





# LICKING VALLEY REGISTER.

Henry B. Brown, Editor.

## COVINGTON.

SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1846.

V. B. PALMER is our agent for obtaining subscribers and advertisements in the following places, viz:

N. W. corner of third and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia.  
Tribune Buildings, (opposite City Hall), New York.  
S. E. corner of Baltimore and Calvert streets, Baltimore.  
No. 12, State Street, Boston.

He is fully authorized to receive the money and receipt for it, for all new subscribers and advertisements he may obtain.

Hon. J. T. Morehead will accept our thanks for public documents.

**PHENIX BLIND FACTORY.**—Mr. T. J. Richards, manufacturer of Venetian Blinds has established himself in this city, for the purpose of carrying on the above business. He is an experienced workman, having been at the business for a number of years, and we are assured that he will sell as low as any house in Cincinnati. This is the only factory of the kind in Covington, and we sincerely trust our citizens will liberally sustain the proprietor. See advertisement.

**GEN. COMBS.**—It will be seen by the letter of our Lexington Correspondent, that the manly and liberal course pursued by Gen. Combs, during the late session of the Legislature, is properly appreciated by his constituents. We hope to hear from "X," as often as his business will permit him to write.

See the advertisement of Maj. Chas. S. Clarkson in to-day's paper. Maj. C. is a gentleman of deservedly high standing, and we assure the public that business entrusted to his care will be faithfully and promptly attended to.

### Morehead's Practice.

We have received from H. W. Derby & Co. of Cincinnati, a copy of Gov. Morehead's new book, entitled "The Practice in Civil Actions and Proceedings at Law, in Kentucky; together with Precedents of Declarations, with Practical Notes." The work is printed on large, clear type and beautiful paper, and bound in handsome law-binding. Of the character of this book it is scarcely necessary to speak, the author's name being a sufficient guaranty of its value. No gentleman possesses superior qualifications for such a task than Gov. Morehead, and he has performed it with a degree of research, accuracy and ability, which justly entitles him to the gratitude of the legal profession throughout the country. A book of this kind has been long needed, and cannot but prove of incalculable benefit to the profession. It embraces the whole course of legal proceedings in civil actions in Kentucky, so admirably arranged that the most inexperienced lawyer will find no difficulty in searching out any legal decision he may desire to see. Every lawyer in Kentucky should provide himself with a copy of this truly valuable work. For sale at the Bookstore of H. W. Derby & Co., Main St. Cin.

### Capital of Louisiana.

We learn from the New Orleans Commercial Times, of the 26th ult., that the Legislature of Louisiana has selected Baton Rouge as the capital of that State.

### John U. Waring Shot.

The Louisville Journal of Monday learns that John U. Waring, "a man of violence and blood," was shot from the window of an upper room of a hotel at Versailles, one day last week. A rifle was found in the room, but the person who had fired it was missing. The ball entered Waring's forehead just above the eye, passed out under his chin, and went into his breast. The wound was supposed to be mortal.

Since the above was in type, we have received the Frankfort Commonwealth, in which the particulars of this affair are given. The Commonwealth says: He died about twenty-four hours after receiving the shot. On a post-mortem examination, it was found that the bullet had passed down his throat into his lungs. The examination disclosed a fact long suspected; that he was a strong coat of mail, made of steel.

See the advertisement of Mr. Kellum & Co. They manufacture a very superior article of Lard Oil, and we trust our friends, desirous of purchasing, will give them a call.

**"THE TREE OF LIBERTY AND PALMARD OF THE PRESS."**—The Advocate and Preserver of the People's Rights.—This is the title of a small pamphlet about to be published in Cincinnati by the Author, Mr. Edward Dolan. It discusses the causes of the decline and fall of the Roman Republic, and points out the dangers of the United States. The author attacks no person, upholds the claims of no party or set of men, but labors to expose abuses in whatever form they present themselves in our political system. The One-man power—the influence of the few over the many—is exposed, and the Liberty of the Press and of Speech strenuously advocated. The work will contain 70 pages, and will be furnished to subscribers at the low price of 25 cents per copy. Mr. D. will, in a few days, be in our city, for the purpose of soliciting subscriptions to his work.

### Licking Navigation.

The last Legislature chartered a company for the improvement of Licking River. We regret that we have not seen the charter, to examine in detail, and to publish in our paper. We have received suggestions from several highly respectable sources, that it would be best for the friends of Licking to hold a convention in this place, for the purpose of organizing under that charter. The Kentucky Intelligencer has suggested the 21st of April as a suitable time for such convention. We expressed our views concerning this charter whilst it was pending before the General Assembly freely, and dispassionately, but since it has become a law, we are anxious that an effort should be made to carry it out. An effort should be made to organize the company under the charter, and to procure subscriptions. No better plan as we conceive can be fallen on, than the assembling of a convention, representing the people interested, which would consider the matter deliberately, and with a determination to do everything for the best. Licking must be made navigable.

The cities of Buffalo, Detroit, and Cleveland have elected Whig Mayors.

## The British Party.

It has been a constant practice, with a portion of the Democratic party, ever since its organization, to denounce the Whigs, as the British Party. This is mere stuff, intended to catch "groundlings," and those who make the charge are either too ignorant to be noticed, or too wicked to be believed. Never was there a more patriotic, or self sacrificing party in any country than the Whigs of the United States. In every emergency, and whenever danger threatened, they have been found gallantly battling for their country—their interests, and their rights. The whole system of policy advocated by them has in view the prosperity and glory of the nation, and in none of the measures constituting that system does this truth appear more distinctly than in that which proposes to protect the labor of our own people against the blighting influences of Foreign competition. The Whigs advocate a Protective Tariff for the very reason that it protects our interests in opposition to British interests. Now it would greatly promote the interests of Great Britain to have our Tariff repealed, our manufactures broken down, and our market given up exclusively to British monopolists. Given, then, is the British party, if there be such, that which would gratify Great Britain by breaking down the Protective system, or that which would sustain this glorious policy, so fraught with blessings to the American people? The answer is obvious.

We do not charge that there is a British party in this country. We trust that there is not. We would accord patriotic motives to all parties, by whatsoever name they may be called, and however misguided they may be, in their political creed. But we do say, and it is susceptible of the clearest demonstration, that there is a party among us who advocates a policy which, while it would ruin thousands and tens of thousands of our citizens, while it would sap the very foundations of the National prosperity, would, at the same time, render us dependent upon Great Britain for our manufactured articles, and enrich her pampered and locally manufactured. If this be not true, why was the anti-protective report of Mr. Secretary Walker received with such unprecedented favor in the British Parliament? Why was it ordered to be printed and laid on the tables of the members of a Foreign Legislature? Because, simply, it was a British document in tone and spirit. It was hailed as a harbinger of hope and joy to the manufacturers of England. In all her wars and conquests, England has scarcely ever achieved anything which would add so much to her wealth, as the repeal of the American Tariff. No wonder, then, that Mr. Walker's Report, which recommends the repeal of the protective features of the Tariff, was received with such signal favor. No wonder that the anti-Tariff party of this country are applauded, flattered, and courted in England. It may not be their object to benefit Great Britain, by warring upon the Tariff; we impeach not their patriotism. They may be actuated by higher, more enlarged motives. But it is nevertheless true, and we appeal to the speeches in the British Parliament, of such men as Sir Robert Peel, Lord John Russell &c. &c. as well as to the British press, in proof of the assertion, that England has not a better body of friends—one that is likely to do her more substantial benefit, than the Free-trade Party of this country. What says the London Times on this subject? Read the following extract; and then deny, if you can, what we have said. The Times says:

"The principles of free trade, in defence of which (Mr. Calhoun) threatened in 1839 to rend the Union itself, and to nullify the supreme laws of the commonwealth are now triumphing in the world. The democratic party in America has achieved a victory which leaves its leading statesmen no excuse for not carrying into full effect the great principles of their political faith. It is true that in Pennsylvania and some of the northern States Mr. Polk's party took advantage of the obscurity of their candidate to pass him off as a supporter of the existing tariff; but the clear and able paragraphs in his Message on the subject of commercial restrictions have removed all doubt on this subject, and the American Government is advancing almost as rapidly as our own to a pure system of revenue duties. Texas has already added two votes to the cause of free trade; and to the defence of southern interests in the Senate; and before any final resolution can have been taken in Congress, the particulars of Sir R. Peel's measure will have been circulated in every part of the Union."

"THE AMERICAN GARDENER'S COMPANION, Revised and Enlarged." A copy of this handsome little volume has been presented to us by the author, Mr. EDWARD SAYRE. It is beautifully illustrated, and is a very useful companion to the Gardener. To the ladies who are fond of making a display of Flowers, this volume is almost indispensable. For sale at the Drug Store of T. Bird, in this city.

Cuba.—It is said that a Revolution is about to take place in Cuba, the people of that Island not being able to bear longer the tyranny of their rulers.

The Steamer Swallow, is reported as sunk in the Arkansas river.

### RUMOR.

It is said that Mr. Calhoun and Mr. Polk have had a long interview, and that they concurred in opinion as to the course which ought to be pursued. The Union admits the fact that there had been this interview; but is properly silent as to the other part of the assertion. It says, among the rumors about the interview:

"One of the writers states that he has no doubt these despatches are on their way by the Cambria. Another speaks of the proposition as the ultimatum of our government. One account states that the negotiation is to be transferred to London.

"We have no doubt that these are all visions of the imagination. No ultimatum has been sent—no offer has been made—none will probably be made, because we humbly conceive it to be the duty of the British government to offer one in its turn. The theatre of any negotiation has not been shifted to London. And yet the President has not abated in the slightest degree the desire which has been twice expressed by his Secretary of State to adjust the whole question in a harmonious and peaceable manner.

"The administration seems to be engaged in devising every possible means of making itself contemptible. It protests that it will 'submit to nothing which is wrong' and that it is 'titled to the whole of Oregon' is 'clear and unquestionable,' and yet it has offered to yield up a large portion of the territory. It talks furiously about war and threatens Great Britain with annihilation, and yet makes not the slightest effort at preparation. It declaims loudly about its exclusive devotion to American interests, and yet is secretly negotiating at this moment for the sale of the American tariff to the British ministry.—*Los Jour.*

## Four Days Later from Europe.

The Packet Ship Toronto, at New York, brings London advices four days later than those received by the Cambria. The news does not appear to be of much importance. We are indebted to the N. Y. Sun for an extra containing it.

The London Morning Chronicle of Feb. 4th says:—

We have from the beginning rested our hopes of peace almost solely upon the rejection of the proposition to give the year's notice.—Every concession would be construed to be—if it would not be in fact—a concession to fear, a concession made "under the pressure of the alternative" of war. It cannot be too strongly impressed upon the American public that to adopt a resolution to give the year's notice, so far from facilitating, as they suppose it would do, the progress of negotiations, would be in fact to provide for their certain failure before we had entered upon them.

We are anxious that this opinion—which is, we believe, the opinion of the great bulk of the people of this country—may be known in America, while there is yet time for it to influence the decision of a momentous question.—Englishmen of all ranks, classes, and parties, desire peace at any price.

The Liverpool Cotton Market was firm.

The Corn markets have given way under the prospects of lower duties.

Riots in IRELAND.—Troops have been ordered to Galway and other large towns, for the purpose, it is said, of repressing any outbreak among the people which may arise owing to the exportation of corn.

The London Chronicle also says: let not the American people deceive themselves by supposing that they will get better terms by driving us into a corner. Let them not be so blind as to suppose that the termination of the existing treaty will facilitate negotiations, or that England will regard such a step in any other light than as the first indication of unfriendly intentions.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer stated in Parliament on the 6th, that the Government had ordered a large quantity of Indian Corn from the United States, to be distributed among the poor in Ireland.

### REPEAL OF THE CORN LAWS.

A petition from the County of Lancaster, signed by 330,019 petitioners in favor of the immediate repeal of the Corn Laws, was to be forwarded to Parliament forthwith.

### CONGRESS.

In Senate on the 21 Mr. Breese concluded his speech on Oregon.

In the House the New Jersey Election case occupied the day.

On the 3d, Mr. Dayton delivered a powerful speech on the Oregon Question, in the Senate. In the House several able speeches were delivered on the N. Jersey Election case, when the House adjourned.

In the Senate on the 4th the Oregon Resolutions were again taken up. Mr. Haywood addressed the Senate, and was listened to with marked attention. He commenced by observing that he was committed to nothing that was past upon this question—that he was operated upon by no aspirations for the future, and no motive but to discharge his duty faithfully as a Senator. He meant to throw no impediments in the way of the President in settling this question but to aid him all in his power. If he thought however, that the President entertained such views as were imputed to him by some who professed to be his friends, he should turn his back upon him.

Mr. H. then proceeded to show that the President had been placed in a false position by the Senators from Ohio, Ill. and Ia., and that his message could bear no such construction as these gentlemen, in their zeal for 54° 40', sought to put upon it.

Without concluding his excellent argument, Mr. H. gave way, at half past 3 o'clock, to a motion for adjournment.

In the House, the N. Jersey contested election was taken up, and the Resolution of the majority that Mr. FAIRLEE not be entitled to his Seat, was put and carried by Yeas and Nays. Yeas 119; Nays 66.

Mr. HAMLEN of Maine offered a resolution that Mr. RUNK be not entitled to a Seat in this House.—This was rejected by the casting vote of the Speaker, which gives Mr. Runk his seat in opposition to a majority of his political friends.

On the 5th, Mr. Mr. Haywood, concluded his remarks in the Senate on the Oregon resolutions. Some sharp shooting took place between him, and Mr. Hannegan, and Mr. Allen. The latter gentlemen took the remark of Mr. Haywood that the President was willing to settle the question by making the 43rd degree the boundary, in high dudgeon.

In the House nothing of importance transpired.

On Friday, the 6th, the Senate was not in session, and the House was engaged in considering private bills.

### Correspondence.

To the Editor of the Licking Valley Register:—LEXINGTON, MARCH 10th 1846.

We had a fine meeting of the citizens of "Old Fayette," Whig and Democrat, yesterday, to hear a speech from our late Representative, Gen. LESLIE COMBS, upon the subject of the great advantages of Railroad communication in general, and the importance to Kentucky, of the success of the several projects of this character, which were before the Legislature last winter; some of which then failed, among which latter, was the project of a road between Lexington and your growing little city. The General spoke to a crowded assembly for near two hours, and I have never seen more interest manifested, if we may judge from the fixed attention with which so large an audience listened for so long a time.—As an evidence of the fact, that his views, meet with approbation, it may be stated, that at the close of his speech, a resolution was offered by one of our staunchest old farmers, a man of great weight and standing in the county, approving in the strongest terms, the course of Gen. Combs in the Legislature and requesting him to become a candidate for a seat at its next session, and that this resolution was passed by such a meeting of both parties as I have described. I trust that he will consent to serve again in that capacity although I am aware that his private business has suffered from neglect for several years before the Legislature last winter, the great Whig cause throughout all parts of the country. It is to be hoped that he will return to the Legislature and that the friends of improvement in Kentucky will not lose his valuable and efficient services at this important crisis. In the course of his speech Gen. Combs expressed never cease assurance that all these works would be completed, and that, at no distant day, if those who desired the prosperity of the state and believed that it could be promoted by such means, will only apply themselves to success with energy and perseverance. Respectfully Yours &c.

X.

Lord Morpeth has been elected to Parliament.

James B. Ford and Henry Waller are candidates for the Legislature in Mason; and J. C. Glass, Joseph Thomas, and W. W. Alcott in Owen. G. W. Barber, of Boone, is a candidate for the Senate.

### Coal Coming.

The Pittsburg Journal of Tuesday morning says:—"We noticed the departure of a large number of Coal Boats, on Monday, for Cincinnati, Louisville and New Orleans."

The National Intelligencer announces the death of Gen. John P. Van Ness, of Washington city, on Saturday last, in the 77th year of his age.

**HUMAN GRATITUDE.**—When the funeral services for Louis XIV were performing, the church was hung in black, a magnificent mausoleum was raised over the bier, the edifice was filled with trophies and other memorials of the monarch's past glories, daylight was excluded, but innocent tapers supplied its place, and the ceremony was attended by the most illustrious personages of the realm. In silence for some time the scene before him, then raised his arms to heaven, looked down and slowly said, in a solemn and subdued tone,—"My brethren, God only is great." With one impulse, all the auditory rose from their seats, and reverently bowed to the altar.

### RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

Elder J. T. Johnson will preach in the Christian Church, this evening, (Saturday) at 11 o'clock, this evening at early candlelight, and to-morrow at 11 o'clock, A. M.

### DEED.

In Newport, March 8, of a disease of the heart Peter W. Son of Thomas D. and Margaret Seyler, aged 12 years, died on the 4th inst. at 11 o'clock, A. M. He was buried on the 10th inst. at 11 o'clock, A. M.

### Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

In endeavoring to impress upon the mind of our citizens the superior efficacy of this invaluable remedy for Consumption and Pulmonary Diseases in general, we wish to assure our readers that we are actuated solely by a desire to benefit the afflicted. Our faith in the remedy is founded upon the universal success attending its use, and we fully believe that the most faithless and incredulous, after witnessing its surprising virtues, will no longer doubt that "Consumption may and can be cured."

Such indeed is the fact, and so astonishing have been the cures effected by this Balsam, that it may in justice be considered the greatest triumph in the "healing art" that has yet been achieved. And we are satisfied, from our experience, that there are thousands now lingering upon the brink of the grave under a disease of lungs, in some form, who may be rescued from an early death, and restored to perfect health by the timely use of this medicine.

\* See advertisement.

**AFTER ALL** Medicines have failed, Doctor Duncan's Expectant Remedy must do the Healing and Curative business, after all. Why is it that so many persons are in the habit of grasping after the many deleterious nostrums published in the papers, put up by persons who have no knowledge of the theory or science of medicine; neither could they be forced to swallow their own poison, which they intend for others. Almost daily are these persons calling at our office whose countenances and debilitated structure denote the evils of the poisonous physic-palmed upon them by their affliction. If our graveyards could speak they would astonish the world of the vast amount carried there from the effects of poisonous medicines administered to them by persons who have grown wealthy upon the credulity of those whom they have duped.

Let it be borne in mind that Dr. Duncan's Expectant Remedy is well known throughout Europe, and approved of by the faculty, both in Dublin, Edinburgh, and a part of London, and has met the approbation of Physicians generally throughout the United States. It is therefore to be hoped that persons suffering from disease of the Lungs or any of the symptoms that may likely lead to Consumption, that they immediately obtain Dr. Duncan's valuable medicine and yet be spared.

Western Office 150 Soanore Street, Cincinnati. Advice given in all diseases.

### PHENIX BLIND FACTORY.

Venetian Blind. Pivot Shutter Blind. J. C. RICKARDS, Scott Street, between 4th and 5th, COVINGTON, KY.

MANUFACTURER OF Genes, Curled Maple, and Oak Blinds, a variety of which are kept constantly on hand. Window Curtains put up in the most approved mode, and Blinds retimed and painted.

ALSO: SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, neatly executed, in all its branches at the Phoenix Blind Factory.—Price low. 34-6m

### BOOTS, SHOES & PALM-LEAF HATS.

I AM NOW receiving my Spring and Summer stock of Boots, Shoes, and Palm-Leaf Hats, and will continue to receive during the season, every variety, price and style, suitable for the trade. Those wishing to purchase at Wholesale or Retail, will please call and examine my stock.

—ALSO—Constantly on hand of my own manufacture, Gentlemen's fine Calf and Morocco Boots. Brogans. "Kid" Buskins and Slippers. Children's shoes of every variety. Which I will sell on terms that will give satisfaction to those that favor me with their patronage. Sign of the BIG RED ZOOT.

JOHN GATES, No. 5 Lower Market, 21 door East of Main Street, Cincinnati. March 14, 1846.

### WANTED.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, wishing to engage as Tutor in a private family, and would instruct in the Latin and Greek Classics; the English language, in all its branches; Writing and Arithmetic; the rudiments of Mathematics and Algebra; Book-keeping by single and double entry.

Most respectable reference can be had as to character and capability. Address D. G. V., Post-Office, Cincinnati, O. March 14, 1846. 34-1m.

### FAMILY FLOUR.

A superior article of Family Flour, on hand and for sale by HOBART & RICHARDSON, 30 Sycamore st. Cin. March 14, 1846. 34-ly

### GENERAL AGENCY AT WASHINGTON.

Opposite the Treasury Department, in the building formerly occupied by Carson & Riggs. MATTHEW ST. CLAIR CLARK and THOMAS QUANTRILL, have associated for the purpose of attending to claims and business of all kinds, requiring an agency at Washington, before Congress or the several Departments. As it is unnecessary to enumerate all, we select the following: Pensions of all kinds; Revolutionary claims against the States or United States; including claims for lands; Commutation for half-pay and bounties; Claims arising out of contracts with the United States; Investigation of titles and procuring patents for lands; Return of duties erroneously exacted, or paid under protest, written or verbal; Florida claims generally, and all which may arise under the annexation of Texas. Communications must be post-paid. Mr. CLARK, having resided in this city for many years, is well known, as a public officer and private citizen, to all gentlemen who have been in Congress or other public stations.

CLARK & QUANTRILL, January 26, 1846.

### GENERAL AGENCY AT COVINGTON, KY.

Office, Corner 2d and GARRARD STS.

THE undersigned has opened an office in Covington, for the purpose of investigating and attending to the collection of claims for Pensions of all kinds—Revolutionary claims against the United States, including claims for lands; Commutation for half-pay and bounties; Procuring patents for lands, &c. &c. He has facilities for ascertaining the validity of claims, which will be found of much value to applicants.

All claims placed in the hands of the subscriber for collection, will (by agreement) be forwarded to Clarke and Quantrell, of Washington City, who will give their immediate and unremitted attention to the collection of the same without any delay beyond what may be agreed upon between the holder of the claim and myself.

All communications, post-paid, will be promptly attended to by CHAS. S. CLARKSON.

REFER TO: J. W. Hunt, Esq., Lexington. Gen. Leslie Combs, Cov. McCallie, Carlisle, Ky. Gen. F. Dudley, Frankfort. Hon. J. Crittenden, Frankfort. T. B. Stephenson, Hon. Garrett Davis, Paris, Ky. Hon. Thos. Corwin, Lebanon, Ohio. Hon. Thos. Ewing, Lancaster, Ohio. Hon. J. P. Morehead, Covington, Ky. Hon. W. G. Brown, Louisville, Ky. Col. John O'Fallon, St. Louis. Hon. Edw. Bates, Archibald Gamble, Esq., St. Louis. March 14, 1846. 34

Frankfort Commonwealth and St. Louis Republican (Weekly) copy the above advertisement 3 months and send accounts to Chas. S. Clarkson for collection.

### COUNTERFEITS.

Those who Counterfeit a good medicine for the purpose of adding a few dollars to their pockets, are far worse than the manufacturers of spurious coin. For while the latter only rob us of our property, the former take robbery, health and life away. Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is admitted by thousands of distinguished witnesses, to have effected the most extraordinary cures in cases of a pulmonary and asthmatic character, ever recorded in the history of medicine.

Let it be borne in mind, the good, all speak forth its praise. It is now the favorite medicine in the most intelligent families of our country.

Such a high stand in public estimation has been achieved by its own merits alone. And so long as disreputable persons are careful to get Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and refuse with scorn counterfeits, and every other article offered to them as a substitute, so long will cures—positive cures—cheer the friends of many a despairing family.

### Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

FOR Diseases of the Lungs and Breast! For the cure of all breast complaints, such as Asthma (or Phthisis) Coughs, incipient or seated Consumption.

From Dr. Baker, Springfield, Washington county, Kentucky.

Messrs. Sanford & Park, SPRINGFIELD, Ky., May 14, 1845.

GENTS.—I take this opportunity of informing you of a most remarkable cure performed upon myself by the use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

In the year of 1840 I was taken with an inflammation of the bowels which I labored under for six weeks, when I gradually recovered. In the fall of 1841, I was attacked with a severe cold, which seated itself on my Lungs; and for the space of three years I was confined to my bed. I tried all kinds of medicines, and every variety of medical aid without benefit; and thus I remained until the latter part of 1844, when I heard of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

My friends persuaded me to give it a trial, though I had given up all hopes of recovery, and had prepared myself for the change of another world through their solicitation. I was induced to make use of the genuine Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. The effect was truly astonishing. After five years affliction, pain and suffering, and after having spent four or five hundred dollars to no purpose, and the best and most respectable physicians had proved unavailing, I was soon restored to entire health by the blessing of God and the use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

I am now enjoying good health, and such is my altered appearance that I am no longer known when I meet my old acquaintances.

I have gained rapidly in weight, and my flesh is firm and solid. I can now eat as much as any person, and my food seems to agree with me. I have eaten more food during the last six months than I had eaten five years before.

Considering my cure almost a miracle, I deem it necessary for the good of the afflicted, and a duty I owe to the proprietors and my fellow men (who should know where relief may be had) to make this statement public.

May the blessing of God rest upon the proprietors of so valuable a medicine as Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. WM. H. BAKER.

The true and genuine Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is sold at established agencies in all parts of the United States.

Sold in Cincinnati at the corner of Fourth and Walnut sts., by SANFORD & PARK, Sole Agents for the Western States.

For sale in Covington by THOS. BIRD, Druggist. March 14, 1845. 34-ly

## C. B. KELLUM, & CO.

## OHIO LARD OIL

## FACTORY.

NO. 18 EAST FRONT STREET, CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, March 14th, 1846. 34-ly.

PONGEE HANDKERCHIEFS.—Just received, one case Pongee Handkerchiefs, viz: Children's Fancy Pongee Hdkfs; Large do do; Super Mandarins do do; Full square do do; Wax Printed do do; Carved Borders do do (Spitalfield); Light Square do do; A Sorted Damask do do; 34 in. Bandanas do do; London Doves do do.

For sale by HOBART & RICHARDSON, 30 Sycamore st. Cin. March 14, 1846. 34-ly

### TOBACCO, SEGARS & C.

400,000 Common & Canoe Segars; 50,000 half Spanish do; 150 boxes Principe, Canoe's &c. do; 500 boxes Mexico's do; 150 boxes Canadian Tobacco; 6 do 12 lump do; 20 coils rope, halter and bed-cords; 200 bls vinegar—prime, a 64c per gallon; 200 doz Corn brooms; 500 grintstones; 6 casks Tenerife wine; 100 boxes cut tobacco.

ALSO.—Expected soon 12,000 gallons assorted Stout, Wares, &c. Consignments solicited in Tobacco and Segars. Prompt attention given to sales of same, and immediate payments made.

G. B. MARSHALL & Co. No. 15, West Front st., Cincinnati. March 7, 1846. 33

### Bank Lick Turpentine.

The stockholders are notified that a second call of Five Dollars per share has been made by the Board. It is required to be paid on or before the 1st day of April, 1846, in sum of twenty five cents to the Clerk for his certificate. But if the petition be for license to establish a tavern or public house without the privilege of selling or in any way dispensing intoxicating liquors, the petitioners shall be required to pay to the city Treasurer not less than ten nor more than thirty dollars in addition to Mayor's and Clerk's fees, as above. And all licenses thus granted shall state the local situation of the house proposed to be occupied by the petitioners, and shall be subject to the order of the city Council, and shall not be valid for more than one year, unless sooner revoked for the causes hereinafter mentioned.

Sec. 21. Be it further ordained, That before a license shall be issued to any person or person to keep a tavern, or public house, with or without the privilege of selling or in any way dispensing intoxicating liquors, the petitioners shall execute a bond with security, to be approved by the city council, with such conditions as are, or may be at the time, provided by law, which bond shall be made payable to the President and Common Council of the City of Covington, and in the penalty of at least two hundred dollars.

Sec. 22. Be it further ordained, That if any person or person shall desire to establish a Coffee-House, Porter House, or a house under any other name, for the purpose of retailing, in said city, any spirituous liquors, he, she, or they, shall first execute a bond with security, to be approved by the city council, to the city council, describing the location of the house intended to be used by the petitioner; and the petition shall be accompanied by the recommendation of at least ten freeholders, or one good and lawful owning freehold estate in the Ward in which the proposed Coffee-house or Porter house, or house for the retailing of intoxicating liquors is to be established. And in case the petitioner or petitioners shall not own the property proposed to be occupied as above, he, she, or they, shall accompany the petition with the written consent of the owner thereof or his accredited agent, that it may be used for



## COMMERCIAL.

The River.—The Pittsburgh Journal of Tuesday morning reports sent 12 feet water in the channel, and falling slowly. Weather fine and business brisk.

From Cincinnati to Louisville we have new deep water.

### Cincinnati and Covington Markets.

March 13, 1846.

BEESWAX—26c per lb.

BUTTER—Packers pay 10c 1/2; Retail—fresh print 12 1/2 a 15c; good crock—12 1/2 a 15c.

CANDLES & SOAP—Current rates this week are as follows:—Candles, per lb. 8c for Mould, 20 a 22c for Star, and 25c for Adamantine. Soap, per lb. 4c for No. 1, and 4 1/2c for No. 2.

CATTLE—The supply of Beef Cattle is good, and our Butchers purchase choice animals at \$3.50 a 3.50 per 100 lbs net.

CHEESE—A good article brings readily 7c a 7 1/2c per lb.

EGGS—Packers pay 6c Retail 8c per doz.

FEATHERS—The best qualities from wagon command 25c per lb, 26 to 30 from store.

FLOUR—Commands \$3.65 a \$3.75.

GRAIN—Wheat 70c per bushel of 60 lbs. Corn sold from store at 33 a 35 per bushel.

GUANO—Sugar 5 1/2 a 6c per lb. Rio Coffee 8 a 8 1/2.

HAIR.—The following are the regular rates of approved quality, viz: 20d and 10d 4 a 4c per lb. 8 1/2 a 4 1/2, 6d 4 a 5 1/2, 4d 5 1/2, 3d 6 1/2 a 7.

OILS.—Oils are firm at our last week's quotations, viz: Tanners Oil \$14 a 15 per bbl; Castor Oil 65c per gal; Lard Oil 62 a 65c; Hemp seed 62c. Sales of Linseed Oil at 70 a 75c, and in good demand. Sperm Oil, winter, at 1 20 a 1 25.

PROVISIONS.—Current rates of new are as follows: viz: Mutton 9 50 a 10; Prime 7 75 a 8 Lard 6 1/2 Hams 3 1/2 a 5c.

SALT—17 a 18c per bushel.

SEEDS.—Clover remains at about last weeks prices, \$4.00 to 4.75 from wagons, 4.80 to 5.00 from store.

Tobacco.—Best brands Six twist firm at 6 1/2 and some held at 7c per lb. Inferior 5 a 6c.

Twelves 8 a 12c.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes retail now at 37 a 40c per bushel, and sell by load at 37c.

Wool.—20 a 30c embrace extremes.

Whiskey—17 a 17 1/2c.

### BANK NOTE EXCHANGE LIST.

Collected Weekly.

Ohio, Western Reserve B. par

Ohio, L. & T. Co. 1/2 pr

Louisville, 1/2 pr

Franklin, 1/2 pr

Commercial, 1/2 pr

Mech. & Traders, 1/2 pr

Country Bankers, 1/2 pr

Massillon, 1/2 pr

Cincinnati, (old) 1/2 pr

Worster, 1/2 pr

Xenia, 1/2 pr

Sandusky, 1/2 pr

Geauga, 1/2 pr

Marblehead, 1/2 pr

Zanesville, 1/2 pr

Steubenville (old) 1/2 pr

Marilla, 1/2 pr

Mount Pleasant, 1/2 pr

St. Albans, 1/2 pr

Clinton B of Colum, 1/2 pr

New Lisbon, 1/2 pr

Dayton, 1/2 pr

Western Reserve, 1/2 pr

Franklin B of Colum, 1/2 pr

Chillicothe, 1/2 pr

Cum B of Scioto, 1/2 pr

Lancaster, 1/2 pr

Hamilton, 1/2 pr

Lake Erie, 1/2 pr

Cleveland, 1/2 pr

Miami Ex Com, 1/2 pr

Union, 1/2 pr

Granville, 1/2 pr

West Union, 1/2 pr

Lebanon, 1/2 pr

Miamisburg, 1/2 pr

New Steubenville, 1/2 pr

New Cincinnati, 1/2 pr

Indianapolis, 1/2 pr

State B. & Brancs, 1/2 pr

Kentucky, 1/2 pr

All solvent Banks, 1/2 pr

Philadelphia, 1/2 pr

10 BBS No. 2 Mackerel,

2 1/2 lbs

Just received and for sale low

Jan. 31 1845. J. B. CASEY.

### NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received, and is now

displaying a general assortment of NEW

AND FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS, con-

sisting in part of plain and fancy prints, of

every description, from 10 to 30 cents per yard;

cloths, cassimeres, janes, cassinets, shawls, dress

linens, Chinas, crapes, de l'Inde, Alpines, red flannel,

white do, plaid, bleached and brown muslins,

and a great many other things too tedious to

mention, which you can see by calling at his

store on Madison street, 4 doors above 5th street,

at the stand formerly occupied by D. S. Sycamore,

where you will find every thing in the dry good

line as cheap as at any other store in the City,

cash or country produce.

Also—A large assortment of Groceries of ev-

ery description, and Glass Ware, which he is

determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest.

Persons from the country, or those living in

the city, would do well to give him a call before

purchasing elsewhere.

He is also agent for the sale of Gen. Light's

celebrated Quick Yeast, which he will keep con-

stantly on hand. WM. HOPKINS, Jr.

N. B. Goods or cash always exchanged for

country produce of every description.

Covington, Jan. 31, 1845.

### Just Received.

PER Steamer Columbia, direct from Pitts-

burgh, a general assortment of IRON,

NAILS and GLASS, which we will sell at Cin-

cinnati prices.

We have constantly on hand a good assort-

ment of Ploughs, Gudge & Brothers.

Intelligence copy.

DISEASE OF THE LUNGS.

How very important it is for those afflicted to

procure something to arrest the insidious de-

stroyer, Consumption, before it takes too deep a

root and destroys life! Have not thousands

testified to the beneficial effect of "DR. DUN-

CAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY?"—a safe

and certain medicine, prepared expressly for the

cure of diseases of the chest.

Read the testimony of thousands who have

been cured by the timely use of this medicine.

One bottle is sufficient, in many cases, to test

its curative virtues. Why then procrastinate

from time to time until it is too late?

DR. DUNCAN'S Western Medical

Office is 150 Sycamore street, Cincinnati—

where his Medicines are sold wholesale and re-

tail.

Just Received.

A FRESH supply of the finest pure Shilad

Oil a fine article for table use. Also, pure

Olive Oil, in bottles and by the Gallon, which

will be sold low. T. N. WISE,

Scott street, Covington, Ky.

Nov. 29, 1845.

DR. WISE has just received a lot of Spirits

of Turpentine, Coal and Taper Vaseline,

together with a beautiful article of Glycer-

ine, which will be sold low for Cash.

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