz Ames' Plain Shovels, Nos 1, 2, 20 do do Black Strap do, Nos 1, 2, 20 do do Coal Shovels, Nos 4, 5, 6, Lisu-20 do Spades, assorted, Nos 1, 2, 3, For sale by TYLER DAVIDSON & CO., 126 Main st. 2 doors above Commerc'l Bank. Cin., Sep. 26, 1846.

HARDWARE,

Tyler Davidson & Co.. No. 126 Main, between Third & Fourth Sts

CINCINNATI, A RE-now in receipt of a very heavy stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARD-In addition to the annexed summary of heav

oods, direct from the American and European Janufactures, they have at all times a stock of SHELF HAREWARE, which is complete and unequalled.

A long and active business experience in thi

city, in connection with a thorough *personal* ex-amination of the European markets, has enabled them to establish extended and permanent relaions abroad, and in this country; and they are now prepared to offer inducements to their cus-tomers, and the Western trade generally, infe-

rior to none in the United States. They have now in store, in original packages and for sale by the cask, case, bale, or package.:— Sanderson, Brothers & Co's Superior Cast Steel Armitage," "Foster," and "Parker's" Genu

ine Anvils;
"O. Ames" Shovels and Spades, all descriptions;
"Collins & Co," and "Hunt & Co," Azes and Edge Tools; Simmons & Co," and "Mann's"

Pittsburgh and English Solid Box Vices; German and American States, all sizes; Worsted Plush, Straining Web, & Shue Threa-Trace Chains, Hooks and Hinges, Coal Hods; Durry Dombs, Bed Screws, Fire frons: ooking Glass Plates, 7x9 to 18x30 inches; Blacksmith's Hammers, Sledges and Bellows: Juniatta, Cincinnati, and Boston Nails; Common and Fine Cutlery;

Files and Edge Tools; Tacks, Brads and Sparables; Horse, Wool and Cotton Cards; Percussion Caps, all brands, S. B., G. D., A. H.

Cincinnati, Sep. 25, 1846.

A RESCUE TO THE AFFLICTED. THE CELLBRATED

JEW DAVID'S, OR, MEBREW PLASTER

A Certain Remeny for all fixed Pains in the side, chest, loins, back, bowels, muscles, MATISM in all its varied forms. Nervous Affection tions, Ling and Liver complaints, Spinal Aj fections, Female weaknesses, &c. &c. For th bove complaints this plaster has no equal The great celebrity which it has already ac quired not only in the old but in the new world the extraordinary cures it has performed in the 74a182c. Sales yesterady of 84 and 40 brls must extreme cases of suffering have acquired for it such a reputation, that the proprietor hannot (until recently) been able to supply balf the demand.

The sales throughout every city, town, and

village in the United States are without a par-allel!! In Rheumatism either acute or chronic the been universally acknowledged. Those who are laboring under weak backs, no matter from what cause the weakness may have originated, (even if such person have been misguided in previous to its original soundness.

As a supporter in cases of constitutional

oeukness it will be found of great advantage. is particularly recommended to Females who are suffering from sudden weakness, or general de-pility. In short, it embraces all the virtues acked: 5 hhds common Hams at 74, packed; 5 which the most scientific mind was capable of compounding from valuable substances found in the old world, and will be found entirely free rom those objections which are a source of complaint with the numerous spread-plasters now pefore the public.

Teese plasters possess the advantage of being put op in air tight Boxes, hence, they retain their full virtues in all climates SANFORD & PARK 4th, and Walnut sts.

nctrance on Walnut one door south of College by THOS. BIRD, Covington. Purchasers are advised none can be genine unless purchased from them or their agent.,



COUNTERFEITS. Wistar's Balsam of Wild CHERRY.

The following letter from Dr. Richey, of The following letter from Dr. Richey, of for obtaining a thorough and accomplished edu-franklin, Indiana, who stands high in his profession, and ranks among the first politicians of the State, shall speak for itself in commendation of the Genuine Wistar's Balsam of Wild cherry.

FRANKLIN, Ind. April 14, 1845.

Messrs. Sanford & Park—I have but a few bottles of Wistar's Balsam of Wild cherry remaining on hand, of the last lot furnished me by you. I herefolore waited until I sold out, and had obtained the money for one lot before I ordered another. But such is the demand for the article that I do not wish to be without it, and am therefore led to unticipate a little. The money for the last lot shall be forthcoming by the time the lot is disposed of, which from the sales I have made lately. I think will be but a short time. The effects of the Balsam are in many cases strikingly beneficial. (It improves upon acquaintance more than any other Patent Medicine I have known 20 Almost all others fail upon NAMES .- The following are the regular rates of trial, and not being able to bear the test of exapproved quality, viz: 20d and 10d 4 a 42c per perionce, soon sink into disuse. This, however, have tested its virtues, and experienced its healing efficacy in their own cases. Yours very respectfully, JAMES RICHEY.

WISTAR'S BALSAM' is sold at \$1 00 pe bottle, or 6 bottles for \$5.00, Sold in Cincinna SEEDS .- The supply of Clover is pretty fair ti at the corner of Fourth and Walnut streets, Sales from wagons and canal, from \$3:80a3:85; by SANFORD & PARK, Agents for the West,

EXECUTORS NOTICE. LL persons having claims against the Ees

A LL persons having claims against the tate of John Bennett M. D. late deceased, are hereby notified that we the undersigner town of his las have been duly qualified as executors of his last Will and Testament and desire that said claims shall be fully made out according to Law, and presented for payment, and all those indebted some weeks previous, though prices have been to said Estate, by note or book account, are respectfully requested to come forward and make immediate payment and settlement of the same RICHARD PRETLOW, Executors.

ARTHUR CONNELY. Covington, Ky., Feb. 20th, 1847 .- tf, 31.

HE subscribers after returning their six CERE thanks to their friends, for the VERY IBERAL patronage, which they have received during the last fifteen years while engaged in the mercantile business, in this city; would inform them that they have sold out their Stock of Dry Goods and Groceries, to Messrs. J. B. Jones our former clerk) Jesse Gregory and O. C Williamson, which firm will de business under he name and style of J. B. Jones, & Co. We have rented to said firm for a term of years, the Store Houses formally occupied by us, and would EARNESTLY SOLICIT for them a continuence of the patronage of our friends and former customers, as they are now receiving direct from the East a fresh supply of seasonable Dry Goods added to their former stock will make it as full and complete as any in the City and we have the fullest assurance that they will do all in their power to retain the business of the stand, A. L. & T. GREER. Covington, Sept. 5th, 1846. 7—tf.

TOWN LOTS.

EYERAL valuable Building Lots desirably situated for business or dwelling houses, for sale low for cash:

ALSO-Two or three Farms convenient to the city: Enquire of WALKER & WINSTON, may 23 Madison st; one door above sixth.

ORE PISTOLS!—Another lot by Express!! Received this morning direct from the manufacturers, by Green & Co's Express, another large consignment of Allen's celebrated Patent Pistols, embracing a variety of patterns and sizes, which now makes my assortment of Pistols the most complete in the city. and embraces the following varieties.

Allen's patent 6-barreled house-protecting pistol;
Do do do Holster do: Pocket Rifle: do Do single barreled self cocking Pistols, of all sizes. For sale wholesale and retail, at the

agency, 123 Main street: Jan. 9, 1847. W. C. HUNTINGTON.



variety, price and These wishing to style, suitable for the trade. pu rehate at Wholesale or Retail, will please call and examine my stock:

—ALSO—

Constantly on band of my own manufactory;

Gentlemen's fine Calf and Morocco Boots.

We Brogans:
Ladies "kid Buskins and Slippers, Childrens shoes of every variety; Which I will sell on term that will give satisfac-

tion to those that favor me with their patronage; Sign of the BIG RED BOOT.

No. 5 Lower Market, 21 door East of Main

JOHN GATES,

treet, Cincinnall: March 14, 1846. CURTAIN BANDS-100 pairs splendid Curtain Bands, for sale at very low rates, at

the sign of the Old Padlock, by

J. K. OGDEN & CO., Cin., Sep. 26, 1846. No 162 Main-No 162 Main st. 101 BAGS Rio Coffee
30 Kegs Juniata Nails assorted size

20 Boxes Pittsburgh Glass assorted sizes Just received and for sale low by
J B JONES & Co Dec 26, Greer's Old Stand, 23 '46.

Family Groceries &c. H Molasses Stoneware Candlewick Soap Cotton Yarn Vinegar

Hollow-wate Loaf Sugar Saleratus Brooms Nutmegs Cheese Cotton Batting

J. B. JONES, & Co. Dec. 26, Greer's Old Stand .- 23 '46.

Raisins

A CARD.

Indigo

Coperas

Wm. GALLUP may be found at his old stand on Scott between 4th and 5th streets. Covington, Ky., in readiness at all times to wait upon those who may be pleased to call upon him CLOCKS and WATCHES

of every description repaired in the most for sale, Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles; Silver Spoons and Pencils; Ladies Gold Pencils, Ear and Finger Rings; Bracelets, Lockets, Snaps, Breast Pins, &c. Also, Gentlemen's Fob Chains, Breast Pins, Rings, Keys and Studs. W. G. invites those who wish to encourage Kentucky industry to give him a call before going to Cincinnati. Dec. 12, 1846. 21

COVINGTON FEMALE INSTITUTE. RS. SNOWDEN bas opened an Institu-tution for the instruction of Young Ladies, in the commodious and beautiful building, the late residence of D. Mooar, Eeq., and wo respectfully announce that she is prepared for the recention of punils. It is her intention to formish every facility

be employed in the different departments of this Institution.
The building is large, having a prospect of the city and vicinity; the grounds are tastefully arranged and beautifully ornamented with trees

and shrubbery.
The attention of parents at a distance is invited to this Institution. The charge for Board and Tuition will be moderate, and the advantaes as good as those afforded by any Boarding

The strictest attention will be paid to the norals and manners of Young Ladies. Vocal and Instrumental Music, French, Drawng and Painting, taught by the most able pro-

Terms made known on application. December 5, 1846. 20 WENTY-Five Town Lots for

Sale, near the College, on Madison, Scott and Greenup streets, which will be sold low and on easy terms, by HIRAM MART Or Menzies & Cambron, Agents, Covington, Jan. 30, 1847. 28-6m HIRAM MARTIN.

TOBACCO .- 30 bx's Ky. 5 Lump Tobacco; 20 " " 13 " 5 " Superior Va. Cav'd od 10 " Mo. 8 lump d9 On hand and for sale low by
J. B. JONES & Co.
Jan. 33 1847 Great's Old Stan

Jan. 23, 1847. Greer's Old Stand. I IGHT'S QUICK YEAST. -A con-Yeast For sale by J. B. JONES & Co.

Greer's Old Stand. Jan. 23, 1847. INDIGO & MADDER .- | Cereon S. F. Indigo. 3 Bols. Dutch Madder. J. B JONES & Co.

For sale by Jan. 23, 1847. 27. Greer's Old Stand PIRMINGHAM HARDWARE.—

29 casks Bright Trace Chains, 7 feets 10 de Curry Combs, assorted; 5 do Bed Screws, 6 to 9 inches: 6 do Locks, Fire Irons, Solts &c, ass'd; 5 Crates Waterloo Coal Hods and Sifters;

5 bales Shoe Hemp, Webbing and Plush; 6 basks Log Chains and Hooks and Hinges; New opening and for sale low by TYLER DAVIDSON & CO.,

126 Main st, 3 doors above Commerc'l Bank, Cin., Sep. 26, 1846, 10

Then, child of song, awake thy slumbering

And breathe again on it a poet's fire! Warsaw, Ky., 1847.

From the Home Journal. A SONG OF THE HEART. I am list'ning to your voice, Fanny,

I am looking in your eyes; You are glad I have come home, Fanny, But you're not so glad as I I have been a long, long way, Fanny, And it longer seemed to me When the night came with its silence, And with silence, thoughts of thee.

We are very happy now, Fanny, And still, we well know why. My heart is often sad, Fanny, And a tear is in my eyes: Oh, God knows what is best, Fanny, And unto his will I bow, Yet I am all the time a thinking That I have no mother now.

Yes, God is very good, Fanny, Ho is merciful and kind, But we do not see the light, Fanny, Because our hearts are blind; He has taken mother home, Fanny, Though I utter no complaint, In my grief I keep forgetting That she is a blessed saint.

You remember mother, Fanny, With her pale and pleasant face, And the corner of the room, Fanny, Which we called our mother's place When she saw her children glad, And 'twas there she sat to cheer them When she knew that they were sad

Oh. I sometimes turn my eyes, Fanny, Toward that very place, As though she sat there still, Fanny, With her pale and pleasant face; I am just about to speak, Fanny, When my dim forgetting dies, And I think I see an angel Through the mist that's in my eyes.

She was a precious mother, Fanny, As dear, as dear could be, And her heart has seemed to keep, Fanny, Its tenderest throbs for me Though she loved us all, and I, Fanny, Was no kinder than the rest, For some reason known to her only, She appeared to love me best.

I never shall forget, Fanny How she came to me one day. And asked what she should do, Fanny, When I was gone away; Oh, her face was very pale, Fanny, And her voice was very low. As she downward bent and kissed me, In her heart's full overflow.

And she said she would not live, Fanny, To see me back again: And then I tried to smile, Fanny, Though my heart was full of pain; Yet little did I think, Fanny, On the words that she had said. Until brother William wrote m That our mother dear was dead.

It was then, while far away, Fanny, That I thought on what she said. It was then I knew her love, Fanny, Because her love was dead: Still I know not how I felt, Fanny, And I here may never know, But it was a long, long night, Fanny, Of weeping and of woe!

But God is very good, Fanny,
And he knoweth what is best;
When we weep, we'll try to feel, Fanny,
'That her soul is with the blessed, We shall meet her in the sky, Fanny,
If we tread the way she trod, And we shall hear her voice a singing With the angels unto God!

He is very, very good, Fanny, And his goodness here I see, Though He's taken mother home, Fanny, He has left you still to me; Of his mercy let us sing, Fanny, In the darkness and the dawn; Oh! what a lonely heart would mine be If both of you were gone!

BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT .-- At the recent meeting in New Orleans, for the relief of the Irish sufferers, the Hon. S. S. Prentiss made a speech, from which we take the following beautiful extract: "There lies upon the other side of the

wide Atlantic, a beautiful island, famous in story and in song. Its area is not segreat as that of the State of Louisiana, while its population is almost half that of the Union. It has been prolific in statesmen, warriors and poets. Its brave and generous sons have fought successfully all battles but their own. In wit and humon it has no equal; while its harp, like its his tory, moves to tears by its sweet but mel-ancholy pathos. Into this fair region God has seen fit to send the most terrible of all those fearful ministers who fulfil his inscrutable decrees. The earth has failed to give her increase; the common mother has forgotten her offspring, and her bresst no longer affords them their accustomed nourishment. Famine, gaunt and ghastly famine, has seized a nation with its strangling grasp: and unhappy Ireland, in the sad woes of the present, forgets for a moment the gloomy history of the past."

The Cholera.

Extract of a private letter, dated OROOMIAH, 24th Nov., 1846.

Before this reaches you, you will no doubt have heard that awful scourge, the Asiatic cholera, has visited this part of the world again, and also made its appearance in our midst. But I am most happy to be able to inform you, that its ravages have nearly ceased in the city of Oroomiah, and that all our party have thus far been mercifully spared. The disease broke out in Tebreez, 150 miles distant from here, on the 13th October, where it raged about a month with great violence. Report gives from 300 to 450 deaths daily,

during a part of the time. About the 25th October, the disease found its way here, and up to the present time has been prevailing with more or less violence. We have no accurate means of knowing the number that have been swept off by the pestilence, but it does not fall short of many hundreds. The very day that the existence of the disease became evident, our schools on the mission premises were disbanded, the scholars sent home and, the mission families, as soon as possible, repaired to our healthy retreat on Mount Sier, and there they

have remained to this time. From the first I thought it my duty to do what I could in a professional way for the sick and suffering, and constantly have spent the most of every day in visiting them, while I have usually been on the mountain at night. The disease raged

mostly among the Musselmen. In the city very few Nestorians fell victims to it, but now that the disease has spread among the villages of the plain more of the latter class are swept away. It is an awful scourge, and the more I see of it the more I am impressed with the idea. It is often so violent in its attack and so rapid in its course, that the patient is brought to the borders of the grave before you have time to do any thing for him. From its course in these countries hitherto, it seems to be moving Westward, and you must not be surprised, if by next summer, it should cross the Atlantic and again sweep over the New World.

We are now buried up, or nearly so, in the snow. Within the last week three feet or more have fallen and here on the mountains we are quite shut in. In four or five days we shall return to the city

One of the best toasts said to have been tes, was the following:

"The health of the Man who pays in advance for his Newspaper."

TO LET.

Brick House, containing Eleven Rooms with a fine cellar and cistern—Desirable Location. Enquire of the subscriber, Real Estate Agent, corner of 4th and Garrard street. ROBT. H. BALL. Covington, Feb. 27th, 1847-32.

Kentucky Military Institute. This Institution created by an Act of the General Assembly, will be opened for the reception

ist of March, 1847, under the immediate direction and entire control of a BOARD OF VISITORS,

Appointed by the Executive of the Commonwealth. Adam Epply IT contemplates a Military Organization for Literary and Scientific purposes; an educa-tion eminently scientific and practical; the for-Sam'l. S Spear, Doct. Miles. E. A. Wilson, mation of regular habits, and the diffusion of a nowledge of Military Science.

Military duties will not be permitted to in-S. J. Campbell. terfere with the pupil's progress in study, but will rather take the place of his unprofitable and often victous play.

The course of study adopted, and which will

Thos. Wakefield, be required in order to graduation, is that usually taught in the best Colleges, except that but one language is required, (Latin or French,) the E. Stone, Esq. time usually occupied by the second, being devoted to a more extended course in Mathemat-Dan'l Sands, ics. Natural Science and English Literature. A Preparatory Department is organized in W. Vansant. connection with the Institute, in which boys of J. Nuton, James Combs, any age are taken, and are subjected to the same

Military discipline as the Cadets. The position of the Institute, at the Frank-lin Springs, near Frankfort, Kentucky, (recent-ly occupied by the Franklin Institute,) is admi-Z. Longside, rably adapted in every respect to Academical purposes; the locality being airy and healthy, the mineral waters salubrious, the buildings elegant, extensive and commodious. and entirely apart from the contamination and multiplied malign offuences, which seem inseparable from a city or village residence.

The Institution is placed under the charge of Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, as SUPERINTENDENT, who has been brought prominently before the public, as a competent and successful teacher and governor of youth, by his honorable graduation at the United States Military Academy; his sub-sequent connection with the Army, and with the Engineering Service of the General Govern ment, as Superintendent of public works; by his long experience as an Instructor, by his re cent connection with the Transylvania Univer-

The Academic Year will be divided into two Sessions of twenty-one weeks each.

The first commencing on the 1st Monday in October, and the second on the 1st Monday in March. The only vacation occupying the months of August and September. The month of July will be spent in an excus sion through the State, for the better study of its Geology and of Natural Science generally.

Applicants for admission, on paying the charge of the Institute, and presenting a certificate of good moral character, will be admitted into the classes as their advancement may justify, and classes as their advancement may justify, and upon satisfactorily passing the next examination thereafter, will be entitled to a warrant of appointment, as Cadet, from the Governor.—

The uniform of the Cadets is plain and neat, and being of Kentucky Jeans, will greatly reduce the expense of their clothing.

OFFICERS OF THE INSTITUTE. His Excellency the Governor of Kentucky, Inspector, (ex-officio)

BOARD OF VISITORS. Gen. Peter Dudley, President of the Board and Adjutant General, (ex-officio.) Hon. Henry Clay, Ashland. Hon. J. J. Crittenden, Frankfort. Hon . John W. Russell, Franklin county. Hon. David Thurnton, Woodford county. Gen. John T. Pratt, Scott county.
Hon John Speed Smith, Madison county.
Hon. John L. Helm, llardin county. Col. Henry C. Payne, Fayette county. Col. Thomas Anderson, Louisville

ACADEMIC STAFF. Col R. T. P. Allen, A. M., Superintendent and Professor of Mathematics and Civil Engi-

neering.
Lieut. Col. F. A. HALL, A. M., Professor o Ancient Languages and Belles Lettres.
Maj. M. S. Harmon, A. M., Professor of Modern Languages and Natural Science.
Jacob T. Dickinson, M. D., Surgeon and Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
Maj. R. N. Allen, Professor of Elementary -Preparatory Department. Capt. Tuomas O. Anderson, Assistant In-

structor of Tactics. TERMS.

Institute charge per year of ten monthsfor Board, Tuition, Lights, Fuel, Washing and Medical attendance, (payable half yearly in advance,) \$160 00 Charge in the Preparatory Department, for same, [payable half yearly in advance,) Freek, German and Spanish Languages,

(extra) each, (payable half yearly in advance,)

By order of the Board of Visitors,
P. DUDLEY, Adj. General
and Presi ent of the Board. Franklin county, Ky., Feb. 9, 1847 24.

PROTECTION INSURANCE CO. THE undersigned, having been appointed Agent of the Protection Insurance Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, offers to insure Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Barns, Stables, and the contents of each project leaves or &c., and the contents of each against losses or damage by fire. This Institution is well known throughout the United States, for its solvency and promptness in settling losses. Propert holders have now an opportunity, for a small sum, to protect their property from the damages

to which it is daily exposed:

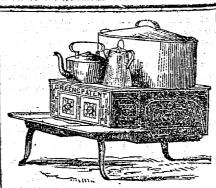
The citizens of Covington and vicinity are invited to call on the undersigned, who is authorized to take risks and issue policies.

JNO. MACKOY, Agent,

Madison Street Office, at his Store in Foote's Row, opposite the Madison House. Covington, Feb. 13, 1847.

NEW WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.—
The subscriber has just received and is now opening a fresh stock of Goods in his line, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Pencils, Keys; Diamond, Ruby, Garnet, Amethyst, Topaz, Turquois Sett Finger Rings, &c. &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest W. C. HUNTINGTON, prices.

Watchmaker and Jeweler Nov 21. 123 Main st. bet. 3d and 4th. SILK PURSES.—A supply just received and for sale at HUNTINGTON'S, 123 Main st, bet'n 3d and 4th. 26, 1846. Cin., Sep. 26, 1846.



CREEN'S PATENT COOKING STOVE, manufactured and sold only by WM. E. CHILDS, No. 21, Fifth street, South side, beween Main and Walnut, sign of the Gilt

"We, the undersigned, have used most if not all the popular Cooking Stoves, and now have in use Green's Patent, which we by far give a deided preference. In point of convenience, dispatch in cooking, heft of plates and economy o drunk at the Printers' Festival at Roches fuel. In baking, we believe it can have no We cheerfully recommend the above Stove to all who may wish to purchase, as we believe it far superior to any now in use.

Doct, Allen,

Robt. Jones,

John Harding

John Conklia,

Chas. Stewart.

Samuel Spears.

Ward,

Wm. Warren, Jr.

Philip Henry,

Woodbridge,

G. W. Brown,

Wm. Reynolds.

f P. Cornel, Esq. Nelson Brown, A. L. Martin. D. K. Williams, John Robins, W. K. Runnalds C. Bates, Esq E. S. Montague, James Walters, John Willis, J. T. Thompson, . J. Wheeler, Dr. J. E. Wheeler. John Cummings, C. Whitcomb, Asa Bird. Thos. H. Miner, J. L. Wright, J. Harring, Esq. W. E. Childs. J. S. Stansbury, H. Bateman, Kv. J. Milton. E. Collins, Esq. Chas. Montague, J. N. Wainright, Mrs. Cummings.

Capt. Thorne. J. S. Wilson, H. J. Tracy, John G. Grant. Joel Green, Mr. Meyer, H. M. Baldwin Esq. Williams. Sam'l. Baker, C. Epply, Elias Day, E. Mayer, E. S. Oberdonfer

Hastings, Esq. M. Green S. J. Runion, L. S. Folger, J. Hartwell, 2d Z. E. Comsto k,

N. B. Any one who shall purchase the abov named Green's Patent, after giving it a fair trial, and believe it not to come up to the above recommendations, may return the same and I vill refund the money. W. E. CHILDS.

The subscriber is also manufacturing and eeps on hand the Cook's Favorite, Hot Air, Premium, ten Plates and all the late and most approved patterns of Store, Office and Parlor Stores, all of which will be sold very low for

N. B. Be sure to find the three Gilt Stoves Aug. 22, 1846.—5-19 W. E. CHILDS.

WESTERN MILITARY SCHOOL GEORGETOWN, KENTUCKY,

Г. F. Jonnson, * Superintendant. WM. F. HOPKINS,* Professor of Nat. Science. &c WM. T. MARTIN,* Professor of Mathematics, &c J. J. WYCHE, A. M., Professor of Languages. R. H. Forrester, Esq., Professor of Law. AN ABLE TEACHER WILL BE CHOSEN, AS PRINCI-

PAL OF PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT. The design of this Institution is, to afford to young men of the West and South, a more pracfical and varied course of instruction, than can be found in any seminary of learning west of the mountains. Military discipline and military uniform will be enforced as far as desirahle: the uniform to be neat and simple, so as to e at the same time serviceable and cheap. In the Scientific and Mathematical Depart nents, will be taught, Chemistry with its ap-

dication to Agriculture; Mineralogy, Geology the principles of Civil Engineering, Architec ture, and Navigation; Surveying, Drawing, &c.; together with the other branches usually taught in those departments of our Western Colle ges. In the Department of Languages, will be

taught Greek, Latin, French, Germon, and In the Department of Law, will be taught the

elements of Constitutional International and Common Law; the object being, to communicate to the Student, such a knowledge of the Constitution and Laws of his country, as may be necessary to make him an intelligent citizen. A Parliamentary Institute will be conducted by the Professor, to qualify young men for the business of public and deliberative assemblies In the Military Department, especial attentention will be paid to Field Fortifications, to the Infantry, Rifle and Artillery Drills—while, f circumstances shall justify it, opportunity will be afforded for instruction in such branche as the Sword Exercise, the Cavalry Drill, the

duties of the Camp. &c., &c. A prominent object of the Institute, will be to impart valuable instruction to those young men who seek admission into the national Mili-tary and Naval Schools, or directly into the Army; as well as to those who have in view, vari-

us civil pursuits.
The Superintendant begs leave to refer to his numerous Patrons and Pupils throughout the West and South, while he takes it upon himself to say a few words of the Professors individually, whom he now presents to the notice of the public.

PROF. HOPKINS was, for eight years, professor of Natural Scicence at West Point; subse quently, President of the Norfolk Institute, Va., and recently elected Principal of the Rens-

PROF. MARTIN, after graduating at West Point, had valuable experience in drilling and preparing recruits for the Army, and served during the campasgn of '37 and '38 in the Florida' PROF. WYCHE was educated at Hampder

Sidney College, Va., and the University of N. C., where he graduated with distinction, and was retained as assistant Professor, till elected to the Chair of Languages in Jefferson College, Mi. He bears testimonials from Prof. Long, of the Virginia University, Prof. of Olmsted, of Yale College, Gen. Quitman, of Mi. and other eminent individuals.

Prof. Forrester is a popular public speaker.

practised writer, and was for some years ember of the Pittsburg Bar. The Institute will be open on the lat day o February, 1847. Terms-\$20 per session, in advance, for the nigher classes, and \$15 per session for the Pre-

paratory Department. Good Boarding can be had in Georgetown a \$2 per week.

*Educated at West Point.

PENALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

The 19th Session of the Female Collegiate Institute will commence on the 11th day of January, under the management of the sub scriber, aided by his former experienced Assistants, and will close on the 25th day of June. 1847. T. F. JOHNSON, A. M., Principal Georgetown, Dec. 26. 1846—2m

STEEL FIRE SETS.—100 sets of Steel Sho els, Tongs and Pokers. Also, 50 sets Steel Pokers and Shovels for sale by J. K. OGDEN & CO.

162 Main st, sign of the Old Padlock.
Cin. Sep. 26, 1846.

Mrs LANGDON & SISTERS MILLINERS AND DRESS MAKERS,

Scott St., between 4th and 5th, Covington, Ky. RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of this city and vicinity that they have opened a new Millinery and Dress Making establishment, in the Shop lately occupied by Mrs. Read. They have employed a skillful Milliner, and are prepared to execute work in the latest and best They solicit a share of public patronage

Notice.

TOHN MACKOY has removed his Store t Foote's New Brick Buildings, on Madison treet, at the elbow of the Turnpike, where, in addition to his stock of Dry Guods, he is now receiving and opening a stock of GROCE-RIES, and would respectfully invite the attention of his friends and old customers. Produce of almost every kind will be received in exchange for goods. Covington, April 4, 1846.

OUITARS! GUITARS!! GUITARS!!!—

Just received and now opening, at the New
Jewelry and Music Store, 123 Main st. a good assortment of low priced Guitars.

ALSO-Violins, French and German Accordeons, Flutes, Clarionets, Fifes, Music Boxes, French strings for the Guitar and Violin, &c., all of which will be sold very cheap at HUNTING FON'S,

123 Main st, bet'n 3d and 4th. 26, 1846. Cin., Sep. 26, 1846. HOMAS EMERY has removed his Lard Oil Factory to 33 Water street, between Oil Factory to 33 Water street, between Walnut and Main sts, where he will be pleased to see his customers.



BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY.

INGRAM & CO., return thanks for the liberal encouragement they have received since they, have been in Covington, and INGRAM & CO., return thanks for the beg leave to inform their friends and the public a general, that they continue their business on sippi Valley.

Addison St., four doors below Sixth where they

But knowing that the paper itself will be Madison St., four doors below Sixth where they have on hand and are manufacturing to order,

Boots & Shoes, Of the best quality and latest fashion. The pledge themselves that their work shall be as goo as any that is made in Cincinnati or any other place, both in style, fit and durability. tlemen that will call on us may be suited nea home and without crossing the river. We hope that from our long experience to be able to please all that may call on us.

ALSO—We have a good assortment of Calf. Kip, Coarse and Boys Boots, not of our own make, which we will sell as low as any house i the city. Gentlemen will please call and examine before buying elsewhere.

N. B. One or two journeymen, who are first

rate workmen, can find good employment and cash every Saturday, by applying as above.

Covington, Nov. 7, 1846. 16-tf

BIRNEY'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS. T is well known to physiologists that vitality is in constant conflict with the physical and chemical influences to which all inanimate mat

ter is subject. When the organs of digestion they fail to resist properly the chemical action of the various substances taken as food into th stomach; hence arises the fermentation and formation of new and injurious agents, which so materially affect the health and spirits of a large class of persons. Dyspepsia, involving in its train every form of bilious disease and often death, is the inevitable result. To remedy these disorganizations and restore vigorous digestion these pills are confidently offered to the public composed of vegetable substances, the virtues of which were learned by the proprietor from the Indians of the prairies These pills will not fail if properly administered to effect a thoroug

Prepared by Birney & Brother, Druggists, E, corner of Lower Market and Sycamore st Cincinnati. For sale by BIRGE AND COMP'NY. Drug gists, corner of Turnpike and Madison sts, Covington, Ky. (1) Beware of counterfeits.

Nov. 28, 1846.

Birney's Tonie Febrifuge A Certain Cure of Fever and Ague.

I HE demand upon the Proprietors for the unfailing Remedy for that terror of all new

countries, has become so great, that they have determined to put it into the reach of all persons in the United States.

In no instance has it failed to produce a spec dy and effectual cure, with a perfect restoration of general health. It is prudent in most cases to continue the use of this Medicine for several

days after it has been checked.

The Indians of our country, especially the emoved from the haunts of man, have long been buffled the skill and experience of the most en inent Physicians;—a long residence in the In dian country of the North, and among the different wild tribes of the Prairies, has enabled the Proprietor of the Febrifuge to present a remedy which must command the gratitude of all in

dividuals suffering from Fever and Ague. Since the discovery of the principal ingredi-ent as an active principle in the speedy and cer-ies, they have no doubt of giving satisfaction to tain cure of Fever and Ague, no remedy as a all who may favor them with their orders. substitute has equalled it although from the dif-

gists, corner Lower Market and Sycamore sts, incinnati. For sale in Covington at the Drug Store BIRGE AND COMP'NY. Junction Turnpike & Madison sts.

Nev. 28, 1846.

Samuel Monk, Jr., Wholesale and Retail Dealer & Manufacturer

BOOTS & SHOES:

Of the latest and most approved styles in this city. The subscriber has now received his Fall stock, directly from the best manufactories in the United States, and is prepared to furnish customers with as good an article and at as low prices as any other Shoe Dealer. Please call at No. 70 Lower Market st., nor Broadway, Cincinnati, O.

All orders punctually attended to. SAMUEL MUNK, Jr. Nov. 14, 1846. 17-9m.

RASS STAIR RODS.—Round, flat and oval, assorted, from 24 to 30 inches, for sale by J. K. OGDEN & CO., No 162 Main st, sign of the Old Padlock. Cin., Sep. 26, 1846. RON STONE COFFEES.—Just received 1 cask C. J. Mason's Iron Stone Coffees, with

and without handles, for sale by O. ALDRICH, Agent, Cin. may 16 1846 .- 6t. 174 Main street A Friendly Call.

HOSE of my customers that have been owing me for two & three years, will oblige me by calling & cettling up their accounts, as my own creditors begin to want money C. | MULLINS, Covington, July 11th, 1846. 51 ly.

Prospectus of the Cincinnati Atlas. BY STEVENSON, LOOKER & TODD.

THE undersigned, having purchased of N. GULFORD, Esq., the entire establishment, embracing the Atlas Newspaper, Joh Office, &c., will take charge of it on the first day of January, 1837.

It is hoped the new arrangement will prove entirely satisfactory to all the former patrons of

The Editorial Department of the paper wil e under the direction of THOMAS B. STE-VENSON, long experienced as a politicalwriter, and late editor of the Frankfort Commo wealth, the Whig Journal at the Capital of Kentucky, The departments of Commerce, News, Literature, City Items, &c., will be faithfully attended to by a strong corps of Regular Assistant Editors; while also, in all de partments of the paper, the editor will be aided by numerous occasional contributors and correspondents. Regular correspondents will be employed at Columbus, Washington, and other important points; so that the paper wil be made, in its entire scope, if a liberal outlay of enterprise, industry, and other means can accomplish such a result, an interesting and use ful Journal, worthy of the confidence and suport of Politicians, Farmers, Manufacturers Mechanics, Families, and General Readers. Every arrangement will be made to secure and publish the earliest News from every quar

The political character of the Atlas will be WHIG—thorough WHIG. It will be every thing for the Whig cause, nothing for Men. It will sacrifice no principle of the Whig party, no interest of the country, for any considerations. of present or remote expediency. Taking it for granted that the nominee of the Whig part for the Presidency will be worthy the support the Whigs of the Nation, the Atlas will give to City of Cincinnati, alone, within two months, such nominee, from whatever quarter of the and in no case has it failed to give entire satis-

support.

The Commercial Department of the Atlas will be under the direction of Mr. A. PEA-BODY, of the Merchants Exchange, and will, we hope, offer peculiar claims to the patronage of businegs men of every practical pursuit of life—Farmers, Traders, Merchants, Manufacturers, Mechanics, &c., &c. It will present daily reports of the Cincinnati Market—sales and prices; a weekly review of the Market; the imports and exports by river, canals, and rail road, with a weekly tabular exhibit of the same; commerce and trade of our city. Notices of Domestic and Foreign Markets of latest dates will regularly be given, with statistical and such other commercial information as is necessary to make the Atlas a thorough Commercial paper.

Identifying our entire interests with this great city, we hope to prove ourselves worthy of, terested see them for yourselves; they are and confidently expect to receive, a liberal share tered over the city and can be easily found. of patronage, in the way of subscriptions to G. W. Phillips the Atlas, Advertisements, all sorts of Job Harrison streets. Work, &c. &c. All the proprietors of the Atlas being Natives of the West, we feel confident G. W. Coffia, But and the street of the West, we feel confident G. W. Coffia, But and the street of the West, we feel confident G. W. Coffia, But and the street of the West, we feel confident G. W. Coffia, But and the street of the west, we feel confident G. W. Coffia, But and the street of the west of the west of the street of the that we understand, and can in some measure promote, the vast interests of the great Missis

judged by its contents, we refer to it; being per-fectly willing that it shall be approved or rejected according to its merits or demerits. The Atlas is published on a Double Super-Royal sheet, of superior paper, with new Min-ion and Nonpareil type, on the terms following:

DAILY, per annum, TRI-WEEKLY, " \$8,00 Subscriptions to the Daily and Tri-Weekly payable half-yearly. All Mail Subscribers will be required to pay in advance.

Advertisements will be thankfully received.

and inserted at the regular rates. Our exchanges are respectfully requested to copy this Prospectus. We will be happy to reciprocate the favor on any occasion.

THOS. B. STEVENSON. W. R. LOOKER. JAMES M. TODD.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 23, 1846. FALL LARD OIL.—No 1 Lard oil Manufactured in a deep cellar, calculated for Fall weather, by THOMAS EMERY, weather, by THOMAS EMERY, Lard Oil Manufacturer, No 33 Water st, be-tween Main and Walnut. Cincinnati, Sep. 26, 1846.

A NVILS AND VICES.—40 best solid box Pittsburgh Vices, 60 to 10 lbs; 60 best Cotter kep and plain Vices 30 to 80 lbs; ALSO—100 Armitage and Foster's Anvils, 90 300 lbs. For sale b TYLER DAVIDSON & CO.. 126 Main st, 3 doors above Commerc'l Bank. Cin., Sep. 26, 1846.

CLOCKS! CLOCKS! CLOCKS!! A FRESH lot of clocks received this day, and for sale by WM. GALLUP. June 28, 1845.

Light! Light!! DR. WISE has just received a large supply of superior Lard Oil from the best factories. which he will sell at manufacturers prices corner 4th and Scott sts, Covington. Feb. 6, 1847.

THE CINCINNATI TYPE FOUNDRY AND PRINTER'S DEPOT: ESTABLISHED 1820.

THE Proprietors of the Cincinnati Type Foundery would respectfully call the atten-tion of Printers and Publishers to the following otices of WELLS' IMPROVED and EXTRA FINISHED WASHINGTON HAND PRESS

Having lately enlarged their works, and procured the best of woukmen, they are now making Printing Presses of a superior finish, and asier of pull than are made at any other Press Establishment; and for workmanship and duraknown to possess the art of curing by extracts billiy they flatter themselves cannot be excelled of simple herbs and roots, diseases which have East or West, and at as fair prices, and on reability they flatter themselves cannot be excelled onable terms.

Their Type foundry department has been greatly extended, and furnished with new letter, both Plain and Fancy, and of an extensive variety. Feeling confident that Type made at this establishment are of as good a quality and finish as any made at the Eastern Founder-

They also keep on hand (and order if refaculty of its preparation many have been tried quired) Fancy Type, Cuts, Borders, &c., from by eminent physicians.

Prepared only by Birney & Brother, Drug-Geo. Bruce & Co., and John T. White, New York. Also, German, Greek and Hebrew Type furnished to order. Having made arrangements with ADAMS & Co. Boston, and Fosier & Co. Cincinnati, orders

ders will be received at this establishment for the above make POWER PRESSES, which will be furnished at manufacturers' prices, with cost of freight added to the Boston Presses. HORACE WELLS, Agent. Oct. 17, 1846.

State of Kentucky, Kenton County. - Morris' Adm'r, Com.

Y8. - Morris' Heirs &c. Defts. N obedience to a Decree of the Kenton Circuit Court, rendered at the October term, 1846, in the above case, I hereby notify the administrator of the estate of _____Morris deceas ministrator of the estate of _____Morris deceased, to produce to me in my office, corner of Scott street and Market Space, Covington, Ky., on or before the 5th of day April, 1847, proof as to the amount of the estate-real, personal and otherwirse, of said deceased; and creditors of said state are required to make proof of their claims

within the same time.
A. H. JAMESON, M. Commissioner. Feb. 13, 1847. 30—8w.

W. J. BERRY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, WILL attend the courts of Kenton, Camp-

business with which he may be favored, will meet with strict and prompt attention. Office on the South side of Market Space. Covington, Feb. 13, 1847.

Can be had in Cincinnati. Just dro can be had in Cincinnati. Just dro can be had in Cincinnati. Just dro crossing the river.

For sale low by J. B. JONES & Co.

Feb. 6th 1847. Jan. 22 1846. @ reer's Old Stand.



GINSENG

APPROVED BY THE FACULTY, For Coughs, Colds, Aslhma, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all other affections of the Bron-chial tubes.

PREPARED entirely from the Ginseng and warranted to contain no preparation of Antimony, Mercury or Opium.

More than 2000 bottles have been sold in the

Union called, a firm, fervent and enthusiastic

The Giuseng Punacea is now ordered by Physical Control of the Country of the C sicians of the first respectability, in their regu-lar-practice, and its claim to be considered the only article ever discovered capable of speedily and permanently allaying bronchial irritation, which is the sole cause of cough, asthma, bronchitis, and according to Dr. Eberle who but expresses the opinion of all the first authorities in Europe and America, of two-thirds of all the cases usually regarded as true tuburculous consumption must be considered as forever settled. We select the following names from a long cataand also all other matters connected with the logue of persons who have felt its healing influ commerce and trade of our city. Notices of ence on their own person, or seen it in their fam ilies, and we wish it distinctly noted that they

> are IN OUR OWN CITY; 20 persons accessible to all who wish to enquire we attach no certificate. If you are at all in terested see them for yourselves; they are scat-G. W. Phillips, Bloadway, between 5th and W. Parvin, Broadway, near Yeatman. G. W. Coffia, Buckeye Bell Foundry, 2d st.

J. Vanduzen, at Hopers warehouse, Syca-J. A. Trainor, Surgeon Dentist, Congress st - Bigger, Sec. Equitable Ins Co Stome, firm of J. F. Dair & Co., Syc-

more and Lower Market. Noble, Canal Collector's Office. M. Guthrie, Holmes' paper store, Main, nea 5th street.

A. Maish, Tinner, 2d near Sycamore st.
J. Jones, Assistant Clerk Hamilton Co. Supe

rior Court.
Shepherd, 5th st. east Broadway. - Davis, Columbia. E. H. Wheadon, firm Wheadon & Blinn Auc

Dr. Knser, 14th st. between Vine and Race - Kerman, firm Finkbine & Kerman Main O. F. Benjamin, Importer, 3d st. between Main and Sycamore. A. Newell, Tanner, Symmes st. H. Lyon, Finisher, Front st.

W. Johnson, Carpenter, 3d st. Capt. Adams, Columbus House. V. Jones, corner Longworth and Race. S. Sterling, corner Vine and Centre. Mrs. Hunter, at J. D. Jones, 3d st. N. M. Florer, Sycamore st. J. Farris, corner 9th and Vine.

Cincinnati, March 7, 1846. You darned old Paris

Dr. Drake.



AM now prepared to Clean, Renew, &c. GENTLEMEN'S WEARING APPAREL in a style that will do honor to the trade. Clothing taken in all conditions, and made to appear as NEW.

TAR, PAINT, and all kinds of resinous substances removed,. Without the use of Alkali's, All faded gar ments restored My system of renewing is a Yankee Improvement on the plans practised by

the Jews of London and Paris. Economy is the road to wealth, And cleanliness promotes your health; Bring on your faded coats without delay, For I will please each one or take no pay B. Agent for the sale of Water go

Coats, Pants, Wagon and Dray Covers, &c. Customers will find the undersigned at hi shop on Congress street, 2d door from Broadway, t all hours. R. WALKER. Cincinnati, July 25, 1846. ALL HAIL .-- Cheaper than has this da, received a large as sortment of Ladies' fancy Gaiters and half Gaiters; Misses' do do and do do; Children's do do and Buttor Boots; do do Buskins of different patterns.

ALSO-A splendid assortment of Gent's fine Calf and Morocco Boots Brogans, of his own manufacture, also, a general variety of men's, boy's, and children's Palm Leaf and Leghorn Hats, also, a good assortment of men' Leghorn and Panama Hats, all of which he will sell very low, at Wholesale or Retail, at the sign the BIG YELLOW BOOT, No. 38 Lower Market street, 2nd door west of Sycamore at incinnati, south see.
Remember No. 38. Cincinnati, south side. H. J. DAKES. DLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN

I GALLERY AND PHOTOGRAPHERS FURNISHING DEPOTS: Awarded the Gold il Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splen did Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.
Instructions given in the art. A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock lways on hand, at the lowest cash prices. New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphin, 136

Chesnut St.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover Sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va. Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Wal nut, and 176 Main St.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway: l'aris, 127 Vicille Rue du Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St. June 27, 1846. 49-1y.

Paints, Oils, &c &c.

UST received, by Dr. WISE, at his estab-I lished depot, a large assortment of Paints, Oils & Dye Stoffs, which will be sold as low as can be had in Cincinanti. Just drop in before

COVINGTON FURNITURE,

CHEAPER than ever at A. P. Rose' WareRoom, on Scott st. opposite John SPerry's
Lumber yard, will be found a splendid assortment of Furniture and Chairs of every description size and kind; such

Beaureaus, Mahogony front, 8 00

be had in the United States, and better cannot be made. Come and see.

N. B. COFFINS ready made, of every size and form ready with fifteen minutes notice. A fing-one or two horse HEARSE in readiness at all times—best in this City. Splendid HACKS, any number, can be farnished at any moment and all at the very cheapest rates. The subscriber can be found, through the day, at the above ware room-at night, at his resi-

euce on Turnpike st., opposite the residence o Mr. Wm. Wason. Covington, August 30, 1845.

NEW TEA STORE ON WALNUT STREET.—The subscribers have made arrangements with the New York Pekin Tea Company, for the exclusive sale of their Teas in the city of Cincinnati and State of Ohio, and are now receiving and opening a full supply of all the different kinds and qualities imported by this extensive Company, done up in quartes pound, hf pound and pound packages, and five pound cartoons. The first or inside wrapper i lead, the second wrapper is water proof paper

and the third or outside wrapper is of Chines-The Company having made arrangements. with some of the heaviest houses in Canton, and also selected an agent of great experience and high respectability to proceed to China for the selection and purchase from stocks grown in the best districts of that country, are so assured of the superiority of their Teas, that they pledge themselves to sell none but pure good Teas, done up in this superior manner, all of hem grown in the most luxuriant districts of the celestial empire, and at prices much lower than the same quality of Teas have ever been

offered in this market.

The proprietors of hotels and steamboats and private families are invited to give us a call.

G. S. VEAZEY, Successor to I. I. Holmes & Co., only agent for the N. Y. Pekin Tea Company, Me odia ings, Walnut st, between Fourth and Fifth.
Catalogue of Green and Black Teas for sales:
the Pekin Tea Store, Walnut street, between

Fourth and Fifth Cincinnati. GREEN TEAS. Young Hyson, sweet cargo; do do fine cargo; extra fine : Silver Leaf. SHIVER LEAF-Seldom sold even by large deal-

ers, because of the very small profits made on its sale. This is a superior Tea. Golden Chep, Plantation or Garden growth. GOLDEN CHOF-This is the finest Green Tea cultivated in China, It is of the first pickings,

and excels all other Green Teas for its delicacy of flavor, strength and aroma. Heretofore this Tea has never reached this country, except in small lots, as presents to importers. Hyson, very fine; do Plantation growth; Gunpowder;
de do small leaf, plantation growth;

Imperial, brisk and fragrant; curious leaf, very superior; Hyson Skin, good, fine flavor; Powchong, good, full flavor; very superior;

Southong, good, fine flavor; extra fine: Oolong, strong, fine flavor, Occond-This Tea is a great favorite, and gives general satisfaction.

very fine, plantation growth; Ne Plus Ultra NE PLUS ULTRA-This Ten is as fragrant and sweet as a nosegay. It yields a perfume that is truly delightful. It is of garden growth, and superior to any thing of the kind ever sold in

this country.
English Breakfast Tea, very fine; Tea; Pekoe Flavor,

Congo, good; Pekoe Flowers, good;
do do garden growth.
The above Teas range in prices accesding to quality, from fifty cents per pound for a good article, to \$1.50 per pound. The entire catalogue of the Company is selected expressly for their customers, from stock grown in the best district of China. So assured are they of the superiority of their Tens. that they pledge themselves in all cases where they do

not on trial prove to be what they are represented, to return the money.

G. S. VEAZEY. Agent for Pekin Tea Company. Cincinnati, Oct. 24, 1846.

SPRING SUPPLY. 100,000 YARDS OF CARPET-

PRICES) Wholesale and Retail, varying in prices from 124 cents to \$3 50 per yard, at the NEW CARPET WAREHOUSE, No. 170 Main-st up-stairs between 4th and 5th sts, Cincinnati, The subscribers have lately opened an exclusive Carpet Warehouse, such as are to be found in the Eastern Cities; and it is the only one of the kind in the Western country. We have latelybeen receiving our Spring supplies the public need therefore not go East any more, when such an establishment is to be found in Cincinnati. We respectfully invite your attention to our new and splendid stock. Also, our spacious room to exhibit them in. please call and judge for yourselves we are receiving new supplies ev-

ery day. Among my stock are to be found every article pertaining to the Carpet business, viz: Full setts of 4-4 and 3-4 Brussels Topestry; Full setts of Wilton and Saxony; Now style splendid and rich imperial Care Extra neavy 3 ply Carpets; Best seperfine Ingmin: Handsome extra fine Ingrain ;

Fine and common do: 4-4, 3 4, and 5-8, Royal treble twilled Yenetinns; 4-4, 3-4, and 5-8, fine. English worsted Vene... tians; 4-4,3-4, and 5-8 London Damask Venetians, 4-4,3-4, and 5-8 Plain strippd do;

Rugs, extra superfine Cheneille; Brussels and Axminster: Matts, tufted, Saxony, and Adelaide:

Jute, Matina, and Calicant.

ALSO — Imported and American Bruss hStair, and Parlor Carpeting, not to be surpass e
anywhere. Also, a full and complete stock so.
English and American Floor Oil Cloth, handsomer and better than any ever offered in this
market, and will cut them any size for Roome,
Halls Entrice Vertibule. Description Halls, Entries, Vestibules, Door-pieces, &c.-Also, Coach Oil Cloths, Furniture Cloths, Drug-

gets and Floor Baizes. Also-French embossed Piano and Table ALSo-Canton and Spanish Floor Mattings

3-4, 5-4, and 4-4 wide. Also-Table Linens, Dispers, Crash, Stata Linen, Cotton and Woolen Crumb Cloths: al colors of figured Damask and watered Moreans

Stair Rods, Carpet Binding, &c.
J. C. RINGWALT & CO.
April 4, 1846. 37 ylc 37 ylc

John Singer. Fashfonable Barber and Hair Dresser,

Pashionable Battler and Hair Discourse ETURNS his sincere thanks to the Citizens of Covington for past favore, and solicits a continuance of the liberal patronage by which he has heretofore been sustained.

Rooms on Greenup st., nearly opposite Bakes Hotel Conington Ku. Hotel, Covington, Ky. 47 June 14, 1845. BRASS ANDIKONS.—70 pairs Brass And irons, of the latest patterns and various

sizes, for sale very low, by
J. K. OGDEN & CO.,
162 Main st, sign of the Old Padiock.

Cin., Sep. 26, 1846. Corner of 4th, & Scott Strite, Covington, Ky