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POETICAL.

For the Register.

TO MY SISTER.

BY IDA LISTON.

Remember me when I am dead,
My sister, loved and dear;
Oh! kneel above my grave, and shed
Sweet friendship's holy tear.
And strew above my resting-place,
Fair flowers of early Spring;
To blossom in their youthful grace,
My sister's offering!

And when thy soul would rise to God,
In attitude of prayer,
Oh, come and kneel upon the sod
Blest by thy graceful care!
And mingle with thy prayers, the name
Of her who loved thee here;
No better monument I claim,
Than friendship's holy tear!

Remember all our words of love,
And all our hopes of bliss;
And think we'll find in worlds above,
The joys we lost in this.
And should the balmy evening air,
Take then a deeper moan;
Know that my soul is hovering there,
And mingling with thy own!

Cincinnati, Oct., 1845.

From the Louisville Journal.

TO HARRIET.

FROM HER FRIEND, AMELIA.

Accept my flowers! I culled them fresh and fair
This morning, while their leaves with dew
were wet,
To deck the braids of thy rich auburn hair,
Fair Harriet!

Thou should'st not pine for jewels rich and rare,
The sweet and simple flowers become thee best,
Amid thy locks their pure pale blossoms wear,
And on thy breast!

The snowy robes of sweet simplicity,
Light floating as the zephyr's breath, were lent
For woman's lovely form, and flowers should be
Her ornament.

Let others deck their brows with diadems,
And glistening pearls, and corals from the sea,
But buds and flowers should be the fragrant gems,
The gems for thee!

NEW HOTEL IN NEW YORK.—The Herald says that Col. Thorne has commenced operations for building a splendid Hotel on the burnt district, in that city. It will be constructed and managed entirely in the French style.

☞Mr. Clay spent several days of last week in Frankfort, two of which were employed in the argument of an important cause in the Court of Appeals. He was in fine health and spirits, looking far better than we have seen him in ten years. In his argument he displayed the vivacity which sparkled in his brilliant oratory thirty years ago—so say those who are old enough to remember his style so long ago.—*Commonwealth.*

☞*The vicissitudes of life* not unfrequently present a ray of sunshine, which falls unexpectedly on the recipient. We were yesterday introduced to an intelligent young German from Hamilton, who has long supported himself and an aged mother, by a moderate salary as a Clerk in a store. By the death of a friend in Germany, he is possessed of eighty thousand dollars, fifty thousand of it in the ready "hard," and was en route to Amsterdam, to receive it, his mother accompanying him to identify her son, to those who were the legal representatives of his deceased friend.—*Cin. Gaz.*

"VARMINTS."—According to the following extract of a letter, published in the New Orleans Picayune, written by an officer of the army at Corpus Christi, the post occupied by Gen. Taylor's "army of occupation" cannot be particularly desirable:

7th INFANTRY CAMP,
Corpus Christi, Texas, Sept. 3, 1845.

* * * Florida may be the "land of promise," but Texas is the land of "varmints." In clearing the ground to pitch my tent, I killed a water moccasin; about 3 o'clock in the morning I was wakened by the barking of a dog; he had just run a rattlesnake out of my neighbor's tent, when the rattling and the barking aroused me—9 rattles—captured. I again lay down, and when day broke, a yellow necked lizzard was cocking his eye cunningly at me from the ridge pole of my tent. I sprang up, seized my boot to despatch him, when, lo! out of the boot dropped a tarantula. Exhausted from fright and fatigue, I sank back into a chair; but no sooner down than I was compelled rapidly to abandon the position, having been stung in the rear by a scorpion!

Besides the above mishaps, he lost a valuable dog by a shark. The dog had jumped overboard from a boat, to follow his master to the shore, when the voracious monster caught him.

NEW CROP COTTON.—Nearly four thousand bales of Cotton arrived at Mobile on the 12th and 13th inst.; which the Herald says is somewhat remarkable at so early a period of the season.

"PIPELAYING."—The N. Y. Tribune states that the Tammany Nomination Committee have nominated 'Wilson Small' for an Assemblyman. According to the Directory, 'Wilson Small' is a 'Pipelayer.'

SOUTHERN MANUFACTURES.—Manufacturing is steadily progressing in the South. *The South Carolinian* states that the Saluda Manufacturing company is now in efficient operation, and has every spindle in motion. Since January last the establishment has been well managed, and the products nearly trebled. The profits of the Company for six months, ending on the 1st July, were 5 per cent., while all the machinery was not in use. The Company is entirely free from debt, and has lately ordered more machinery to fill the building.

Nearly ten thousand tons of ice have been exported from Boston during the last four months.

SELECT TALES.

THE ONLY SON.

BY MRS. JANE WEAVER.

Mr. Harcourt sat alone in his study. The walls were crowded with book-cases, filled with the massy tomes of the law; his table was covered with papers of importance, and a pile of notes which had just been paid him by a client, lay close at his elbow. The costly lamp that hung above his head threw its light full on the upper part of his face, bringing the massy brow out into bold relief, and giving additional sternness and prominence to his cold and inflexible features. All at once he rang the bell.

"Is master James arrived?" he said sharply when the servant entered.

"Yes, sir."

In a few minutes, the door of the study opened again, and the lawyer's only son stood in the presence of his father. He was a youth of about seventeen, fair and manly to gaze upon, but with that look of dissipation in his countenance which mars the noblest beauty. An expression of feminine softness and irresolution in his face, contradicted the proud and self-willed glance of his dark glowing eye. He seemed, indeed, to judge from his looks, to be wholly a creature of impulses.

"So you have been in another scrape, sir," said the old man harshly.

The youth bowed his head and bit his lip.

"It cost me four hundred dollars to pay for the carriage that was broken, and the horse foundered in your drunken frolic. What have you to say to that, sir?"

The young man's eye wandered irresolutely around the room, without daring to meet his father's face. Nor did he make any reply.

"How long is that to last?" said his parent in a more angry tone. "Have I not told you again and again, that I would disown you if these things went on? You are a disgrace, sir, to me—a blot to my name. Thank God, your mother did not live to see you grow up."

The youth had been evidently nerving himself to hear his father's rebukes with as much indifference as possible; but at the mention of his mothers name his lip quivered, and he turned away his head to hide the tears that gathered in his eyes. Had that stern, irritable old man known how to follow up the chord he had struck, his son might yet have been saved; but he was a hard, correct man, unaccustomed to make allowances for difference of character, and he resolved to drive his son into obedience by the strong arm of parental authority.

"You turn away to laugh, you rascal, do you?" said he, enraged. "You believe, because you are my child, I will not disinherit you. But I would cast you off if you were ten times my son: and I made up my mind to-day to tell you at once to go. There is a pile of notes—five hundred dollars, I believe; take it, and to-morrow I will make it a thousand before you depart. But remember this is the last night you shall spend under my roof—the last cent of my money you shall ever touch."

When his mother was alluded to, the youth had almost made up his mind to step forward, ask pardon for all his evil courses, and promise solemnly hereafter to live a life of strict propriety; but the sharp and angry tone in which Mr. Harcourt pursued the conversation, and the words of banishment with which it closed, seemed to make him irresolute. He colored, turned pale, and parted his lips as if to speak; then he clasped his hands in supplication; but the cold, contemptuous look of his father checked him, and he remained silent. The angry flush, however, rose again to his cheek, and became fixed there.

"Not a word, sir," said the father. "It is too late for pleading now. Don't be both a blackguard and a coward. I told you if you ever got into a discreditable difficulty I would disown you. But warning did no good. You must reap as you have sown. Will you go?"

The youth seemed again to speak, but his words choked him. The spirit of the son, as well as that of the father, was roused. He felt that the punishment was disproportioned to the offence, even great as it had been. He took the notes which his parent held out to him, crumpled them hastily together, and flinging them scornfully back, turned and left the room. The next instant the street door closed with a heavy clang.

"He has not gone surely?" said the father, startled for a moment. But his brow darkened as his eye fell on the notes. "Yet let him go—the heartless villian—he is hereafter no son of mine. Better die childless than have an heir who is a disgrace to your name. Did I not do my duty to him?"

Ay! old man, that is the question. Did you do your duty to him? Were you not harsh when you should have been lenient—did you not neglect your son for years after his mother's death, careless of what kind of associates he consorted with? and when he had been led astray, did you not, in total disregard of his wilful character, the result of your own indulgence—did you not, we say, attempt to coerce him by threats, when you should have drawn him by the gentle cord of love? Look into your own heart; see if you are not just as unreasonable as your son. Can a character be reformed in a day? Your profession should have taught you better, old man. But the boy has gone from your roof, forever, for well he knows how inflexible is your stern, self-righteous heart: and, indeed, with a portion of your own pride, he would sooner cut off his right arm than solicit or accept your aid. Yes! take up that mass of complicated papers, and endeavor to forget the past scenes in their absorbing details; but yours must be a heart of adamant, if, in despite of your oft repeated reasoning, you can justify your harshness to it. Remember the words you have uttered. They may apply to more than you.—"As you have sown so shall you reap!"

James Harcourt went forth from his father's house in utter despair. Pride had supported him during the last few moments of the interview, and had met his stern parent's malediction with bitter defiance; but when the door had closed upon him, and he turned to take a last look at the window which was once his mother's, the tears gushed again into his eyes, and covering his face in his hands, he sat down on a neighboring step and sobbed convulsively. "Oh! if she had been living," he said, "it would never have come to this. She would not have left me to form associations with those who wished to make a prey of me—she would not have galled me by stern and often deserved reproaches—she would not have turned me from my house, with no place whither to go, and the temptations around me on every side. Oh, my mother," he said, casting his eyes to heaven, "look down on me and pity your poor boy."

At that instant the door of his father's house opened, as if some one was about to come forth. A momentary hope shot through him, that his parent had relented. But no! it was only a servant who had been called to close the shutters. Ashamed to be recognized, the youth hastily arose, turned a corner and disappeared.

* * * * * * * *

Years rolled on. The lawyer rose in wealth and consideration; honors were heaped profusely upon him; he became a member of Congress, a Senator a Judge. His sumptuous carriage rolled through the street daily, to bear him to and from the court. An invitation to his dinners was received with triumph, they were so select. In every respect Judge Harcourt was a man to be envied.

But was he happy? He might have been, reader, but for one thing. *He had no one to love.* He felt that people courted him only from interested motives. Oh! now he sometimes longed to know what had become of his discarded boy, confessing to himself, now that years had removed the veil from his eyes, how horribly he had used the culprit.

"Perhaps, if I had borne with him a little longer, he might have reformed," he said with a sigh. "He always had a good heart, and his poor mother used to say he was so obedient—But he got led away."

At this instant a servant cautiously opened his library door.

"It is almost ten o'clock, your honor," he said, "and the carriage is at the door."

"Ay, ay," said the Judge, rising as the servant disappeared "I had forgotten myself—And that a desperate fellow, Roberts, is to be tried to-day, for the mail robery."

Many an obsequious bow greeted the Judge as the officers of the court made way for him through the crowd, for the trial was one of unusual interest, and had collected together large numbers. He smiled affably to all, and taking his seat, ordered the business to proceed. The prisoner was brought in, a large, bold, fine looking man, but the Judge occupied with a case he had the day before, and in which he was writing out an opinion, gave little notice to the criminal, or indeed to any of the proceedings, until the usual formalities had been gone through, and the serious part of the evidence began to be heard—Then the Judge, for the first time, directed a keen glance to the prisoner. "Surely, I have seen that face before," he said. But he could not remember where; and he turned to scrutinise the jury-box.

The case was a clear one. The testimony when completed, formed a mass of evidence that was irresistible. Two men swore positively to the person of the accused as that of one of the robbers; and the jury immediately gave a verdict of guilty, after a bitterly severe charge against the prisoner from the bench. The punishment was death.

On hearing the verdict, the prisoner set his mouth firmly, and drew himself up to his full height. But before sentence was pronounced, he asked leave to say a few words. He did it in so earnest a tone, that the Judge immediately granted it, wondering that a man who looked so courageous should stop to beg for his life.

"I acknowlege my crime," said the prisoner, "nor do I seek to palliate it—nor either do I ask for mercy. I can face death; I have faced it a dozen times. But I wish to say a word on the cause that brought me to this place."

Every neck was strained forward to catch the words of the speaker; even the Judge leaned over the bench, controlled by an interest for which he could not account.

"I was born of respectable, nay, distinguished parents," said the man, "and one at least was and angel. But she died early, and my father, immersed in ambitious schemes, quite forgot me, so that I was left to form my own associations, which, therefore, were naturally of the most exceptionable kind. By and by, my irregularities began to attract my father's notice. He reproved me too harshly. Recollect I was spoilt by indulgence. I soon committed another youthful folly. My punishment this time, was more severe and quite as ill-advised as before. I was a creature of impulse, pliable either for good or bad—and my only surviving parent fell into the error of attempting to drive me, when he should have persuaded me with kindness. The fact is, neither of us understood each other. Well, matters went on thus for two years and more; I was extravagant, rebellious, dissipated; my parent was hard and unforgiving."

"At length," continued the speaker, turning full to the Judge, until their eyes met, "at length, one evening, my parent sent for me into his study. I had been guilty of some youthful folly, and having threatened me about a fortnight before, with disinheritance if I again vexed him, he now told me that henceforth I was to be no child of his, but an out-cast and a beggar. He said, too, that he thanked God my mother had not lived to see that day. That touched me. Had he then spoken kindly—had he given me a chance, I might have reformed; but he irritated me with hard words—checked my rising promptings of good by condemning me unheard, and sent me forth alone into the world. From that hour," continued the prisoner, speaking rapidly and with great emotion, "I was desperate. I went out from his door a homeless, penniless boy. My former associates would have shrunk from me, even if I had not been too proud to seek them. All decent society was shut against me. I soon became almost starved for want of money. But what needs it to tell the shifts I was driven to! I slept in miserable hovels—I consorted with the lowest—I gambled, I cheated, and yet I could scarcely get my bread. You, who sit in luxurious homes, know not the means to which the miserable out-cast must resort for a livelihood! But enough. From one step I passed to another till I am here. From the moment I was cast out of my father's house, my fate was inevitable, leading me by constantly descending steps, until I became the felon I now am. And I stand here to-day, ready to endure the utmost penalty of your law, careless of the future, as I have been reckless of the past."

He ceased: and now released from the torrent of his passionate eloquence, which had chained their eyes to him, the spectators turned toward the Judge, to see what effect the prisoner's words had produced. Well was it that no one had looked there before, else that proud man had sunk cowering from his seat. They would have seen how his eye gradually quailed before that of the speaker—how he turned ashy pale—how his whole face at length became convulsed with agony. Ay! old man, remorse was now fully awake. In the criminal he had recognized his son! He thought then of the words he had once used, "*As you sow, so shall you reap.*" But by a mighty effort he was enabled to hear the prisoner to the end, and then, feeling as if every eye was upon him, penetrating this terrible secret in his looks, he sunk, with a groan, senseless to the earth.

The confusion that occurred in the Court-house, when it was found that the Judge had been taken suddenly ill, as the physician said by a stroke of apoplexy, led to the postponement of the prisoners's sentence; and before the next session of the court, the culprit had received a conditional pardon, the result, it was said, of the mitigating circumstances, which he had urged so eloquently on his trial. The terms on which a large portion of citizens petitioned for his pardon required that he should forever after reside abroad. It was said that the Judge, although scarcely recovered, had taken such an interest in the prisoner as to visit him in a long and secret interview, the night before he sailed for Europe.

About a year after these events, Judge Harcourt resigned his office on the plea of ill health, and having settled his affairs, embarked for the Old World, where he intended to reside for many years He never returned to America.—Travellers said that he was residing in a secluded valley of Italy, with a man in the prime of life, who passed for his adopted son. A smiling family of grand-children surrounded him. The happy father could say, in the language of scripture, "this my son was dead and is alive again, he was lost and is found."

TEXIAN OFFICERS.—The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, learns that the officers of the Texian Navy will probably be taken into the service of the U. States.—This, he understands, is the intention of the President. Of course the nominations must be acted on by the Senate. Commodore Moore will, it is believed, be nominated either as Post Captain, or for lieutenancy, which rank he held when he resigned, for the purpose of entering the Texian service. The Texian army has been disbanded. There are no army officers, therefore, now in the Texian service. But the Texians claim that in case any addition be made to the army of the United States, on account of Texian annexation, their old officers shall be appointed to its command. The same correspondent thinks that *three* companies are enough to protect and defend Texas.

Experiments have lately been made to ascertain the depth of the Gulf Stream. A line has been sunk to the depth of a mile and a quarter, but without finding bottom.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Arrival of the Steamer Hibernia.
SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The steamer Hibernia arrived at Boston on Sunday morning the 19th, in fifteen days from Liverpool, with 86 passengers.

The news in a commercial point of view, is highly important.

We make up the following summary from the Baltimore papers, and an Extra from the N. Y. Sun.

The Corn market continues firm, and the fine weather which prevailed last week at the sailing of the steamer, having been followed by repeated and heavy falls of rain, the market in the early part of the present week, acquired additional firmness, and continued with a slight drawback at the present time.—Large quantities of Flour are daily arriving from the United States and Canada, and from the nature of the advices recently sent across the Atlantic, the supply from these quarters, there is every reason to believe, will increase. From the cause at which we glanced in our last publication, the import rate on Wheat has advanced to 18s., the result of the inferior qualities being thrown on the market.

The import duty on Flour is now 10s. 10d. per bbl. In some instances recently, Irish Flour has receded 1s. per sack, and Canadian 6d. per bbl., influenced by the large arrivals from the West, which amount since Monday to nearly 9,000 bbls.

The Cotton market, which was dull this day week, at the sailing of the Great Britain, still continues in an inactive state. The quotations on most descriptions, except Sea Islands have receded ⅛d. per lb, and at the time of writing, the market is heavy, with a downward tendency. The absorbing feeling in railway shares may have partially contributed to this, and the rising price of provisions, with the approach of winter, is also to be taken into account.—The committee of Brokers have declared the price for the present to be—Bowed, 4⅛d; Mobile, 4⅛; and New Orleans 5d.

The produce markets are not so active as they have been. Rice is less in demand. Sugar has receded a little, with less enquiry, while the price of foreign coffee has improved a shade.

PROSPECTS OF THE HARVEST.—The reports which have reached us since our last, respecting the progress made with the harvest in the north, are not of a character to allay the excitement previously felt on the subject. The heavy rain which fell up to the 21st instant was succeeded by dry, but unusually cold weather. Sharp frosts were experienced on the nights of the 22d and 23d instant, and though the temperature has since risen, the shift of wind to the southward threatens a return of wet. The interval of dry weather has hitherto been of too short duration to admit of much corn being carried, and the extreme cold has prevented that not before ripe making much progress towards maturity. It is, therefore, feared—and not without reason,—that the more backward parts of the kingdom may fare even worse than the south.

By our Scotch advices, we learn that harvest operations, which had been interrupted by the heavy rains that fell between the 16th and 22d, had again been actively resumed. It will nevertheless require some weeks of dry weather to get in what is still abroad. The lively reports from the South had caused sellers of Wheat to demand materially enhanced terms.

From Ireland the complaint in regard to this matter are, however, becoming general. Even along the west coast where the crop was previously stated to have escaped injury, the root has, it is stated, been discovered to have been attacked. In the southern parts of the island the bulk of the grain had, we are informed, been got in, and even in the north the fields were fast being cleared. On the whole we are disposed to think that the harvest will turn out better in Ireland than in this side of the channel. The rise in the English markets has had the effect of causing an advance in the value of both wheat and oats.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Colton's Life and Times of Henry Clay.

This work is rapidly passing through the press, and will soon be ready for delivery. The wide scope which the nature of the subject will present, and the universal regard in which the character and services of Mr. CLAY are held, have created a deep and general interest in the public mind in this forthcoming work. We have reason to believe (says the New York Courier and Enquirer) that it will fully answer the public expectation.

The following passage gives a very interesting and graphic sketch of one of the very many able and eloquent speeches of Mr. CLAY which have never been published:

"Among these lost speeches of Mr. Clay, the memory of which lives while they who heard them live and the thought of which awakens to new life the feelings they produced, was one delivered at Lexington as late as May, 1843, the occasion and history of which are as follows:—After Mr. Clay had retired from the Senate of the United States, in 1842, till the next year, during which time it was expected he would be nominated for President in 1844, great efforts were made in Kentucky; and throughout the Union, by his political opponent not only to vilify him, but to bring into odium the twenty-seventh Congress, which was the last in which Mr. Clay had a seat as a Senator, and the endeavors of which were chiefly directed to establish the policy and measures called for by the political revolution of 1840. Mr. Clay was virulently traduced by some base persons in Lexington and that neighborhood.—As a perpetual dropping wears a stone, so these incessant attacks, though false and foul, and known to be such, if unnoticed and unrepelled, might produce injurious effects on the common mind. He therefore resolved, and caused a notice to be published, that he would meet his fellow-citizens of Fayette and the adjoining counties at Lexington on a day specified to repel these charges. His friends, whom on this occasion he had not consulted, regretted the step as being unnecessary. They thought these attacks unworthy of notice. This difference of opinion was painful to Mr. Clay, and no doubt contributed not a little to that depth and power of feeling which he manifested on the occasion. The notice brought together a great concourse of people, whom no place but the public square could accommodate. The patriarch-statesman was to appear before his old friends and neighbors of forty years' standing *once more and for the last time* in that capacity in which he had not been heard for many years, and in which no one ever expected to hear him again. And it was the vile tongue of calumny that was to be encountered.

"The following account of this address was furnished for the author by a highly respected fellow citizen of Mr. Clay, and the words of the opening, as quoted, are exact:

"When Mr. CLAY rose he was evidently much excited. He commenced by saying, with marked emphasis, 'Fellow-citizens, I am now an *old man*—*quite* an old man.' Here he bent himself downward. 'But yet, it will be found I am not too old to vindicate my principles, to stand by my friends, or to defend myself"—raising his voice louder and louder at each successive member of the sentence, and elevating his person in a most impressive manner. He then proceeded:

"'It so happens that I have again located myself in the practice of my profession in an office within a few rods of one which I occupied when more than forty years ago, I first came among you an orphan and a stranger, and your fathers took me by the hand and made me what I am. I feel like an old stag who has been long coursed by the hunter and hounds through brakes and briers and o'er distant plains, and has at last returned to his ancient lair to lay himself down and die. And yet, the vile curs of party are barking at my heels and the bloodhounds of personal malignity are aiming at my throat. I SCORN AND DEFY THEM, AS I EVER DID.'

"When he uttered these last words, he raised himself to his most erect posture, and elevating his hands and arms wide extended above his head, seeming to have nearly doubled the height of his tall person. The effect was overwhelming—indescribable.

"To have any approximate idea of the effect of this speech, which continued for hours, fully sustained throughout, in vindication of the twenty-seventh Congress, of Whig policy and principles, and in defence of the orator himself against the calumniators, one should have a view of all the attributes of eloquence ascribed to Mr Clay in this chapter, the use of scarcely one of which was wanting on that occasion. Nor should it be forgotten that he was then sixty-six years old. It may be asked if any orator can be named in all history who ever produced such an effect, in so few words, and those the mere exordium of his oration? They all *knew* that what he said was *true*. 'I am an old man.' Didn't they know that? And the moment he said it they began to weep. When he pointed to his present office, and the place of the old one, a few rods distant, they all knew *that*. 'I came here more than forty years ago an orphan and a stranger.' They knew *that*. 'Your fathers took me by the hand and made me what I am.' It is impossible to conceive of the effect of this.—They wept like children, and only wished they could do as much. They could at least stand by him. 'I feel like and old stag.' Now he is speaking to Kentucky hunters. *Their ears* are all erect for what is coming. And by the time he had gone through with the figure and its application, the struggle between the sympathy which streamed from the eyes of some, and the indignation which clenched the fists of others of that vast multitude—all knowing it was all true, every word of it—was like the throes of a mountain in agony. A part of the sublimity of the spectacle consisted in a concern what might be the fruit of such a passion; for some of his defamers were present. But when Mr. Clay rose in all the majesty of his own loftiness, threw his arms on high, and his voice out into the heavens—he stood under its canopy—and said, '*I scorn and defy* them, as I ever did,' they dashed away their tears and resolved to be as stout of heart as he, and to vindicate his honor. A reply was expected. But prudence got the better of the purpose.

ADVANTAGE TO AGRICULTURISTS OF RAILROADS. A writer in the Richmond Whig furnishes the following interesting article:

Gentlemen:—Having occasion to visit the town of Cumberland, in Maryland, last week, I was led, from seeing a train of Hogs, to inquire whether grazing community were benefitted by a Railroad, especially if that community were far from market? The result of the inquiry I found very satisfactory. For instance: the freight on the 100 lbs. of live Pork from Cumberland to Baltimore, say 170 miles, is 30c. and on dead Pork 25c. and on Horses, Beeves and Sheep, great numbers of which are carried over the road, in proportion. I state these facts to show the people of the Western counties of the State the benefits a Railroad would confer on them as well as on the Wheat and Tobacco growers. Coal, with which the mountains of Virginia abounds, is carried to Baltimore in large quantities from the Mount Savage Company's Mines, 15 miles above Cumberland, say 190 miles from Baltimore, at a fraction less than 8c. per bushel, and add 2c. the cost at the mouth of the Pit, which makes Coal cheap although carried a long distance.

If you think the above remarks worth a place in your paper, you may publish them for the benefit of some anti-Railroad man.

The Wife.

It needs no guilt to break a husband's heart. The absence of content, the mutterings of spleen, the untidy dress and careless home, the forbidding scowl and deserted hearth—these, and other nameless neglects—without a crime among them—have harrowed to the quick the heart's core of many a man, and planted there beyond the reach of cure the germ of despair. Oh, may Woman, before that sad sight arrives, dwell on the recollection of her youth, and cherishing the dear idea of that tuneful time, awake and keep alive the promise she then so kindly gave. And though she may be the injured, not the injuring one—the forgotten, not the forgetful wife—a happy allusion to that hour of love—a kindly welcome—a comfortable home—a smile of love to banish hostile words—a kiss of peace to pardon all the past—and the hardest heart that ever locked itself within the breast of a selfish man will soften to her charms and bid her live, as she had hoped, her years in matchless bliss—loving and contented—the soother of a sorrowing hour—the source of comfort and the spring of joy.—*Dickens.*

LOUIS PHILIPPE.—A letter from Paris, dated September 30, says:

"On the 6th of October, Louis Philippe will attain his 73d year. Notwithstanding his great age, his Majesty works harder than many younger men, his attention being devoted to every department of the Government, especially to foreign affairs, and much of his time being spent in pedestrian exercise. He will arrive at the Chateau of St. Cloud to-day or to-morrow from the Chateau d'Eu, where he he has been spending the autumn; and after a short stay at that charming residence, will come to the Tuileries for the winter."

FASHIONS.—A Paris correspondent, under date of September 30, says:

"Tailors and milliners are at present very busy in devising fashions for the winter.—Your fair readers may be glad to be informed that the *modes* in this capital of fashion have exacted a liberal allowance of fur. Last year comine was all the rage. Judging from the cold with which we are at present blessed, fur will be very acceptable, for if one's teeth chatter in September, what will they do in December?"

REAPING WHEAT "DEAD RIPE."—It has been ascertained that there is a very considerable loss in wheat by reaping it when "dead ripe." By the experiments lately tried, it appears that one crop, which was cut Aug. 4th, yielded, when thrashed, 61s. per quarter: another, cut Sept. 1st, yielded 52s. Three other experiments produced similar results, and the quantity of flour produced was relatively 80, 77 and 72 lbs., the crop being cut respectively Aug. 16th and 30th, and Sept. 9th. Wheat, therefore, as well as most other crops, should be gathered a little before being "dead ripe."

A bridge is to be constructed over the Niagara at the Whirlpool. The length of the span will be 372 feet.

The population of Brooklyn is 60,000, being an increase of 23,000 within five years.

You can go from New York to Albany for 25 cents, and to Boston for $1,75. Cheap travelling that!

SNOW STORM.—The Albany Atlas of Tuesday says: "There was a fall of snow last night which was an uncomfortable premonition of winter. It fell heavily, melting, however, on the ground. The travellers on the river found this dash of snow, and the cold bleak winds, which congealed it to ice on the decks and rigging, a serious discomfort."

☞A good many casual readers are puzzled by the uncouth titles of 'Old Hunkers,' 'Barnburners,' &c. which are now coming in fashion among our friends over the way, and ask what they mean. The following Editorial of the *Ohio Union*, a paper lately started as the organ of the 'Young Democracy' of Cincinnati, may cast some light on the subject:

OLD HUNKERISM—YOUNG DEMOCRACY.

These phrases have become much in vogue, in both parties of late, but especially in the Democratic party, within the last six or twelve months. That we may not be misunderstood when we employ them, we propose to define their meaning, as we understand and use them.

In both parties, Democratic and Whig, there are two distinct classes, rendered so by their feelings and policy.

We speak of both, but more particularly of the Democratic party.

There is one class, which seeks the retention of power in the hands of a few,—the direction of the disposition of officers,—would if possible restrain the impulses of the Democracy,—would check its progressive tendency,—is unfavorable to, or fearful of, the extension of the "area of freedom," and in fine, in the language of Alexander Hamilton, would restrain, the "amazing violence of the popular or Democratic spirit.

Who would likewise prescribe a fixed rule for present and future, by which the Democracy of every man should be judged, leaving no margin for honest differences on minor points, and would proscribe all who do not fit the dimensions of their intellect, feelings and opinions to the Procrustes bed which they have made for them.

This is the class which we denominate, "*Old Hunkerism.*"

There is another class, who would *divide power* among the many; would leave it entirely where it belongs, with the *masses* of the *people*,—who would have offices filled by men, taken from among the people, and not confined to those who live by office and make politics a trade,—who have sympathies with the people, understand their interests and feelings, and will seek to have both satisfied, while they honestly and faithfully discharge the duties of their offices,—who care less about the disposition of offices than they do about the principles of Democracy and the measures and policy of the Government,—who desire always and continually the "extension of the area of freedom"—who believe that the Democratic impulses are right and should be obeyed, and not thwarted—who would admit to the ranks of Democracy ALL who agree with us, upon the great cardinal principles of Democracy and upon the general Government—who believe in and favor *progress*, and would not prescribe a *fixed rule* in *all minor* matters for *all time*, but would adopt action to the circumstances and exigencies which arise in the *progression* of events, and to the rights and interests which accompany or result from that progression and its changes. And finally, who have in their hearts "sworn, eternal hostility against every form of tyranny over the mind of man." These we denominate "the young Democracy." This is progressive "Young Democracy."

These are the definitions we give to these terms, in which sense we wish to be understood when we make use of them.

"Old Hunkerism," is selfish, contracted, proscriptive and tyrannical. Young Democracy is benevolent, liberal, conciliatory, inviting, free,—opposed to proscription, advocating freedom of individual opinion, action and speech. Such are the two classes; to which of them men belong, must be determined by their sentiments and actions. We named none—each may determine for himself, so far as we are concerned. We only define them as classes, for the purpose of presenting the *principles* and *policy*, of which they and their *names* have become the representatives.

Federalism is a term, which in process of time has come to represent one set of principles. Democracy is a *term* which represents another set of principles antagonist to the former. "Old Hunkerism," already represents one class of drinciples and views of policy, Young Democracy another, both of which we understand as we have above defined them.

Mason County Resolutions.

We had not room last week for the resolutions adopted by an assemblage of the citizens of Mason, convened for the purpose of deliberating upon the Lexington disturbance, the subject of slavery, etc. We publish them now as an important item in the history of the times, and that our readers may be fully informed of the views and feelings of the people of a neighboring county upon the delicate and embarrassing questions involved. The resolutions were adopted after a thorough and animated discussion, in which Judge Beatty, John A. McClung, F. T. Chambers, H. Waller, E. C. M. Phister, and W. T. Reid, Esqs. were the prominent speakers. They are:

1. *Resolved*, That in a government of laws, under no circumstances should *force* be used to inflict punishment for offences already committed, because of these the laws can take cognizance, and afford the appropriate remedy.

2. *Resolved*, That it is only in *extreme cases*, when a great and irreparable calamity threatens a community; and where the laws do not afford an adequate remedy, that force ought to be resorted to, and then only as a preventive remedy. And that, in the application of such force, the utmost care should be taken to guard against the slightest unnecessary injury to person or property.

3. *Resolved*, That we consider the paper called the True American, as having been commenced in a wrong spirit, conducted with indiscreet violence, and that it was wantonly offensive to the community, where it was printed.

4. *Resolved*, That we consider the request, submitted to the Editor, by a committee of the people of Lexington, to discontinue his paper, warranted by the intemperate, and inflammatory character of his recent numbers; and that his reply to that request was conceived in a spirit of outrage, wholly unjustifiable, and meriting the severest reprobation.

5. *Resolved*, That this meeting regard the continued publication of an abolition paper, in Kentucky, as dangerous to the peace, order, and well being of society; and, in order to prevent irregular action, in future, we recommend that laws be passed, inflicting such penalties upon incendiary, abolition, publication in our State, as shall effectually prevent their being hereafter circulated.

6. *Resolved*, That in the state of feeling, which now prevails in Kentucky, produced by the intemperate and injudicious zeal of Abolitionists of other States, it would be impolitic to agitate the subject by calling a convention to amend the constitution. We, therefore, request our Senator and Representatives to oppose a call of a convention, at the ensuing session of the Legislature, should a bill for that purpose be introduced.

7. *Resolved*, That in the opinion of this meeting, the moral condition of emancipated slaves cannot be improved, while they remain here, mingling with a slave population; and that slaves thus emancipated, must continue to be a degraded race, injurious alike to themselves, and the slave population. We are, therefore, opinion, that the colonizing of them, on the coast of Liberia, would be greatly beneficial to them, and a decided advantage to this community.

8. *Resolved*, That we highly approve the contemplated establishment, on the coast of Liberia, of a colony of free persons of color, from the State of Kentucky, and that a liberal encouragement ought to be afforded by our citizens to use so useful an undertaking.

9. *Resolved*, That we regard gradual emancipation, accompanied with colonization, as the true and only true policy of Kentucky; and we confidentially hope that the time may come when this great system will be established by the people of this State. The discussion of its propriety and the time when that discussion is to commence, are matters which should be left entirely to individual judgment, under the promptings of an enlightened patriotism. When that discussion does commence, it should be faithfully protected by law.

10. *Resolved*, That in this expressing ourselves we disclaim all sympathy with modern abolitionism, and condemn it as fanatical and dangerous, and calculated to delay the period when our State shall be relievde from the evils of slavery.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

Obituary.

We have heretofore announced the death of our venerable fellow-citizen, EBENEZER SMITH THOMAS. His disease was cancer in the stomach—so pronounced by his physician at an early stage of his sickness, and so ascertained by a post-mortem examination made at his own request. His confinement was long, and extremely painful, but borne with fortitude and patience; and weeks before he was called away, he felt himself ready, and willing to go.

Mr. Thomas was borne in Cambridge, Massachusetts, in the year 1775. When 13 years of age, he went to Worcester to learn the printing business with his paternal uncle, the distinguished Isaac Thomas, who has been styled the "Father of printing in the United States." On becoming of age, he removed to Boston, where he went into business, but did not continue long. In 1795 he embarked for Charleston, S. C., to seek his fortune in the South. Here he was induced to open a bookstore and bindery, which he did in connection with Mr. Caleb Cushing, who left Boston at his request, for the purpose of joining him. He prospered in this business, and some years afterwards embarked in manufacturing at Providence, R. I., where he married a lady of Baltimore, in consequence of which union he sold out and removed to the neighborhood of the latter city, where he had purchased a farm. He commenced agricultural operations with vigor, but in less than two years found provisions brought down below the living point by the Embargo, and in 1809 returned to Charleston with his family, and bought the *Charleston City Gazette*, which he commenced editing on the 1st of January 1810, and continued for six years with decided success and profit. He subsequently moved back to Maryland, where he was an active citizen, and was sent to the Legislature, but got involved in pecuniary difficulties, and made sacrifices to adjust them which ruined him. In 1828 he emigrated to the West, to "take a new start in life," and settled in this city, where he commenced the publication of the *Commercial Daily Advertiser*, which he continued for a number of years, when he sold it out. In 1835 he started another daily paper here, the *Evening Post*, which did not flourish, and was discontinued in 1839; after which time he wrote and published his "REMINISCENCES," in two 8vo. volumes, which, we believe, was his last labor of a public nature. For several years before his death, he was prevented by ill health from attending to any active business.

Such is a very brief sketch of the life of the deceased. His career here is as well known to our readers as to ourselves. He was ever proud of the city, and engaged heartily in all enterprises calculated to promote its prosperity. He was one of the first advocates of the gigantic scheme of connecting the seaboard with the Ohio river, by a railroad from Cincinnati to Charleston, and he never abandoned this belief, that this work would be accomplished at no distant day. He engaged with ardor in political contests, and was a firm and consistent Whig. He was a vigorous writer, but made no pretensions to the elegancies of literary style. In him merit always found a friend, and genius an appreciating and encouraging mentor. He was about the first to discover the forms of beauty that lay hidden in the mind and heart of Clevenger, awaiting only time and opportunity to bring them forth.

It may be mentioned as a somewhat curious fact, that Isaac Hill, of the Newhampshire Patriot, (late U. S. Senator,) Isaac Munroe, of the Baltimore Patriot, A. S. Willington, of the Charleston (S. C.) Courier, and James Cutter, late of the Boston Gazette, all distinguished Editors, all eminent practical Printers, and all wealthy men, were born in the same town with Mr. Thomas.

He is gone. At the patriarchal age of 71 years he has passed from the presence of friend and relative to the place appointed for all living. He had his trials, and went bravely through them. He had his hopes: may they all be realized!

"Why mourn, that this our aged friend is dead?
We are not sad to see the gathered grain,
Nor when the mellow fruit the orchards cast,
Nor when the yellow woods shake down the ripened mast."

"'Twas well, that on the earth he lived thus long;
'Tis well, that he has gone to his reward.
Deem not that kindly nature did him wrong,
At last to disengage the vital cord.
When the weak hand grows palsied, and the eye
Dark with the mists of age, it then is time to die."

Millerism.

Brother Himes has favored the world with a new Revelation. He says the "Second Advent" will occur in 1847, without any mistake, stay, or defalcation. He proves this by a most ingenious argument. He says that the extreme difference among Chronologists only carries "the time" forward to 1847, and as on the other days, the performances have all been "postponed on account of the weather," this *must* be the true *time*, i. e. in 1847, we are all to go pot together.

Perhaps this is too serious a subject for jesting. It is humiliating to the much talked of dignity of human nature, to find men running after such a knave as this Himes, and putting faith in his miserable imposture. The delusion of Millerism has made as many Infidels in the United States, as could the republication of Voltaire. Is there no remedy—no mode of punishing such rank knavery!

The property belonging to Harvard University is said to be worth $700,000.

COMMERCE OF ALBANY.—There were lying at the docks on Monday *one hundred and forty-one* sail of sloops and schooners. This was exclusive of the usual number of steam, tow, and canal boats.

Petitions are now circulating in New York for the pardon of Van Steenberg and O'Connor, the Anti-Renters sentenced to be hung.

LICKING VALLEY REGISTER.

Henry B. Brown, Editor.

COVINGTON.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1845

Mr. Wallace's Resolutions.—Our readers will find in to-day's paper the resolutions read before the Licking Convention by Mr. Wallace. With the exception of a portion of the preamble we most heartily concur in the resolutions. The extension of the Charleston Rail Road, and the erection of a bridge across the Ohio at this point, are matters of vast importance to this section, and we trust public attention may be directed to them.

Steam Boat Accident.

We learn from a passenger who came up on the Mail that the Steamer, Plymouth, was run into a few nights since, just above Shawneetown, and sunk, and about twenty deck passengers drowned. We have not heard the particulars of this melancholy accident.

☞We are indebted to the politeness of a passenger of the Steamer, Mail, for late New Orleans papers.

☞The Hon. Matthew St. Clair Clarke arrived in Cincinnati, yesterday morning. He has business, we understand, in Covington, and will spend several days in our city before his departure east.

Bank Lick Turnpike.

We understand the first meeting of the Directors was held at the Latonian Springs on Friday last, when the following officers were elected: S. W. Gilbert, Engineer; A. H. Jameson, Secretary and Treasurer.

They also agreed to locate and put under contract immediately six miles from the corporation of this City.

☞The Whig gains in Georgia indicate that the Alabama *Locos* remained at home, instead of laying pipe as they did at the Election for President last Fall. They have been *Terry*-fied from their evil doings. Our greatest gains are in the Counties bordering on Alabama.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

☞Governor Pratt of Maryland, has issued a proclamation recommending that Thursday the 20th day of November next, be observed by the people of Maryland as a day of thanksgiving, praise and prayer.

Removal.—We understand that Dr. Rives has been removed from the office of Surgeon of the Newport Barracks, and Dr. Holt, of this city appointed in his place.

New-Hampshire.—The official result of the recent election for Congressman, to fill a vacancy, is as follows:

Woodbury, (L. F.)	18,010
Goodwin, (Whig.)	10,055
Hale, Abol.	8,355
Scattering,	121

Majority against Woodbury, 524.

New Hampshire U. States Senator.—Hon. Franklin Pierce, for several years a member of the U. S. House of Representatives, has declined the appointment of U. S. Senator, tendered to him by Gov. Steele.

Pennsylvania Election.

We have complete returns from all parts of the State. The Legislature will stand as follows:

SENATE.

	Whig.	*Dem.*	*Native.*
Holding over	7	13	1
Elected this year	7	5	–
	14	18	1

HOUSE.

	Whig.	*Dem.*	*Native.*
Elected this year	32	68	–
Total	46	86	1
Democratic majority, on joint ballot,		39	

Large Robbery.—The messenger of Messrs. Livingston & Wells' Express was robbed of a trunk, containing eighteen or twenty thousand dollars, at Rochester on the 23d ult. A reward of $500 has been offered for the trunk and its contents.

It is said that the Mexican government recently obtained a loan of $200,000 of the foreign merchants, in anticipation of accruing duties, and that the money was at once despatched to the armies of Generals Paredes and Arista.

Governor's Island in Boston harbor has been purchased by the United States Government, of Henry G. Andrews of Boston. The commanding position of Fort Winthrop, upon its summit, when repaired and fortified, will, with the other forts, make Boston as safe from foreign attack as any city in the Union.

State Prison Statistics—There are now in the State Prison at Sing Sing 848 prisoners, 787 of whom were males. Since the 13th of September 36 have been discharged upon the expiration of their sentences, 3 have been pardoned, and 2 have died.

☞We learn, says the Louisville Courier of the 12th ult., that while launching the new Joan of Arch, at Paducah, she slipped from the ways and killed the mate and four other men. All the boats in port had their colors at half-mast.

Tennessee Election of U. S. Senator.—The Nashvill Daily Orthopolitan of last Saturday says: The "long agony is over." After four days and a half of hard struggle, the Hon. Hopkins L. Turney has been elected Senator in Congress from this State. The election was effected by the union of the Whig votes with the Democratic friends of Mr. Turney. This election has produced an excitement which, we apprehend, will not be readily allayed, and engendered feelings which will be felt in future legislation. The vote was as follows:

Hopkins L. Turney,	53
Wm. C. Dunlop,	46

Millerism has broken out in Jamaica, Long Island, N. Y. It has, says an exchange, assumed a remarkably violent form, and some of the preachers seem to be desirous of hastening the great day about which they preach, laboring to fulfil their own prophecies. One, who had nearly killed two or three 'silly women,' by giving them violent emetics, by way of purification and preparation, narrowly escaped a coat of 'tar and feathers,' by jumping on board a vessel just leaving the wharf.

The Convention.

We publish in another column, of to-day's Register, the proceedings of the Licking Navigation Convention, which assembled in this city on Thursday last. The Convention, we are glad to say, was large and contained among its members some of the best and most influential citizens of Northern Kentucky. We have seldom seen a more dignified and intelligent body of men assembled in the State. The number of Delegates was much larger than we anticipated, the represented nearly every county bordering on the Licking River—thus clearly proving that the people are aroused to a just sense of their interest on this great subject, and affording a strong guaranty of the success of the objects for which the Convention assembled. The counties represented were, Kenton, Campbell, Pendleton, Harrison, Nicholas, Fleming, Bath, Montgomery, and Boone—all deeply interested in the improvement of the Licking.

The proceedings of the Convention were perfectly harmonious. All seemed deeply impressed with the importance of the continuance of the public works on the Licking. The plan reported by the committee of eleven met with the united approbation of the Convention, and, we think, is entirely feasible, and, if properly carried out, almost certain of success. We are firmly of the opinion, that if the spirit already manifested on the subject is kept up, that justice, which has been so long withheld from the people of the Licking Valley, will be awarded them—the public works on the Licking recommenced—and in a few years that great channel of commerce will be opened to the rich and mineral regions of the State. It is impossible to calculate the immense benefits that will result from the success of this great scheme. We have not time, however, to discuss this subject to-day.

The Convention was ably addressed by Gov. Morehead. His speech was listened to with lively attention, and was indeed a masterly defence of the system of Internal Improvements, and especially of the improvement of the Licking. He dwelt, at length upon the importance of completing the improvements on the Licking, exhibiting in the clearest possible manner, the many blessings that would thus redound to the Valley of the Licking and the whole State of Kentucky. We will not, however, attempt to give an analysis of this able address. Suffice it to say, that it was worthy of its distinguished author, and was all that the friends of the enterprise, in defence of which it was delivered, could desire.

After Gov. Morehead concluded, Mr. J. S. Finley, Esq., addressed the Convention in a few pertinent and happy remarks.

The proceedings of the Conventon were conducted with much propriety and we anticipate great good from its deliberations. Let the people but keep the ball, now started, in motion; let primary meetings be held in all the Counties interested, and delegates sent to Frankfort during its next session, and, depend upon it, succes will crown our efforts.

The Tariff.

We learn from the correspondent of the N. Y. Herald, that at a late meeting of the Cabinet to approve of the proposition of the President in his next Message to repeal the present Tariff, abolish all minimum and specific duties, and enact a new law for revenue only, the President's advisers were equally divided as follows.

For Repeal.—Secretaries Walker and Mason, Post-Master General Johnson.

Against Repeal.—Secretaries Buchanan, Marcy and Bancroft.

And the decision in favor of the message was adopted by the casting vote of the President.

U. S. Revenue and Expenditure.

Receipts from Customs for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1845, will exceed $27,500,000; from Public Lands $2,090,000; from miscellaneous and incidental sources $163,998,56; making in all over $29,700,000. On the 1st of July, 1844, there was a balance in the Treasury of $7,857,369,64, which added to the receipts, will make a total of over $37,500,000.

Expenditures for the same time $30,000,000. The War Department spends one half this amount; Navy Department about $6,000,000—making over $21,000,000 for the "national defence." The civil list will not exceed two and a quarter millions; the foreign intercourse not half a million.

The Journal of Commerce's Washington correspondent gives this statement in advance of the Report of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Fear of Starvation.—We learn from the Charleston Courier, that the failure of the corn crop in the upper sections of South Carolina has created excessive alarm, leading even to the migration of some thousands of the white population to Tennessee and Kentucky, and other western regions, to seek bread for their families, during the coming scarcity of corn, supposed to be rendered certain as the consequence of the late unexampled drought. Several of the Railroad Companies have reduced the rate of toll on corn to almost a nominal charge, in order that it may reach the interior at comparatively reasonable prices.

Slave Stealing.—We find the following in the New York Tribune of the 17th ult:

We saw a fugitive slave a few days ago, who alleged that he was assisted to escape by Delia A Webster and Mr. Fairbanks. This would seem almost sufficient to settle the question of their participancy in the offence with which they were charged.

The Religious Movement in Cincinnati.—The Cincinnati Chronicle, of Tuesday, says:

We are informed that there are more than a thousand signatures to the plan of the new Independent Catholic church in Cincinnati. Nearly all these persons either are or have been members of St. Mary's church on thirteenth street.

Judge Story A Poet.—The Salem Register says, that in his early days, Judge Story was accustomed to write poetry, and gives as a specimen the following motto, standing at the head of that paper:

"Here shall the Press the People's Rights maintain,
Unawed by Influence, and unbought by Gain;
Here Patriot Truth her glorious precept draw,
Pledged to Religion, Liberty and Law."

"This motto, to the glorious principles of which we have always endeavored to be faithful, was written for the Register, and first published at the head of our columns in January, 1802. There it has ever since remained, and there, we trust, it will remain, the guide of the course of its conductors, as long as the paper shall exist."

The importance of the Lake commerce may be inferred from the statement in the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser of Monday, that a fleet of seventy vessels, awaiting an opportunity to leave westward, by a favorable change in the wind, got off.

Mr. Calhoun is said to have finished one volume of his promised work on government.

LICKING NAVIGATION CONVENTION.

Pursuant to notice, heretofore published in the newspapers, a large and respectable Convention of delegates, appointed by the people of the counties bordering on the Licking River, assembled in the Methodist Church, in the city of Covington, on Thursday, the 30th day of October 1845. On motion of M. M. Benton, Samuel F. Swope, Esq., of Pendleton was called to the Chair, *pro tem*, after which M. M. Benton was chosen Secretary *pro-tem*. A Committee of five was then appointed to report officers of the Convention, who, after retiring a few moments, through their Chairman, John A. Cavan, Esq., made the following report; viz:

Resolved, That for the better organization of the Convention the following gentlemen be appointed its officers, viz:

PRESIDENT—Samuel F. Swope, of Pendleton.

VICE PRESIDENTS—Ira Root, of Campbell; A. W. Hamilton, of Montgomery; G. C. Tarvin, of Kenton; Dr. Woodruff of Harrison.

Secretaries—M. M. Benton; H. B. Brown.

On motion, the report of the Committee was unanimously adopted.

On motion of Hon. J. T. Morehead, the Hon. A. Beatty, of Mason was invited to take a seat in the Convention and participate in its deliberations. Judge Beaty, then appeared and previously to taking his seat addressed the Convention in a few appropriate and happy remarks.—He declared himself warmly in favor of the Improvement of the Licking river. He had supported the measure, while a member of the Senate and was still in favor of carrying it out.

Upon a call of the counties the following Delegates answered as Representatives of their respective counties, viz:

KENTON COUNTY.

George White,
Thomas G. Tupman,
Wm. H. Pye,
Allen Culbertson,
James Culbertson,
Wm. Culbertson,
Wm. Taylor,
Robert Wallace,
John A. Goodson,
M. M. Benton,
H. J. Groesbeck,
J. W. Menzies,
John Mackoy,
James G. Arnold,
G. B. Marshall,
Wm. G. Ellis,
R. H. Perry,
John S. Perry,
John W. Leathers,
P. S. Bush,
A. W. Gaines,
Robert Taylor,
S. H. Montgomery,
John Kearney,
J. W. Stevenson,
S. T. Wall,
J. S. Finley,
H. Lathan,
John Cox,
James Taylor,
Charles A. Withers,
John Wolf,
George M. Southgate,
H. C. Watkins,
Richard Richardson,
John Simmons,
James T. Morehead,
John Bennett,
H. B. Brown,
John Armstrong,
Joel A. Levi,
Thomas Latham,
Joseph W. Powell,
John R. Stewart,
J. B. McNickle,
George C. Tarvin,
James Scott,
George F. Goodhue,
Lewis Bakes,
Robert W. Cooper,
James McCollum,
W. R. Thomas,
Thomas Greer,
John Cox,
Robert M. Carlisle,

MONTGOMERY.

A. W. Hamilton,

BATH.

James Suddith,
J. A. G Lee,
John Berry,
N. P. Hall,

FLEMING.

John A. Cavan,
Richard M. Bishop,

HARRISON.

Robert B. Jones,
Dr. Woodruff,

NICHOLAS.

T. L. Parks,
Dr. J. J. Taylor,
L. P. Holaday,

PENDLETON.

Wm. L. Barton,
S. T. Hauser,
S. F. Swope,
A. Robbins,
Richard Mullins,
John Wheeler,
James Wilson,
John E. Record,
E. Browning,
John Wyatt,
Silas King,
Isaiah Collins,
John H. Barker,
W. D. Sharp,
Thomas Kidwell,
R. F. McCormack,
R. McCarty,
Jonathan Daugherty,
Samuel Thomas,
G. Wallace,
H. Browning,
John A Critchlow,
Thomas Rush,
J. M. Turner,
R. C. Nelson,
Thomas G. Hall,
George Levingood,
W. G. Woodson,
Ralph Tomlinson,
John Burwell,

CAMPBELL.

James Taylor, jr.
James A. Piner,
Henry Clarkson,
Charles J. Helm,
B. S. Daniel,
Ira Root,
Nelson Dunn,
A. G. Daniel,
P. Hoffman,
T. S. Young,
S. G. Tarvin,
James McCrawn,
John J. Barker,
John B. Otten,
T. F. Tarvin,
J. K. Mullineaux,
S. T. Bartlow,
J. J. Thomas,
James Jenner,
J. N Taliaferro,
James C. Tarvin,
O. M. DeCourcey,
T. Corbin,
B. D. Beall,
J. H. Nelson,
M. T. C. Gould,

BOONE.

John P. Gaines,
C. S. Clarkson.

On motion of J. W. Menzies Esqr., it was

Resolved, That a Committee of 11 be appointed to prepare and report, at 2 o'clock, P. M., resolutions expressive of the sense of the Convention. The following persons were appointed said Committee, viz: John W. Menzies, Jas. T. Morehead, J. J. Thomas, Jas. Taylor, Jr. Silas King, S. T. Hauser, Dr. Woodruff, L. P. Holladay, J. A. Cavan, James Suddith, A. W. Hamilton.

The Convention then adjourned until 2 o'clock, P. M.

Afternoon Session—2 o'clock P. M. The Convention met according to adjournment.—The committee of 11, made the following report:

REPORT.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention the improvement of Licking River Navigation, is an object, which demands the attention of the State, and its successful prosecution must operate to the advancement of the whole Commonwealth.

Resolved, That the work begun in 1837 and abandoned in 1841, should be recommenced, and completed by the State, or consigned to the hands of a chartered company.

Resolved, That the counties bordering on the Licking River have contributed largely to the slack-water navigation of other rivers in the State and have suffered great disappointment and injury by the abandonment of the Licking navigation.

Resolved, That this convention most earnestly invites the aid of the friends of Internal Improvement, throughout the state, in endeavoring to carry on an improvement, which they think of great public utility, and especially as the counties represented in this Convention have always stood forth, when works of general advantage were to be done, in other portions of the State.

Resolved, That the increasing revenues arising to the state from Kentucky and Green River navigation, afford an argument in favor of action on the part of the state, in completing the locks and dams of the Licking River.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed by this convention, whose duty it shall be, to prepare an *Address* to our next General Assembly, setting forth the views and feelings of this convention, and the views and feelings of the people living in the Licking River Country, upon the subject of Licking navigation, as far as the same can be ascertained by them from the proceedings of this convention, with power to add whatever may appear expedient to said committee, being only circumscribed, by the limits imposed by the cause of Licking River improvement, and said committee shall report said address to the next General Assembly at its earliest session.

Resolved, That the representatives of the counties interested in the improvement of the Licking are hereby requested to omit no honorable means, which will be likely to advance the cause of Licking navigation, in the next General Assembly.

Resolved, That said committee to prepare the address to the Legislature, are requested, to carry said address to the Legislature, and to present the necessary facts, on the subject of Licking improvement to the consideration of the General Assembly—or to any committee appointed for that purpose.

Resolved, That it is recommended by this convention to all the counties of the Licking Valley to hold primary meetings for the appointing of delegates, to collect necessary facts for the consideration of the Legislature.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in the Licking Valley Register and Kentucky Intelligencer, and that the papers throughout the State be requested to copy.

Hon. J. T. Morehead then addressed the Convention in favor of the report in an able and powerful speech. He was listened to with the profoundest attention, and was loudly applauded when he concluded.

A communication from Mr. DeCourcey, of Campbell, was received and read.

J. S. Finley, Esq., then addressed the Convention briefly, in favor of the report.

Robt. Wallace, Esq., read for the consideration of the Convention, a preamble and series of Resolutions, on which he did not ask any action by the Convention.

The report of the Committee was then unanimously adopted.

The following persons were appointed the Committee to prepare the address to the Legislature, as contemplated in the report, viz:

Kenton—H. J. Groesbeck, J. S. Finley, J. A. Goodson.

Campbell—James Taylor, Jr., J. N. Taliaferro, Samuel Winston.

Pendleton—Silas King, James Wilson, Richard Mullins.

Harrison—Alexander H. Innes, William K. Wall, John Chowning.

Bracken—Daniel Coleman, Nimrod Rout.

Nicholas—Lewis P. Holaday, John S. Morgan.

Fleming—L. W. Andrews, John A. Cavan.

Bath—James Suddith, John A. Trumbo.

Montgomery—A. W. Hamilton, Richard Apperson.

On motion the Convention then adjourned, *sine die.*

SAMUEL F. SWOPE, *Pres't.*

M. M. Benton, } *Secretaries*,
H. B. Brown, }

MR. WALLACE'S RESOLUTIONS.

The following is a copy of the preamble and resolutions read before the Convention on Thursday last by Robert Wallace Esqr.

The construction of a Rail Road from Charleston South Carolina, to the City of Covington in Ky., was agitated in the year 1836. A respectable delegation from the South, on that subject, was received with demonstrations of joy, at Cincinnati, Newport, and this place, and the Legislature of Kentucky was solicited to sanction that splendid project. The jealousy of Louisville and Maysville, defeated the measure and threw us back about ten years behind the times. During that interval, Georgia and S. Carolina have been quietly progressing with the work; they have made some hundreds of miles of the road, and are now approaching our borders. Nashville, Memphis, and St. Louis, are holding out the hand of welcome, whilst Kentucky has barred her doors, and her citizens have been folding their hands to sleep.

We shall soon be surrounded by the facilities of intercourse, in all our neighboring States.—Commerce is passing around us in all directions, manufactures are flourishing, and wealth is rewarding the industry of our neighbors whilst the resources of Kentucky are as dormant as the pyramids of Egypt.

It is time to awaken from our lethargy; to shake off the shackles of exclusive selfishness, and invite the spirit of enterprise among us. We are not the advocates of new embarrassments.—We would not involve our State and our posterity, in debts and bonds, increasing taxes or repudiation; but like other States and countries, we would forter private enterprise by Legislative sanction. Therefore

Resolved by this Convention, That we view with admiration the steady perseverance of our neighbors in the South We reccommend to our Legislature, the most enlarged and liberal policy, that may be consistent with sound economy. We also recommend to our fellow citizens at other points, that generous emulation which relies upon its own resources, and not on the hindrance of others.

Resolved, That we consider the extension of the Charleston Rail road; the Navigation of the Licking River; and a bridge across the Ohio, at Covington; as three important objects to this section of the State; and that all of them may be accomplished by private enterprise, without involving the State in debt, or leaving a burden on those who come after us.

Resolved, That we will use all proper means to carry out the views herein expressed.

A letter to the Newark Advertiser, from a Jerseyman, who had visited Mr. Clay, says:

You can never see Mr. Clay, to advantage until you see him in domestic life, at his own home. I shall not violate what I deem good manners, by going into detail, after the habit of some letter writers, of what I saw and heard while an inmate of his hospitable family. It is sufficient to say, that I found every thing that you might expect from a well provided, most hospitable mansion, with a kind hearted, generous and noble host. Mr. Clay's health was never better, and he has all the spring and vigor of mind he ever had. He has a vigorous constitution and a frame, which will last him I do not doubt to an advanced old age—which may Heaven grant! Ashland is a fit residence for such a man. The farm contains some five or six hundred acres of as beautiful land as your eye ever rested on, and is about a mile, or a mile and a half, from town. There is no artificial display about the place. All is nature. There stands the old oaks of the forest in all their native grandeur. I was, indeed, greatly impressed with the whole scene around it.

What a sad commentary upon the intelligence of the country, that such a man, one who has rendered such services to the cause of human freedom, should be passed by in the choice of a ruler, for a third or fourth rate county court lawyer, without one event in his life to give him distinction among his fellow men! But such seems to be the course of Republics. They often banish their true friends and honor their enemies. Henry Clay will continue to live and grow in the affections of the American people, long, long after such men as Tyler, Polk and their like sleep in oblivion.

Next Congress.—A Washington correspondent of the New York Courier mentions the following measures as likely to be discussed during the coming session of Congress:

1st—A revision of the Tariff.

2d—The resurrection of the defunct subtreasury.

3d—The twelve month's notice to Great Britain for the abrogation of the compact of 1817 and 1827 on the joint occupancy of the Oregon territory.

4th—The ratification of the Texas annexation; and collaterally the Mexican boundary, and the Mexican indemnities, embracing the question of internal negotiations upon the subject.

5th—A revision of the Postage Laws, including an increase of postages, and an amendment of the laws relating to railroad contracts.

6th—A monthly mail line overland to and from Oregon. Whether this measure is recommended by the President or not. (and we hope it will, as it will be a feather in the official bonnet of the Executive,) it will be brought up before the Senate at an early day by Mr. Allen, Chairman on Foreign Relations, or by Mr. Niles of the Post Office Committee, or by Col. Benton.

Mr. Bryant, the American poet, was at Dresden on the 9th of September.

MARRIED

On the evening of the 29th inst. by the Rev. R. M. Dolby, Mr Robt. W. Furnas, Printer, to Miss Mary E. McComas, all of Cincinnati.

Sweet Mary to the altar went
Her heart, is gone, alas!
She's a sweet angel sent
To light a bright *Furnace.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SERVANT WANTED.

WANTED to hire, a female Cook and Washer. Apply at this Office.
Nov. 1, 1845. 15

COVINGTON SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.

MRS. Bissett returns thanks for the very liberal encouragement she has received, and announces to her friends and the public generally that she has removed her Seminary to Turnpike street near the Brewery. In addition to the Ornamental branches, young Ladies are thoroughly instructed in all the solid branches. The course of instruction consists of Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, Grammer, Ancient and Modern History, Chronology, Biography, Rhetoric, Composition, Botany, Geology, Philosophy, Chemistry, Astronomy, Biblical Antiquities, &c. &c. Embroidery, Bead and Shell work, wax Flowers, Muslin and Worsted Work.

Terms—Per quarter of 11 weeks—one half in advance.

Senior class;	$8
Middle do:	6
Junior do;	4
Music do;	8
French do	6
Drawing do;	5
Wax Flowers the course	6
Shell work do	6

Cov. Nov. 1, 1845. 15-3m

ENAS TICHENOR,

GENERAL AUCTION & COMMISSION and Real Estate Agent,
MARKET SPACE, COVINGTON, KY.

N. B. Liberal advances made on consignment. No storage charged on goods left for sale.
Nov. 1, 1845. 15-1y

NEW AND FASHIONABLE FALL & WINTER GOODS.

Corner of Market st & Market Space, Covington

COOPER, BERRY & Co., have now on hand and are still receiving, a general assortment of Woolen, Worsted and Cotton Goods, suitable for the City and Country trade, consisting in part, of an assortment of rich new style of Fall and Winter prints, Muslin des Lanins, Rep de Casse, Cashmeres, Crape Deslonnes, Woolen Shawls, Comforts, Silk and Linen Lawn, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Bro. and Bleached Shirting, Plain Black and Fancy Casimeres, Red, Green and White flannels, Blue-black Alpacca Luster, Blue Black and Green Cloths, men and women's basken Gloves, lady's silk Cravats and dress hhdkfs, lady and gentlemen's lambs wool and worsted hose and half hose, shoes, boots and slippers, cotton yarns, queens ware, and an assortment of hard-ware, consisting of pocket and table cutlery, butt and strap hinges, screws, &c., furnace and foundry castings.

ALSO—A general assortment of Groceries, by wholesale and retail. In addition, glass and linseed oil, Conklin pure white lead, which will be sold at factory prices.

The above articles we will sell low for cash or exchange for country produce. Our friends and the public generally are requested to call and examine our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere.
Nov. 1, 1845. 15

To the Patrons of the Masonic Mirror.

OWING to the melancholy death of B. D. Crookshanks, Esq., late publisher of the Masonic Mirror, the work has been temporarily suspended. For sometime previous to his death, Mr. C. was in very bad health, and was consequently unable to issue the monthly numbers of the work as they became due. The Mirror is, therefore, several months behind. It is hoped, however, that the unavoidable causes which have produced this result will be a sufficient excuse with its friends and patrons.

The Masonic Mirror, having recently been transferred to the subscriber, its publication will be resumed immediately. The back numbers will be issued and sent to subscribers as rapidly as the work can be executed, and hereafter each number will regularly make its appearance on the 1st of each month. The work will be published in Covington, Kentucky, where the facilities for getting it up in an elegant style are superior to those of any other point in the State. Arrangements have been made by which contributions from the best pens in the west will appear in each number of the Mirror. It is hoped this announcement will be highly gratifying to the patrons of the work, as well as to the friends of Free-Masonry throughout the West. The Masonic Mirror is the only work west of the Mountains devoted to the interests of Free-Masonry. It is the Organ of, and is edited by a committee of gentlemen appointed by, the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, and all good Masons, who desire to see our ancient and venerable institution flourish as it deserves, will do all they can to sustain it. We want 1000 new subscribers, and if our friends, the members of the Lodges, both in their individual and collective capacity, will subscribe liberally, and use their exertions to get others to subscribe, more than that number can be obtained before the expiration of the present volume In return, we pledge ourselves that no effort shall be spared on our part to render the "Mirror," an able and fearless advocate of the glorious principles of Free-Masonry, but also a valuable Literary and Miscellaneous Journal.

To those subscribers who are in arrears, we would respectfully say, send on the money as soon as possible. We will need every cent we can obtain to enable us to resume the work in a proper manner.

All Communications must be addressed to the undersigned, post paid, Covington, Ky.

H. B. BROWN.
Covington, Nov. 1, 1845.

WALSH & MALLORY,

IMPORTERS and Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Heavy, and American Goods, No. 211 Pearl street, New York.

ALSO—Manufacturers' Agents for the sale of American Knob, Mortice and Store door Locks and Sliding door Trimmings; Pierpont & Hotchkiss' Locks and Latchs, Isbell, Curtis & Co.'s improved Latches; Morris', Faucets; Bremer & Co.'s Rules; Johnson's Brass Butts, Sheet Brass and Brass Wire; Brass Andirons, Shovels and Tongs, Hand, House and Sleigh Bells; Foster, Merriam & Co.'s Castors, Blind Fastenings, &c. Sanford and Shelton's Tacks, Brads, & Sparables; Baldwin's Screw Wrenches; Pike's Patent Screw Wrenches and Cast Steel Hammers; Danforth's Lamps and Britannia Ware, &c. &c.

And have constantly on hand a full supply of Ames' Shovels and Spades; Crowbars, Churn Drills, Stone Sledges and Hammers; Coil, Ox and Log Chains; Lancashire Strap and Table Hinges; Clark's Butts; James' Screws; Spear's Pit, Mill, Crosscut, Hand and Back Saws; Spear's and Ibbotson's Files; Butcher's Edge Tools; Ixton Lead Pots; Sanderson, Bro.'s & Co.'s English Blister, German, and Casteel; Blood's and Farewell's Scythes; with a general assortment of goods for Manufacturer's use.
Cincinnati, Nov. 1, 1845. 15-3m

GRATE TRIVETS.—On hand various sizes of Brass and Russia Sheet Iron Trivets. ALSO—Coal Sifters and Fire Carriers. For sale by J. K. OGDEN & Co., 162 Main st.
Cin. Nov. 1, 1845. Sign of the Padlock.

TRACE CHAINS.—Straight and Twisted 6½ and 7 ft. heavy Chains.
ALSO—Log, Halter, Fifth, Breast, single and double Tongue, Lock, Stay, Back and Stretcher's Chains. For sale by
J. K. OGDEN & CO.,
162 Main, bet'n 4th and 5th st's., east side.
Cin. Nov. 1, 1845. 15

BUTCHERS' KNIVES.—Jno. Wilson, Russell and Gilliston's Butcher Knives, ass'd from 4 1-2 to 12 inches.
ALSO—Butchers' Steel:
Cleavers of various sizes;
Mincing Knives of various patterns.
For sale by J. K. OGDEN & CO.,
162 Main, bet'n 4th and 5th sts., east side.
Cin. Nov. 1, 1845. 15

BRADE'S BRICK TROWELS, assorted from 10 to 13 inch, for sale by
J. K. OGDEN & CO.
No 162 Main st, between 4th & 5th, east side.
Cin. Nov. 1, 1845.

HATCHE'S COUNTER SCALES WITH EXTRA TEN POUND WEIGHTS.
Also—Scale Beams, warranted from 150 to 2000 lbs., for sale at the manufactories prices by
J. K. OGDEN & CO.
No. 162 Main street, between 4th and 5th.
Cincinnati, Nov. 1, 1845. 15

AXES! AXES!! AXES!!!—Collins', Williams', Root's, McIlvaine's Axes for sale low by J. K. OGDEN & CO.
No 162 Main st, between 4th & 5th, east side.
Cin. Nov. 1, 1845.

MILL AND CROSS CUT SAWS.

W. Rowland's mill saws, ass'd from 6 to 7½ ft
Do Cross Cut Saws, do do do;
T. & B. do Mill do, do do do;
Do do Cross Cut do, do do do;
For sale by J. K. OGDEN & CO.,
162 Main, bet'n. 4th and 5th sts, east side.
Cin. Nov. 1, 1845. 15

POLISHED STEEL FIRE SETS.—Just opened a fine assortment of Steel Fire Sets, of various patterns, with and without Pokers.
ALSO—An assortment of American brass top Shovels Tongs, and Brass Andirons.
ALSO—Polished steel and bronzed Shovel and Tongs Stands. For sale by
J. K. OGDEN & Co., 162 Main st.
Cin. Nov. 1, 1845. Sign of the Padlock.

NOTICE.

DR. Hampton having left Covington, Ky., has prepared and left in the hands of Mr. James Adams, of this place, next door below Bakes' Hotel, and also in the hands of Messrs Paul & Murdock, Commission Merchants, Water St., No. 7, below main, Cincinnati, a sufficient supply of his unequalled Tincture for Various Chronic diseases, where the afflicted, with diseases that hath heretofore baffled all skill and Medicine, will find in those Gentlemen's hands, books of certificates and references, in either of those places, to such characters as will put to silence all prejudice against this truly unequalled medicine. JESSE HAMPTON.
Covington, Oct., 25th, 1845. 14—3m.

Dr. J. Bennett's Anti-Bilious Pills.

THESE valuable purgative PILLS are too well known to require much puffing to bring them into more general use.

They are prepared expressly to meet the Bilious complaints of the West, & South West. They have sustained a reputation for more than 20 years in the practice of the inventor, and stand preeminent amongst the Pills of the day. They are safe and effectual as a purgative remedy, as *thousands* are willing to certify.

These Pills are compounded with great care and accuracy, by the proprietors, and are warranted to give satisfaction.

☞ Price per single box—25cts. ☜
Agents supplied on favorable terms by
DRS. BENNETT & PRETLOW,
Corner of Scott St. & Market Space,
Covington, Ky., Oct., 25th 1845. 14

CURE YOUR COUGHS AND COLDS AND PREVENT CONSUMPTION!

By taking "Dr. Jackson's Compound Syrup of Sassafras and Wild Cherry."

THIS elegant preparation has established itself upon a solid foundation wherever it has been tried. It has no equal for the speedy cure of *Coughs, Colds* and other affections of the lungs, Weakness and Pains in the breast, &c. &c.

Amongst many certificates received from those who have used it, we will only extract a few.

The Rev. G. G. Moore, Episcopal Minister at Paris Ky, writes to us as follows.

Paris, Ky. Oct. 6th 1845

Gentlemen, I am pleased to learn that you are about to send your valuable *Compound Syrup of Sassafras* and *Wild Cherry* to this place for sale. Having used it myself, and in my family for a year or two past, I am free to say, that in cases of Colds and Affections of the Lungs and Chest, I have never known anything to equal it. You will certainly deserve the thanks of the Community, and particularly of those afflicted with Coughs, for having provided such a specific, and not the thing least to be desired in it, it is pleasant to the taste.

Yours very respectfully
G. G. MOORE.

Certificate of Joseph Powell Esq.

Having used the Compound Syrup of Sassafras and Wild Cherry in my family for more than two years in Colds and Coughs, I am fully prepared to testify to its virtues.

My son has been subject to the Croup for several years, and frequently came near dying with it before I made use of this Syrup. Since using which, I can state with great pleasure to Parents generally, that he has been entirely relieved from every attack at the beginning, by simply taking one or two doses.

I consider this Syrup invaluable in Colds and Coughs, and have never known it fail of curing the worst Case, when used in time.

Indeed so valuable do I consider this Medicine, that I would on no account suffer my family to be without it through the winter season. It need only be tried to be appreciated.

J. W. POWELL, Covington, Ky.
Covington, October 7th, 1845.

Drs. Bennett & Pretlow—I have been using the Compound Syrup of Sassafras & Wild Cherry in my family for more than a year, and find it all it purports to be; having always proved efficacious in my family whenever used as directed, in Coughs, Colds, &c., and it gives me pleasure to contribute my evidence in favor of its virtues.

In the case of a young man who was sometime in my employ, its effects were truly wonderful! He had laboured under great weakness of the breast, loss of apppetite, Dyspepsia, Cough, and general debility, and was for weeks unable to attend to business. I prevailed on him to take this Syrup, which relieved him right away, and by the time he was through with the second bottle was restored to good health. It is now more than a year and he has not been troubled since with disease.

Yours &c, JOHN R. STEWART.

Other references, and ample directions accompany each bottle. The retail price is 50 cents per bottle. Agents will be supplied on favorable terms, by the proprietors.
DRS. BENNETT & PRETLOW,
West end of Market Space, Covington, Ky.

Drs. Bennett & Pretlow,

West end of Market Space, Covington, Ky., Have a good supply of *DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE-STUFFS* &c. &c. which they continue to sell at Cincinnati prices. Also *PERFUMERY*, and FANCY articles for the Toilet—amongst which, is the finest articles of COLOGNE ever offered here. They invite those in want of any thing in the above line to give them a call.
October 25th, 1845. 14

L. BLINN'S New Provision and Meat Store.

On Market Sp., two doors below the Post Office

WHERE will be found a good supply of fresh and salt Meat, Eggs & Butter and Vegetables of all kinds. Families can be supplied at all times and on the most accommodating terms. He solicits a call from his old friends and the public in general.
Covington, Oct., 25th, 1845. 14—4t.

Stoves! Stoves!!

THE subscriber has received the Agency for the sale of Ball & Davis' Stoves, and will keep constantly on hand an assortment of that article, of every size and description, which he will sell at the manufacturer's prices. He will likewise keep a general assortment of Castings, such as Pots, Ovens, Kettles, Tea-Kettles Butt-Hinges, &c. &c., all of which he warrants to be of first quality.

He has just returned from the East, and now offers for sale a handsome and neat assortment of Staple & FANCY GOODS, all of which were carefully selected by himself. He solicits a portion of patronage, and asks his friends to call and examine his stock before they purchase elsewhere. He flatters himself that he can please, as regards style, quality and price. He is determined to sell cheap for cash.
J. D. LENDRUM,
Scott St., near the corner of Fourth.
Covington, Oct. 25, 1845.—14 tf.

☞Being anxious to close up our old book accounts before the end of the present year, we would take it is an especial favor if those of our Friends and customers, indebted to us, would call and settle. BENNETT & PRETLOW.
October, 25th, 1845. 14.

For Sale.

A VALUABLE Farm in the county of Campbell, containing upwards of 160 acres on the waters of Four Mile Creek on the Road leading from Alexandria to the mouth of five mile creek, on the Ohio River, and about 2 miles from said River; 9 miles from Newport. A good Apple Orchard and meadow; a good hewed log dwelling house, with 2 stone chimneys and three fire places, with a good kitchen, stables &c.; a good sufficient title can be obtained, low for cash. For terms, apply to the subscriber living on the River or H. B. Brown, Editor of the Licking Valley Register.
THOMAS HERBERT.
Covington, October 25th, 1845.—14-4t.

A. GARRETT,

NO. 15 *WEST FRONT STREET, CIN.*, has just received and has in store
30 bbls Sugar House Molasses and N. O. Molasses, at 40c per gallon,
50 bbls No. 1 Steam Salt,
4 half pipes Brandy,
6 qr casks Cogniac do,
4 qr casks Madeira Wine,
1 " " Port
1 bbl Peach Brandy,
2 casks St. Croix Rum,
1 " White German Wine,
4 " Sicily Madeira "
1 drum Codfish,
40 bbls Vinegar, 6¼c per gallon,
25 cases Segars,
Regalia "
Canones "
Principes "
Spanish "
50 cases Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,
30 kits No. 1 Salmon and Mackerel,
10 bbls No. 3 Mackerel,
1 qr cask Annisett Cordial,
1 tierce Rice,
6 boxes Missouri Tobacco,
5 sacks Feathers,
24 boxes Herring,
50 empty Whiskey barrels,
1 cask Madder,
6 chests Y. H. Tea,
3, 4, 6, 8, 10 Nails, of the best brands.
All of which will be sold somewhat less than the market price, for Cash or Produce.
ALSO—1 pr Racoon Burr Mill-stones. Price, $70—6 months credit.
Cincinnati, Oct. 18, 1845. 13

NOTICE.

THE firm of McLaughlin & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 16th day of June, 1845. All persons indebted to the firm will make payment to J. S. Daniel, and all persons having claims will present the same to him for liquidation, he being alone authorized to settle the business of the concern.
C A. McLAUGHLIN,
J. S. DANIEL.
October 9, 1845. 12-tf

Covington Classical Seminary.

A boarding and day School for Boys and young Men, under the superintendence of the Rev. G. M. Hair, late of Virginia.

An institution of the above description will be opened in Covington, Kentucky, on Monday the 3d of November, ensuing. It is the design of the subscriber to establish a permanent institution and one of the first class, in point of *Literature, Morals*, and *Discipline.*

Having been engaged in teaching for a number of years, both as professor in Providence College and as principle of an Academy for young men, he hopes to bring with him much profitable experience.

The institution will comprise two departments, an English and Classical. In the former, a full course of English Literature will be taught; and in the latter, a thorough and extended course of Classical and Mathematical instruction will be given.

Provision is also made for boarding, in the family of the superintendent, all who may come from a distance, over whom the strictest supervision will, at all times, be exercised.

The year will be divided into two sessions,—five months each. The winter session commencing on the 1st Monday of November, and the summer session on the 1st Monday of May.

All bills will be required to be paid, one half in advance and the other half at the end of each session.

Terms per session of five months, boarding and tuition, including all expenses, except books and stationery $65,00

Tuition of day scholar $10, 14, 18, according to the branches taught.

REFERENCES.
Rev. Wm. Orr, Prin. of Cov. Fem. Seminary.
" David McConoughy, D. D. Pres. Washington College, Pa.
Rev. Richard Deering, Jr. Covington, Ky.
" J. C. Bayless, " "
" Simeon Brown, Zanesville, Ohio.
Hon. Charles Dewey, Charleston, Indiana.
Mr. A. Bayless, Louisville, Ky.
Rev. Wm. Forsythe, Cynthiana, Ky.
Mr. A. L. Greer, Esq. Covington, Ky.
James M. Preston, Esq. " "
Dr. Thomas J. Orr, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Covington, Oct. 11th, 1845. 12 tf.
Cincinnati Gaz. insert twice.

STRAW GOODS AND MILLENERY ARTICLES.

JUST received a complete assortment of every variety of Flower, British, Rutland, French and American Bonnets, of Gipsey, Cottage Gipsey and Cottage shapes. French Flowers, Bunches, Wreaths and Sprigs.

RIBBONS.—Single and Double Fringed, Embroidered, Shaded, Plaid and of every color and quality.

FEATHERS—of the finest qualitis, Pannaches, Marubo, &c. Colors to match Velvets, uncut &c. Satin & Silk pattern Bonnet Frames &c. &c. All for sale Wholesale & Retail cheap at the Boston Bonnet Store
187 Main st. bet. 4th & 5th.
S. W. HASELTINE.
October 11, 1845. 12

M. BLAKE, DRUGGIST.

South-west corner of Broadway and Seventh sts., CINCINNATI.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the Public to the above named Stand for FAMILY MEDICINES of the best quality, and of all kinds, carefully compounded and put up.

—ALSO—

A general assortment of PATENT MEDICINES, such as
Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Jayne's Expectorant; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Burdsall's Compound Sarsaparilla; Michaux's Freckle Wash; Macassar Oil; Bears Oil; Nerve and Bone Liniment; Pulmonary Balsam; Thompson's Eye Water; Harlem Oil; Gardiner's Liniment; Fahnestock's Vermifuge; Sherman's Poor Man's Plaster; Eune's Universal Strentheing Plaster; Wrights Indian Vegitable Pills; Moffat's Vegitable Life Pills; Lee's Windham Pills, And a Variety to tedious to mention,

ALSO—an Electro-Magnetic Machine always in order for application for Rheumatic Pains, Stiff Joints, Loss of feeling or action in any part of the Body, highly recommended by the Faculty. Also, the celebrated Dr. Gilbert's Medicines for Sores of long standing, and of different kinds, with directions in full for their use. These with an assortment of Paints Oils, Varnish, Window Glass &c. We hope to receive a share of public patronage.
Sept. 6. 1845. 7-6m

WASON & WADE,

Corner of Madison & Turnpike streets.

DEALERS in DRY GOODS & HARDWARE, are constantly receiving and keep on hand a general assortment of Dry Goods and Hardware, which will be sold at Cincinnati prices. Also—a few boxes 8 by 10, 10 by 12 and 10 by 14 glass. The public are requested to call and see, before purchasing elsewhere
Covington, August 9, 1845. 3

WINTER LARD OIL.

SUPERIOR quality, doubly refined in strong barrels for sale by
THOMAS EMERY,
Lard Oil Manufacturer, Sycamore st. near 5th.
Oct. 18, 1845. 13

COMMERCIAL.

The River.—The Pittsburgh Gazette of Tuesday reports the water in the channel at 3 feet 2 inches. The the river is falling, all the way down, an only medium sized boats are now plying above and below.

Cincinnati and Covington Markets.

October 31, 1845.

Beeswax—25 a 26c per lb.

Butter—Packers pay 12 a 13; Retail—fresh print 20 a 25c; good crock—15 a 20c

Cattle.—The supply of Beef Cattle is good, and our Butchers purchase choice animals at $3,25 a 3,75 per 100 lbs nett, and inferior at $2,75 a 3,00.

Cheese.—A good article brings readily 7 a 7½c per lb.

Eggs—Packers pay 12 a 13; Retail 12c per doz

Feathers—The best qualities from wagon command 27c per lb, 28 to 29 from store.

Flour—$3,73, a $3,80.

Grain.—Wheat 70c per bushel of 60 lbs.; Corn sells from store at 33 a 37 per bushel.

Groceries—Sugar 6¼ a 7¼c per lb. Rio Coffee 6 a 8¼.

Provisions.—Current rates are as follows: viz, Clear Pork $15:50 a 16 per brl. Mess 15:00, Prime 12:00. Rump and Chine 9:50 a 10:00. Joles 7:00 a 8:00. Bacon Shoulders 6¼ a 7c prime. Sides 8 a 8¼c Hams, prime 8 a 9c. - Lard 6 a 7¼c.

Salt—23 a 25c per bushel.

Tobacco.—Best brands Six twist firm at 6¼ and some held at 7c per lb. Inferior 5 a 6c. Twelves 9 a 12½c.

Wool—20 a 30c embrace extremes.

Whiskey—20c.

BANK NOTE EXCHANGE LIST.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Ohio.	
CITY BANKS.	
Ohio L. & T. Co.	¼ pre
Lafayette	¼ pre
Franklin	¼ pre
Commercial	¼ pre
Mech. & Traders	par
COUNTRY BANKS.	
Massilon,	par
Circleville, (old)	par
Woster	par
Xenia	par
Sandusky	par
Geauga	par
Norwalk	par
Zanesville	par
Steubenville (old)	par
Maritta	par
Mount Pleasant	par
St. Clairsville	par
Clinton B of Colum	par
New Lisbon	par
Dayton	par
Western Reserve	par
Franklin B Colum	par
Chillicothe	par
Com B of Scioto	dis
Lancaster	8 dis
Hamilton	8 dis
Lake Erie	8 dis
Cleveland	8 dis
Miami Ex Com	25 dis
Urbana	37½ dis
Granville	40 dis
West Union Lebanon Miamisburg New Steubenville New Circleville	No sale
Indiana.	
State B. & Branc's,	par
Kentucky.	
All Solvent Banks,	¼ pre

Virginia.	
Eastern solvent B.	par
Wheeling.	par
Illinois.	
State Banks,	35 dis
Shawneetown,	50 dis
Wisconsin Ter.	
Marine & Ins. Co. Milwakie.	2 dis
Michigan.	
Bank R. Raisin, M.	1 dis
Missouri.	
State Bank	¼ pre
St. Louis Scrip.	2 dis
Tennessee.	
Memphis	2 dis
Other solvent B.	2 dis
Alabama.	
Bank of Mobile	1 dis
Other Banks,	8 dis
Arkansas.	
All Banks,	50 dis
Georgia.	
Augusta	2 dis
Savannah,	2 dis
Other Banks,	unce'n
North Carolina.	
All solvent Banks,	2 dis
South Carolina.	
All Solvent B.	1¼ dis
Louisiana.	
1st and 2d Muni.	1 dis
3d Municipality,	30 dis
Banks specie pay.	pre
Eastern Banks.	
New England	¼ dis
New York City	par
Do. Country	¼ dis
Pennsylvania,	unce'n
Phila'd. City,	par
Pittsburgh	par
Baltimore,	par
Maryland,	1 dis
Exchange.	
New York,	1 pre
Philadelphia.	1 pre

COVINGTON FURNITURE,

CHEAPER than ever at A. P. Rose's Ware Room, on Scott st. opposite John S. Perry's Lumber yard, will be found a splendid assortment of Furniture and Chairs of every description, size and kind; such as

Beautiful high post Bedsteads	$4 00;
Do low do	2 50;
Beaureaus, Mahogony front,	8 00;
Chairs per doz	4 00;

In fact every article in my line as cheap as can be had in the United States, and better cannot be made. Come and see.

N. B. COFFINS ready made, of every size and form ready with fifteen minutes notice. A fine—one or two horse **HEARSE** in readiness at all times—best in this City. Splendid HACKS, any number, can be furnished at any moment and all at the very cheapest rates.

The subscriber can be found, through the day, at the above ware room—at night, at his residence on Turnpike st., opposite the residence of Mr. Wm. Wason.

Covington, August 30, 1845. 6-tf

NEW GOODS—DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.—Now receiving, 180 PACKAGES QUEENSWARE, consisting of

35 crates painted and C C Fluted and Plain Teas;
20 do Edg'd Plates, Twifflers and Muffins;
10 do C C Muffins, French shapes;
10 do do and Edg'd Dishes, Bakers and Nappies, French shapes;
10 do Col'd and C C Bowls;
5 do C C Cov'd and Uncov'd Chambers;
4 do do Ewers and Basins;
6 do and Painted Teapots, Sugars, Creams;
6 do do do Hexagon Jugs;
3 do Col'd Jugs;
11 do Blue Texian Teas, Teaware, Plates, Twifflers, Muffins, Dishes, Bakers, Jugs, Bowls;
17 do Pink, Purple, Black and Blue Teas, Twifflers, Muffins, Jugs and Bowls;
12 do White a la Perle Stone Breakfast, Dining, Tea and Toilet Ware;
11 do Blue Seasons, Rais'd Fig'd do do;
10 do do Corinth do do;
9 do Black Centre Boston Mail do do.

The above Goods, comprising the largest assortment ever offered in this City, have been imported direct from the Factories, are now landing. They will be sold in the original package or repacked, at small advance, by

O. ALDRICH, Agent.
174 Main st, Cincinnati.

Sept. 20.—9-1y.

Strength Restored by the Application of KITRIDGE'S POOR MAN'S PLASTER. PRICE 10 CENTS.

THIS Plaster is a most excellent and certain remedy for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Fellons, Pains or weakness in the Back, Bowels, Chest, Side & Loins, Liver Complaints, Coughs, Nervous affections &c. This plaster has been Medicated so as to meet the many defects in others and has secured the universal approbation of all who have used it, its remarkable effects in many cases of long standing which have baffled the power and virtue of all other *plasters* establish beyond doubt its superiority over every other *plaster* now in use. Any person wearing one of these Plasters will be happily surprised at the benefit it affords, their excellence will be appreciated by all who give them a trial.

Sold at wholesale and retail by
ASHTON & MONTAGUE.
Booksellers & Stationers 121 Main street,
Sept. 6. opp. Gazette Office.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

PROPOSALS will be received on Saturday the 8th day of November next, at the house of the Rev. Tho's. Henderson, by the Covington and Lexington Turnpike road Company to prepare the fine grade and put the stone upon six and a half miles of the road, commencing nearly opposite to Wm. Boggess' horse mill and terminating at the 6th gate, the coarse grade being already complete. For the particular manner of doing the work reference is made to Tho's. D. Kennedy, the superintendent, who will be on the ground ready to give explanations the three preceding days to the letting.

JOHN P. GAINES,
President Cov. and Lex. T. R. C.

Oct. 18, 1845. 13-4t

JUST Received by Dr. Wise, Scott Street, below 5th, a large lot of Nerve & Bone Landum's and several other very popular Liniments. For sale very low for cash.

Covington, Sept. 20th 1845. 9

FRESH DRUGS.

DR. WISE, has just received a large and complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, (Copal, Japan and Extra Coach Varnish) and Dye Stuffs, together with a splendid variety of Perfumery, Hair, Paint, Sash and Tooth Brushes. All of which will be sold as low as can be had in Cincinnati.

Scott st., below 5th.
Covington, Sept. 20th, 1845. 9

PORK PACKING IN KENTUCKY.

THE undersigned having taken that large and commodious Pork Establishment, situated in Covington, Ky., (formerly occupied by Messrs. Hughes & Morgan,) has made extensive arrangements to pack Pork or Beef, on commission. Every inducement shall be offered, and every attention extended to forward the best interests of owners of stock. Practical knowledge and experience in the business has enabled him to expect a considerable share of public patronage. JNO. C. SCHOOLEY, Covington, Ky., Late Schooley & Son Cincinati Ohio.

Sept. 20, 1845. 9-10t
Cin. Gaz.

GRATES.

THE subscriber is still manufacturing and now has on hand a very large and splendid assortment of Mantle Grates of the latest patterns, which will be sold very low for cash.—Those wishing to purchase at wholesale or retail, shall save money by calling on the subscriber.

W. E. CHILDS.

Sign of the Gilt Stove, Fifth street, between Main and Walnut.

September 6, 1845 7-1y

THE CANTON TEA COMPANY

BEG to inform the Public that they have established themselves in the City of Cincinnati, for the purpose of introducing their *superior TEAS* throughout the Western country. G. F. THOMAS, 147 *Main street*, is the Company's only agent for Cincinnati—where Families may be supplied with any quantity from a quarter pound to an original package.

The custom of mixing damaged and inferior Teas with those of the better quality has long been a matter of universal regret; and although it is attended with great advantage to the dealer, it is associated with the infliction of the grossest wrongs upon humanity. The properties of the genuine plant medicinally considered, are highly tonic, stimulating and cooling; but the mixed and spurious articles so commonly vended not only contain no such benificial properties, but are positively injurious to the human constitution; and even the best samples of such admixtures contain imperfect Tea sufficient to negative and pervert the effect of all the genuine Tea they contain.

The great disadvantages arising from the above abominable practice are now removed and exist no more, so far as this neighborhood is concerned, as the

CANTON TEA COMPANY

most solemnly pledge themselves that none but the purest and most genuine Teas shall ever be sold at their establishments in this country.—And whilst the quality shall stand unexceeded, the prices shall be found to be *lower* than at any similar establishment in the world. This will necessarily oblige them to sell for READY MONEY ONLY.

In the utmost confidence that their uniformly GREAT VARIETY AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TEAS—their unparallelled system of prosecuting business—their devotion to the interests of their customers, and their promptitude in despatching orders, will give universal satisfaction, they beg to remind *Country Dealers, Heads of Families, Ship Masters*, and Purchasers in general, of the advantage and economy of purchasing at their establishments, and also to invite them severally and especially to call and try for themselves.

PRINCIPAL OFFICES.

New York.—121, Chatham street; 163, Greenwick do; 369, Grand do; 318, Bleecker do
Philadelphia.—89, Chesnut street; 45, North Fifth do.
Boston.—71, Hanover street; 13, Winter do.
Baltimore.—215, Wilks street.
Cincinnati, Ohio —147, Main street.

Agents for the sale of that unparallelled and delicious *Black Tea*, so highly popular in China and England.

Howqa's Mixture.

There are upwards of 2000 sorts of chops of Tea grown in China, of various qualities. The above Mixture consists of a number of the choicest qualities that are grown on *HOWQA'S ESTATES*, and is incomparable as to strength and flavor. The great quality of this delicious Tea has induced the

CANTON TEA COMPANY.

to import extensively of it, feeling assured from its superiority it will maintain in America the celebrity it has acquired both in China and England.

Caution.—These Teas are sold in Cincinnati only by *G. F. THOMAS, 147 Main street*, the Canton Tea Company's General Agent for the State of Ohio.

Good Tea is a great luxury, and it is a privilege to know where you can always get it.

The good people of Cincinnati and surrounding country now have the opportunity of drinking the finest and most delicious Teas cultivated in China. The Garden Teas imported by the Canton Tea Company exceed in delicacy of flavor, richness and aroma, anything of the kind ever imported into this country. Heretofore these fine Teas have never reached this country, except in small lots, as presents to importers, &c

What the Press say of our Teas:

We drink Green Tea, and have been paying one dollar per pound for it. But, thanks to the Canton Tea Company, we now get a better tea from them at 75cts. per pound. We drink one pound per week, by which we are now saving thirteen dollars per year, and enjoying better tea in the bargain. Commend us to the Canton Tea Company, say we.—*Mirror*.

The Canton Tea Company are performing a great and good work, and will in a few years, beyond all doubt, drive all the poor teas which have deluged this country, and defrauded consumers of the article, out of the market. They import none but pure and fragrant teas, and retail them by the pound at wholesale prices.—Families are always sure of obtaining good teas at this great tea warehouse, in quantities to suit their convenience, and at the same prices that the merchant pays who buys to sell again. —*True Sun*.

You may be sure of obtaining at all times pure and highly flavored teas, by the single pound, at wholesale prices, of the Canton Tea Company. They have probably the largest stock and greatest variety of fine green and black teas of any one estaglishment in the United States. They are doing a large business, and a great benefit to consumers of tea.—*Atlas*.

Heretofore it has been very difficult, indeed impossible, to always obtain good green and black teas. But now you have only to visit the ware-room of the Canton Tea Company, to obtain as delicious and fragrant teas as you could wish for —*Daily Sun*.

If any of our readers desire to have good tea, they can obtain it of the Canton Tea Company. —*Mercury*.

The finest specimen of green and black teas ever sold in this country are imported by the Canton Tea Company. Those who want good teas at reasonable prices can always get them there.—*Tribune*.

We have tried the teas imported by the Canton Tea Company, and if we live we will try them often. They are selling the most delicious teas we ever drank, and retail them at wholesale prices.—*Evening Post*.

Orders from the country, accompanied with the cash, will be promptly attended to by

G. F. THOMAS,
147 Main street, Agent, Cincinnati.

Sept. 27, 1845. 10

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE firm of Doyle and McCloskey, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and by the concern will be settled by Jas. Doyle, Covington.

JAMES DOYLE,
EDWARD McCLOSKEY.

Cincinnati, Oct 3, 1845. 13-4w

BLANKS

For sale at this Office.

TO PREVENT MISTAKES,

WHICH are frequently attended with serious consequences, citizens & strangers should be careful to find the CINCINNATI LOCK DISPENSARY, ESTABDISHED IN 1838, for the Cure and Prevention of Venereal disease, Seminal weakness and all diseases affecting the organs of generation in either sex.

DR. BROWN,

The Founder and Proprietor of this Institution, having been regularly educated to the medical profession, and been for some time in general practice, now confines his attention to the treatment of those private and delicate complaints for which his opportunities and experience peculiarly qualify him Eleven Years assiduously devoted to the study and treatment of these complaints, (during which time he has had more practice and has cured more patients, than can ever fall to the lot of any private practitioner,) amply qualifies him to offer assurances of speedy, permanent and satisfactory cure to all afflicted with Gonorhœa, Syphilis, Mercurial Disease, Gleet, Structure, Seminal Weakness, Whites, and all diseases arising therefrom.

Dr. Brown would inform those afflicted with Gonhœas, which have become chronic by time, or aggravated by the use of any of the common nostrums of the day, that their complaints can be radically and thoroughly cured, he having given his careful attention to the treatment of such cases, and succeeded in hundreds of instances, in curing persons of inflamation of the neck of the bladder, seminal losses, and partial or total prostration of the virile powers, which often result from these cases, where others have consigned them to hopeless despair. He particularly invites such as have been long and unsuccessfully treated by others, to consult him, when every satisfaction will be given them, and their cases treated in a careful, thorough and intelligent manner, pointed out by long experience, study and investigation, which it is impossible for those engaged in general practice of medicine to give any one class of disease.

Dr. Brown is the only regularly educated surgeon in Cincinnati, who gives his whole attention to these complaints. His diplomas and certificates can be seen at his office.

☞ Charges very low.

N. B.—Patients of either sex living at a distance, by stating their disease in writing, giving all the symptoms, can obtain medicines with directions for use, by addressing S. C. Brown M. D., post paid and enclosing a fee.

Office—on Columbia [2d] st., between Ludlow and Lawrence, at its junction with East Front street near the Newport Ferry Landing, Cincinnati.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

may 24, 1845. 44—1y

C. L. Mullins,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER, at the corner of Turnpike and Madison streets, Covington, Ky.

May 3, 1845. 41-1y

A. W. GAINES,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No 18. West Front St., bet. Main & Walnut,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

OHIO SPERM AND LARD OIL.

OHIO Sperm, a suprior Oil for machinery and burning.

Improved No. 1 LARD OIL in tight Iron Bound Barrels, for sale by

THOMAS EMERY,

Lard Oil Manufacturer, Sycamore st near 8th Cincinnati, Ohio.

May 21, 1855. 44—1yc

John F. Dair. Wm. Stoms.

JOHN F. DAIR & CO.

GROCERS AND DEALERS IN EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
GRASS SEEDS,
Corner of Lower Market and Sycamore streets,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

June 21, 1845. 48*

TO Horticulturalists, Agriculturalists, &c.—The subscribers have been appointed Agents for the *celebrated Gardens and Nurseries* of Mr. Warren, at *Nonantom Vale, Briton, Mass.*

Every thing connected with this extensive establishment can be supplied by us on the most reasonable terms.

Catalogues of these Nurseries and Gardens can be found at our Store, where all who are interested are invited to call.

Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, Roses, Dahlias, Roots, Bulbous Roots, and Garden Seeds, Grass Seed, Flower Seed, can be supplied to any extent.

Our orders will be made for the East at about 20th Sept. and 1st October, and all orders that are left with us will be faithfully executed and packages returned *this autumn*, as it is the most favorable time for planting.

This is an unusual opportunity for those who *love good Fruit, or beautiful Flowers* to supply themselves, and we trust our citizens will avail themselves of it. Mr. Warren is now in the City, and may be seen at our Counting Room on Mon'ay and Tuesday.

HOBART & RICHARDSON.

Sept. 13, 1845. No. 30 Sycamore st.

NEW GOODS.

GEDGE & BROTHERS have commenced receiving direct from the East, their **fall stock of goods**, consisting of a general assortment, suitable for City and country trade.—Their customers and the public are requested to call, as they will endeavor to sell at reasonable prices. Still have on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES, COTTON-YARNS, IRON, NAILS, GLASS, &c. &c.

CASH paid for Wheat, Rye and Flaxseed.

N. B. A general and full assortment of H. Sloop's Ploughs at Cincinnati prices.

Covington, Sept. 13, 1845. 8tf G. & B.

Balsam of Wild Cherry.

PREPARED by Dr. Winans—*An invaluable family Medicine*. Being a sure Remedy for Consumption, in all its various forms, colds, asthma, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough, spitting of blood, difficulty of breathing, paines in the side and breast, influenza, liver complaints, &c.

The medical properties of Dr. Winans' Balsam of Wild Cherry are fully established in every section of the country, by its success in curing the most inveterate cases of the foregoing class of diseases. In almost every instance where it has been persevered in, it has effected a radical cure, although in many cases this balsam will afford immediate relief, or at least effect a great change in a few days, still it cannot be expected to work miracles by curing all in so short a time, or to restore to health a frame that has been a prey to fell diseases for years. Sold at wholesale and retail by ASHTON & MONTAGUE.

Booksellers & Stationers, 121 Main Street, opposite Gazette office, Cincinnati.

Aug. 23, 1845.

JOSEPH CAREY,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN
GROCERIES AND PRODUCE,
No. 9, Commercial Row,
FOOT OF MAIN ST.—FRONT OF PUBLIC WHARF,
CINCINNATI, O.

Salt, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Indigo, Madder, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns, &c. All of which he will sell at the LOWEST CASH PRICE.

Cincinnati, April 12, 1845. 38-1y

WE are now receiving a first-rate assortment of *Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts; Vestings &c.*, which we are selling lower than the same articles have ever been sold in this market. Call and see.

J. B. CASEY, & CO.

Covington, Sept. 20, 1845. 9

DRESS GOODS.—We would call the attention of purchasers to our assortment of *Cashimeres, Roumelias, Prints, Ginghams &c.*, before purchasing elsewhere.

J. B. CASEY & CO.

Covington Sept. 20, 1845. 9

LINSEED OIL and White Lead always on hand, for sale in quantities to suit.

J. B. CASEY & CO.

Sep. 20, 1845. 9

JOHN W. MURRAY,

Barber, Hair-dresser, etc.,
Late from Albany, N. Y.

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Covington, that he is located himself in the house recently occupied by William Drake, on the corner of Fifth and Scott streets, Covington, Kentucky, to which place he gives a general invitation to all who stand in need of his professional skill, either in smoothing the chin, cutting and curling the hair, or cleansing the head of dandriff. From his experience in business he promises to give entire satisfaction.

April 5, 1845. 37-1y

Premium.

THIS is to certify that the specimens of Dyeing exhibited by Wm. Teasdale at the 7th Anual fair of the Ohio Mechanics' Institute, were adjuged to be of very superior quality, both as regards fullness of color and perfect finish, and also the great variety of shades; further, that they are in all respects equal to any imported. In testimony whereof this testimony is awarded.

Given under our hands this twelfth day of July 1844. J. P. FOOTE, Pres't.
Thos. G. Shaffer, Sec'y.

My object is to do all work in the best possible manner. The above is sufficient guarantee that I have the chemical knowledge and practical skill to excel. It is also a fact which cannot be denied, that no other house in the West have the same facilities for doing work. Goods dyed in this establishment will not smut. Scouring done on chemical principles.

New York Dye House, Corner of Gano and Walnut Streets, bet. 6th and 7th sts., Cincinnati. WM. TEASDALE.

April 26th, 1845. 40 1y

Stone Ware

JUST recieved and for sale, some 4000 gallons, Stone Ware.

GEDGE & BROTHERS.

May 3, 1845. 41

STOVES AND SALT.

ANY quantity, of all sizes and descriptions, of the improved Premium Stoves, for sale at my Store on Front street, between Walnut and Main, as low as can be had in the City.—Also—Brooks Kanawha Salt, by the quantity, superior quality for family use.

A. W. GAINES.

Cincinnati, June 7, 1845. 46

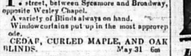
Covington Hat Manufactory.

M. Doherty & Co.

HAVING removed to Gedge's New Row, between 4th and 5th sts. respectfully beg leave to announce to the citizens of Covington and vicinity, that they still continue to manufacture HATS of all the various styles and qualities. Having had much experience in the business, they are determined that their hats shall not be surpassed in finish or durability. Thankful to their friends for past patronage they hope by unremitting attention to merit a continuance of the same. Dealers supplied on advantageous terms.

N. B. The highest prices paid paid for furs.

Covington, June 14, 1845.



Venetian Blind.
Pivot Shutter Blind.

PHOENIX BLIND FACTORY.

T. J. RICORDS, Cincinnati, Ohio, Fifth street, between Sycamore and Broadway, opposite Wesley Chapel.

A variety of Blinds always on hand.

Window curtains put up in the most approved ode.

CEDAR, CURLED MAPLE, AND OAK BLINDS. May 31 6m

Botanic Medicines

OF every description and in quantities to suit purchasers, and warranted to be fresh prepared and sold by GEO. S. LIGHT,

corner Sycamore & second sts., Cin.

NEW COMMISSION HOUSE.

A. M. JANUARY & SON, Maysville, Ky. GEORGE H. TAYLOR, Pittsburgh, Pa. JANUARY & TAYLOR, *No. 17 Casilly's Row, Front street, Cincinnati.* The undersigned beg leave to inform the public, that they have opened as above, in Cimcinnati, a house for the purpose of doing a General Commission Business, for the Purchase and Sale of Merchandise and Produce of every description.

The personal attention of the partners will be given to the business of the house, and they hope, from their long experience, to conduct it so as to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage.

Particular attention will be given to the receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise and Produce. JANUARY & TAYLOR.

Sept. 20, 1845. 9-6m

DR. WISE offers for sale a large supply of that invaluable Medicine, Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, the pure and genuine article, together with a large lot of the most celebrated Vermifuges and Worm Syrup' an excellent article, all of which he will sell very low for cash. Scott street below 5th.

Covington. Sept. 20th, '45 9

WM. STARKS,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER
COVINGTON, KY.

HAS removed his shop to the room formerly occupied by J. R. Hord, as a forniture ware room, opposite the market house on Market Space, where he is prepared to execute Gentlemen's and Ladie's work, in the most fashionable and approved style, and on as liberal terms as can be done in the West, and feels confident in giving satisfaction to all that may favor him with their patronage. To those who are in the habit of visiting Cincinnati, for the purpose of purchasing their boots and shoes, he would say, that he can furnish them as *cheap or cheaper* than they can be obtained in that City. He solicits a share of public patronage.

Oct. 4, 1845.

THE FACT that Comstock & Co., endeavor to counterfeit **Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor** only proves the value of the real article. W. Jenkins, Esq., of Columbus, Ohio used the *genuine*, and was cured of an extreme case of the Piles in their worst possible form.—He states!

"For years my disease defied medical skill, and grew worse until life became intolerable.—As soon as I commenced using this salve I rested in bed for the night for the *first time for many months*; the frequency of the discharges abated, and in a few weeks the dysenteric secretion was entirely suppressed, and from that time to this I have felt *no pain—no soreness—no distress*, and am now as strong and hearty as ever."

We could publish hundreds of similar well authenticated cures of the severest cases of PILES, BURNS, SCALDS, INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM, TETTER and SALT RHEUM, Broken Breast, Old Sores, and all kinds of *pain and inflamation*, but will merely refer the afflicted to the pamphlets which can be had gratis of any of the agents.

BE SURE that H. DALLEY is *written with a pen* on every box.

Sold wholesale and retail by JAMES GALE HUBBELL, at the Ohio Depot, on Fourth st, 3 doors West of Main.

It is for sale in Cincinnati by Wayne & Pleis J. Doughty, Charles Collins, S. H. Parvin, H. S Allen, J. S. Davidson, S. Denhard and W. B Chapman; and in Covington by T. Bird and T. A. Wise

Sept. 27, 1845. 10

Removal.

GEO. S. LIGHT has removed his Drug Store to the North West corner of Sycamore and Second streets, a few doors North of his old stand.

July 26 1845. 1-yl

Wantad.

GOOD Common Segars, for Groceries and Cash. A. GARRETT.
No. 15 west front st. Cin.

Oct. 18, 1845.

CLEAR THE TRACK.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT!

Tailoring and Repairing.

WHO would not economise when a small fortune can be saved by having his old clothes done over. The subscribers flatter themselves that they can clean old clothes and repair them in a manner superior to any person in this city, and at one third less than the usual price. They will take Tar, Paint, Grease, Pitch Varnish or any other dirt, out of Cloth, Silk, Satin or any kind of Woolen goods, and leave no stains.

All Faded Colors Restored!

Gentlemen hesitate to have their clothing scoured on account of the many impostors who ruin the cloth by scouring with soap. Carrige Cushions, Hangings, Pulpit Covers, Sofas, Chair Covers, Window Hangings, Carpets and Hearth Rugs, cleaned, dressed and made to appear as new. Ladies and Gentlemen give them a call, and be convinced that some things can be done as well as others.

They have also a DYEING ESTABLISHMENT, connected with the renovating shop.

The materials made use of in their process of renovating and cleaning, effectually prevents moths from destroying any kind of Woolen goods. Persons having Woolen clothing which they intend to lay aside during the summer would do well to have them first cleaned by this process.

C. GOOSMAN,
O. B. KEECH.

Columbia st., 3d door below Broadway, North side next to the Columbus House.

N. B. Orders from a distance promtly attended to.

Cincinnati, May 24, 1842. 44—1y

E. WILLIAMS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Market Space near Scott street, Covington, Ky

HAS JUST RECEIVED a splendid assortment of

FASHIONABLE GOODS,

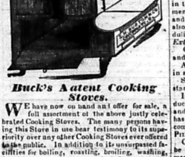
at his old stand, one door from the Drug Store of Drs. Bennett & Pretlow, on Market Space, near Scott street—consisting of Cloths, Kerseymeres, Vestings, &c, &c. He has also obtained plates of the

LATEST FASHIONS,

direct from the East, and he is prepared to execute to order, upon the shortest possible notice, all manner of work in his line, in the most fashionable and approved style. He will also constantly keep a large and choice assortment of ready made clothing.

Grateful for past favors, he now solicits a continuance of public patronage which he will ever merit by continued and unremitting exertions to please and satisfy his customers and a generous public.

March 29, 1845. 36-1y



Buck's Patent Cooking Stoves.

WE have now on hand and offer for sale, a full assortment of the above justly celebrated Cooking Stoves. The many persons having this Store in use bear testimony to its superiority over any other Cooking Stoves ever offered to the public. In addition to its unsurpassed facilities for boiling, roasting, broiling, washing, &c., it presents an oven nearly twice as large as any other Stove in use, which is heated with the most perfect uniformity, and in its operations is in every respect equal to a brick oven.

For economy in fuel, convenience and despatch in all the departments of cooking, this Stove is unsurpassed by any other ever invented. For the operation of the Stove we respectfully refer to the following persons who have it in use.

C Bates, Geo Shillito, J C Norris, E Woodruff, Josiah Drake, O Aldrich, M Peckham, M Hunt, F Diserens, Morris Cromline, B Sterrett, M Broadwell, Rev Dr Aydelotte, Dr Woodward, Thas T Whitehead, M Moore, R P Donough, Dr Rives, Charles Fisher, Wm Culbertson, J B Perine, Augustus Isham, Abraham Palmer, Weatherby & Young, Robert H Moorehead, David T Disney, Wm Krans, C Openheimer, T McGechin, Sullivan & Scott, H F Maybaum, Jos Goodloe, J H Merriweather, Mrs Bogert, John Owen, Dr J Allen, Adolph Louis, A Fithian, &c. &c.

In addition to Buck's Patent Cooking Stove, the subscribers are manufacturing Premium Cooking Stoves, Elevated Oven Cooking Stoves, Parlor, Cannon, Six Plate, and all the varieties of Stoves sold in this market, together with a full assortment of Parlor Grates, of splendid patterns. Also, Hollow Ware Castings, of every desctiptions, which they offer at wholesale or retail at the lowest prices.

Dealers are respectfully invited to call and examine the assortment.

S. H. BURTON & CO.,

Nos. 6 and 7 Columbia street, between Main and Walnut sts., at the sign of Buck's Stove.

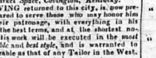
Cincinnati May 24, 1845. 44-1y

Wrong Side Up.

WELL that is the way with most Cabinet Makers, but I think if you will call at my ware-room, 2d door East of Scott on Market st., Covington, you will find me about right; believe it? Call and see. I keep Cabinet ware, Chairs, Matrasses &c. Also, ready made Coffins of all sizes, which can be had in a few minutes notice, night or day. A new Hearse always ready. Hacks, &c. can be furnished at any hour. HIRAM MARTIN.

N. B. I can always be found at my ware-room.

Oct. 4, 1845. 11



G. H. UTLEY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Market Space, Covington, Kentucky.

HAVING returned to this city, is now prepared to serve those who may honor him with their patronage, with everything in his line, on the best terms, and at the shortest notice. His work will be executed in the *most fashionable* and *best style*, and is warranted to be as durable as that of any Tailor in the West.

☞ Cutting executed *cheap* for cash

He returns his thanks to the citizens of Covington for past favors, and hopes by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of public patronage.

August 2, 1845. 2-tf

"CHEAP GOODS."

WALKER & WINSTON,
Madison street, one door above Sixth,

ARE now receiving their Fall and Winter Stock, of

DRY GOODS and GROCERIES.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Queens-ware &c. &c. to which they invite the attention of the City and Country trade, as they continue to sell as heretofore at the current Cincinnati prices, for cash or in exchange for Country produce.

CASH,

At all times, paid for Bacon, Lard, Tobacco, Segars, Tallow, Beeswax, Feathers, &c. &c.

Call and see our goods and prices.

Oct. 4, 1845. 11

BEAUTIFYING ARTICLES, just received by Dr. Wise a splendid lot of Orris chalk Balls & Pink Saucers &c.

Scott street below 5th.
Covington, Sept. 20th. '45. 9

A FRESH supply of the following valuable Medicines just received and for sale by T. BIRD, Apothecary and Druggist, Covington, Ky.

THE SICK-HEADACHE, EITHER NERVOUS OR BILIOUS.

☞ an attentive perusal of the following will, it is believed, fully repay all classes of readers:

Headache.—The disease is one from which arises more misery to the human family than is generally supposed; not being directly fatal, it is often neglected, or persons resort so much to the use of purgatives and other medicines, as to impair their general health, and often induce fatal diseases. The article, *DR. SPOHN'S HEADACHE REMEDY*, from Comstock & Co., now offered seems to have overcome these difficulties. While its effects are most powerful and immediate in curing an attack or keeping it off, it is so perfectly *mild and innocent* as to be used for infants with the greatest effect and safety. This has now been tested by so many of the highest members of this community, as to require no further proof.

"If taken a few times in as many hours, when there are indications of an approaching attack, it is *sure in all cases* to prevent the attack. If used for a few weeks, the premonitory symptoms gradually subside, until they wholly disappear, and *never*, without some great *external or predisposing* cause, return. If the person neglects to use it till the headache commences, it sometimes *cures instantly*, but at others the turns will have their cource for two or three times, and then wholly disappear."

Rev. DR. BARTHOLOMEW'S

PINK EXPECTORANT SYRUP!

An agreeable Cordial, and Effective Remedy for Coughs, Hoarseness, Colds, Pain in the Breast Influenza, Hard Breathing, and Difficult Expectoration.

For Adults and Children in cold climates and warm.

It has remained to a late day to discover an article so admirably fitted to these complaints, so powerful and effectual, and yet so perfectly innocent and mild.

Let not the public class the scientific result of a learned Physician and Divine with the nostrums of the day. Let them make a careful perusal of the evidences attending this article; their respectability, and the decided manner in which they speak, and they cannot withold their belief to *some* of its virtues. Let us assure them that a single *trial* of it will do more to convince all of its merits than all they can see or hear on the subject. It is quite certain that no injury has ever been known to arise from its free use.

Cleanliness of the Head and Hair.

Strange it is that persons who attend strictly to personal cleanliness, baths, &c, should neglect the Head—the Hair—the most essential—the most exposed—and the most beautiful, when properly cared for, of all the gifts of the Creator. Perfectly free may it be kept of dandruff or scurf, with a certainty that the hair cannot fall out, by the use of the *BALM OF COLUMBIA*. Ladies, will you make your toilet without this article? Answer fearlessly no, if you have once tried and experienced its purifying effects—its sweet perfume.

HAYS' LINIMENT.

NO FICTION.—This extraordinary chemical composition, the result of science, and the invention of a celebrated medical man.

It is now used in the principal hospital, and in the private practice in our country by an immense number of individuals and families, first and most certainly for the cure of the Piles, and also extensively and effectually as to baffle credulity, unless where its effects are witnessed.—*Externally* in the following complaints:

Croup and Whooping-Cough — Externally and over the chest.

All Bruises, Sprains, and Burns—Curing in a few hours.

Sores and Ulcers—Whether fresh or long standing, and fever sores.

Its operation upon adults and children in reducing rheumatic swellings, and loosening coughs and tightness of chest by relaxation of the parts, has been surprising beyond conception. The common remark of those who have used it in the Piles, is, "It acts like a charm."

Comstock's Medical Almanac for 1845 may be had without charge at the above establishment.

April 26, 1845. 40 6m

ROBERT MITCHELL

CITIZENS' CABINET WARE-ROOMS,
Columbia street between Main & Sycamore,
Cincinnati, Ohio,

MANUFACTURES and keeps constantly on hand, a large assortment of the most fashionable Cabinet Furniture, and Chairs, of every description. Also—plain Furniture, all of which he will sell very low. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Cincinnati, April 12, 1845. 38-1y

Watches, Jewelry & Silverware.

THE subscribers have constantly on hand a large assortment of *Watches*, consisting of *Gold & Silver* patent lever, Duplex, Lapine & Common.

All kinds of Watch trimmings; such as Chains, Seals, Keys, &c. &c.

Diamond, Ruby, Japaz & Amethist Breast-pins, Rings &c.

Gold & Silver Pencils; Spectacles, Diamond pointed pens in *Gold & Silver Cases*.

Also fine table Cutlery, plated Cartars, Barkets, Candlesticks and Brooches. A fine assortment of Brittannia Tea Setts; some of entirely new patterns. Fine Tea Trays richly painted & Gilt, 3 & 4 in the set—Also extra fine Trays painted and enamelled on paper an entirely new article very durable & beautiful; with every description of goods usually kept in such establishments, which we will sell on the very lowest terms. McGREW & BEGGS.

No 137 Main st. between 3d & 4th streets, Cincinnati. May 31, 1845. 45—tf

Rice's Lectures on Slavery.

LECTURES on Slavery delivered in the First Presbyterian Church, July 1st and 3d by N. L. Rice, S. S. Pastor of the central Presbyterian Church, Cincinnati Ohio.

Just Published by J. A. JAMES.
August 23. No 1 Baker street.

GROCERIES.—Just Received a fresh lot of Coffee, Sugar, Tea and Spices at

J. B. CASEY & CO.

Sept. 20, 1845. 9

!!$60,000!!

Managers Office, Covington, Ky.

Ky. State Lottery, Class 90 draws on Monday, July 14, 1845, Capital Prize $4,000; Tickets $1, shares in proportion.

" " " Class 91 draws Tuesday, July 15, 1845, Capital Prize $5,500; Tickets $2, shares in proportion.

" " " Class 92 draws Wednesday, July 16, 1845, Capital Prize $7,000; Tickets $3, shares in proportion.

" " " Class 93 draws Thursday, July 17, 1845, Capital Prize $3,000; Tickets $2, shares in proportion.

" " " Class 94 draws Friday July 18, 1845, Capital Prize $3,000; Tickets $1, shares in proportion.

" " " Class 95 draws Saturday, July 19, 1845, Capital Prize $6,000; Tickets $2, shares in proportion.

☞ Also Maryland and Virginia Lotteries,—Capitals varying from $60,000 to 5,000. Tickets—prices varying from $2 to $20. All orders by mail will be promptly attended to.

Similar schemes to be drawn in the order as above stated will be continued throughout the year. GREGORY & Co.

July 12, 1845. 51

DR. WISE has just received a full supply of Dr. Jaynes Valuable family Medicines, viz: Jaynes Expectorant, Carminative and Hair Tonic—which he will sell rather lower than they ever have been sold here.

Scott street, below 5th.
Covington, Sept. 20th, 1845. 9

She was beautiful, and may be again!

The rose bloomed brightly upon a downy cheek,
Venus de Medicis form was not more graceful;
Her laugh echoed back the seraph's joys;
But oh! Calomel; thy touch would make her as
ugly as thy beggard legions. [friends!
Why not have spared one so lovely, so dear to
"What pity blooming girl,
That lips so ready for a lover,
Should not beneath their ruby casket cover
One tooth of Pearl!
But like a rose beside the church yard stone,
Be doomed to blush o'er many a mouldering
bone!"
No—from Nature's ample bosom grows
A healing balm for all our woes.

Health is every thing; without it we are miserable beings.

Let us see what the *Press, Dr. White*, and his *Patients*, and the *Public* say of the remedies which have gained such flattering and extensive celebrity over the whole Ohio, Mississippi, Missouri and Arkansas Valleys, and wherever they have come within the knowledge and reach of the public—that seem to be so eminently worthy of a trial for all our woes.

We are satisfied that the remedies and means are at hand, that may greatly prolong the duration of human existence. We advise every individual not to disregard his health—perhaps fame—when the best energies of both body and mind are depressed, or weighed down by smouldering Drugs and Diseases within. We do not believe that one, of all the Compounds, official or otherwise, prepared with all the collected wisdom of the past, in this or any other country, can so soon unload the system of the remains of diseases and deleterious drugs; so clearly and eminently work their own efficiency and growing fame, year after year, at home and abroad—as Dr. White's Vegetable Elixirs.

Blessed with the gift of a kind providence ourselves, good health, we do not often give a preference of one over the other, to Allapathic, Homoepathic, Hydropathic, or the "Reformed Practice of Medicine,"—but when all who have witnessed the effects, gratefully appreciate, and far and near, embrace every opportunity to call the attention of their afflicted friends to "Dr. White's Botanic Medicines," we may and ought to join in giving notoriety to medicines which are doing so much good, and which when fully known are esteemed above all others, and above all price.

His Elixirs have performed the most extraordinary cures of any other known medicine, having snatched, as it were, from untimely graves thousands of persons afflicted with Consumptions, Colds, Coughs, Inflamation of the Lungs, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhœa, Scrofula, Female Weaknesses, the Secret and Mercurial Diseases, Ague and Fever, Rheumatism, Dropsey, &c; White's Magic Liniment and Vegetable Pills are unequalled for their sanative and curative powers. Let the afflicted try Dr. W.'s medicines, and they will bless the day that they were induced to do so. Thousands of grateful hearts are proclaiming the wonderful cures performed upon them, when every thing else had proved itself futile.

Myself and a boy living with me, have had very bad coughs for months and years, and having tried in vain, everything, from the most famed to the less known medicines that seemed to give hopes of relief, and when Dr. White's Vegetable Elixir was recommended to me, I could not but give way to my feelings, and pronounce his too a humbug. On reflection, however, I obtained a bottle, containing three gills, on the condition of *no cure no pay—and double pay if it did cure.* ☞ This one bottle cured the boy and myself, and I have reasons for believing that its equal cannot be found in the United States—and therefore, in as strong terms as friend Bryant has, do I also urge the afflicted to try Dr. White's remedies. As long as I can procure them, I intend never to be without them in my house. WM. LINTON.

Cincinnati, Nov. 29, 1843.

Messrs. Editors:—To do good to the afflicted and to render justice to Dr. White for a cure so complicated and bad as mine was, is my apology for asking you to publish the following:—

I had been afflicted for five years with fever, ague and fever, spinal effections, scrofula, colds, and coughs, and other distressing derangements of my system which were carrying me rapidly to the last stage of consumption, the most of which time I was under the care and attendance of the best physicians in Portsmouth, in this State, all of whom finally gave me up, and pronounced me incurable. Last Spring I came to this city with the lingering hope of obtaining relief from the Medical Faculty here, but, after the lapse of four or five months and at cost of two hundred dollars, with no better results than those at Portsmouth, and my physicians here, also, having pronounced my case hopeless I was advised by my friends to call on Dr. White; I did so, and his remedies, including attendance and advice, to the amount of five dollars and twenty five cents, through the goodness of Providence, have restored me to health; and I assure the distressed and despairing that if afflicted and reduced as I was before using Dr. White's medicines, and I had wealth, I would give it all for the relief I have obtained from their use. The respectable families who have kindly, stood by me in my afflictions, in this city, can testify to the foregoing facts, to whom and to me Dr. White authorized to refer.

AMANDA PRICE.

Cincinnati, December 15th, 1843.

With such evidence in favor of Dr. White's Remedies and Practice we ask the attention of the public to the following

CARD.

Citizens needing a lighter or stronger course of BOTANICAL TREATMENT—that they may in a few hours go about their business—and Travelers, indisposed from fatigue, change of diet, water, or climate, and others visiting Cincinnati for their health, find Dr. White's infirmary and residence—under the same roof—not like a house for the sick in appearence, but in the order of a quiet boarding house—the assiduity of himself and family, the medical and social treatment such as rarely fail to cure the invalid. His skill in fevers, *acute and chronic diseases*, and the facility with which he breaks them up, the little loss of time to his patients—often astonishing them and their friends—are the certain effects of these better remedies.

DR. WHITE grateful for past liberal patronage, tenders his thanks and continued services to a generous public. Those who cannot call on, or send for him—whose cases are not beyond the reach of all medicines—by forwarding to him a statement of their age, the length of time they have been afflicted, symptoms, progress, and general nature of their complaints,—Postage paid and cash occompaying such statement—may procure the remedies necessary for their cure, at his *Infirmary, and Botanical Medicine Store, Sixth Street, second building from Main, opposite the Galt House, Cincinnati, O*

Dr White's Magic Liniment, &c.

THERE is no Liniment in Europe or America, equal to this LINIMENT for pain in the back, breast, sides, bowels, teeth, face and head; sore throat, cold extremities and a want of equal circulation of the blood, for burns, bruises, sprains cramp, numb palsy, rheumatism, etc. It has never failed to cure Chronic Rheumatism, if of twenty years standing. Applied to the bowels for inflamation and for female obstructions, and over the region of the kidneys for derangement of the urinary organs—for cholera and cholera morbus externally, and taken on sugar water internally.

Its effects are magical. Families cannot keep on hand any one compound, that will, in emergencies, save so much suffering, and so many from premature death.

By accident it has been discovered that this liniment cures one of the *secret diseases* more speedily than any other remedy used at the present day.

See the certificates, etc., in this paper as to these invaluable remedies.

Preserve this paper, that you may do good to the sick and afflicted, by letting them know where they may procure the remedies, for the Cure of Colds; Coughs, Inflammation of the Lungs; Asthma, Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhœa, Internal Abscesses, Consumptions, Female Weaknesses and auxilliary affections, Croup, Whooping Cough, Measles, Erysipelas, Scarlet Fever, Scrofula, Chronic, the Secret and kindred Mercurial Diseases, Rheumatism, Jaundice, Dropsy, Fevers, Ague and Fever, Diseases of the Kidneys, Spleen, Heart, Breast, Spine and Spinal Nerves, Weakness, General Debility, &c. &c. &c.

Sold by Dr. J. White, with other Botanic Medicines, at his Botanic Dispensary in the brick building next to North West corner of Sixth and Main Streets, on Sixth, opposite the Galt House.

August, 23d, 1845. 5—ly.

LAW NOTICE.

J. W. TIBBATTS & CHARLES J. HELM,

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of the LAW, will attend the courts of Kenton and the adjoining counties.

OFFICE on South side of Market Space, one door west of Greenup street.

Covington, March 8, 1845. 33tf

LAW NOTICE.

JAMES T. MOREHEAD and JOHN W. STEVENSON have united themselves in the practice of the Law, under the firm of

Morehead and Stevenson.

They will attend to the courts of Campbell, Kenton, Boone, Gallatin, Grant and Harrison.

Their Office is on Market street, Covington, over the Store of Cooper, Berry & Co., where one or both of them will always be found, unless in attendance upon their courts.

March 8, 1845. 32-tf

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

BENTON & MOOAR,

M. M. BENTON and DANIEL MOOAR, have associated themselves together in the practice of the Law in the Counties of Campbell, Kenton, Boone and Grant. Their office is on Scott street, west end Market Space.

Covington, March 8, 1845. 33

Law Partnership.

B. W. FOLEY & SEP. T. WALL,

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of Law in the County and Circuit Courts of Kenton, Campbell and Boone. They will, in the Circuit Courts, be assisted by W. K. Wall, whenever necessary. Office on Market Space, in Covington.

N. B Conveyancing and the examination of titles of city property promptly attended to.

September 13, 1845. 8-tf

HENRY B. BROWN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Having permanently located in

COVINGTON, KY.,

WILL practice his profession in Kenton and the adjoining counties. Business confided to his care will meet with prompt attention

Law Notice.

FINLEY & LEVI, Attorneys at Law—have formed a co-partnership and will practice their profession in the County and Circuit Courts of Kenton and the adjoining counties, in the U. S. Circuit Court for the District of Kentucky; and in the Court of Appeals.

JOHN S. FINDLEY can always be found at his office on Market Space, in COVINGTON, KY., J. A. LEVI at his office in INDEPENDENCE, KY. Business confided to their care will meet with prompt attention.

August 23, 1845. 5—1y.

Law Notice.

J. C. C. CARROL, Attorney and Councellor at Law, Cincinnati, will attend to all business entrusted to his care; collecting &c. in neighboring Counties in Kentucky.

Office No. 8 East Front st. with Sam'l Perry, up stairs in the Fire Departments Insurance Company building.

May 31, 1845. 45—1y

Boots and Shoes.

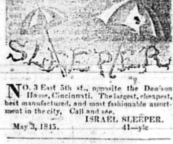
JOHN GATES.

SIGN OF THE BIG RED BOOT,

No. 5, Lower Market.

I AM now receiving and keep constantly for sale, a large assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. Remember the *Big Red Boot*

Cincinnati, Aug. 16, 1845-4-1y.



NO. 3 East 5th st., opposite the Denison House, Cincinnati. The largest, cheapest, best manufactured, and most fashionable assortment in the city. Call and see.

ISRAEL SLEEPER.

May 3, 1845. 41—ylc

PROCTER & GAMBLE.

SOAP & Candle Manufacturers, and Starch Factors, No. 224, Main st., second door North of Sixth st., Cincinnati.

Cash paid for Tallow & black Salt.

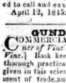
June 14, 1845. 47*

J. A. James,

STEREOTYPE Founder, and Printing Ink Manufacturer, No. 1 Baker St., Cincinnati

Feb. 15th, 1845. 30

NEW AND FASHIONABLE JEWELRY.



WM. GALLUP, WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRER,

Scott, between 4th & 5th sts. Covington, Ky. Has received and now offers for sale, a choice selection of JEWELRY, which he is disposed to sell as low as can be purchased in Cincinnati. Ladies and Gentlemen, who wish any article in his line, are most respectfully solicited to call and examine for themselves.

April 12, 1845. 38-1y

GUNDRY & BACON'S

COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE, *N. E. Corner of Vine and Fifth sts. [Entrance on Vine.]* Book keeping by DOUBLE ENTRY. A thorough practical course of instruction will be given in this science, embracing every Department of trade and Mercantile Accounts, viz: —Wholesale, Retail, Commission, Exchange, Steamboat and Compound Co. Business.

The subject of closing and keeping books, balancing and adjusting individual and partnership concerns will be explained and illustrated. In short no pains will be spared to make the pupil efficient in whatever belongs to a well regulated Counting House.

In place of the common method of copying after a particular printed work, the pupil is exercised in opening, making the original entries, journalising, posting, balancing and closing, and making out the balance sheets of from twenty to thirty seperate setts of books.

PENMANSHIP.

A complete style of Epistolary and Practical Penmanship can be acquired in a short time.—The public are politely invited to call and judge for themselves.

Terms for Penmanship, per scholar·····$5 00
do Book keeping do com course 15 00
do do do full do·····25 00

Including Penmanship, time unlimited, with privilege of attending at any time when most convenient.

N. B.—Success guarantied or no charge made.

August 30, 1845. 6-1y

STOVES.

THE subscriber is manufacturing and now has on hand, a very large and splendid assortment of Cooking Stoves, viz: The Cock's Favorite, Buckeye, Reliance, Premium, and many other highly approved Cooking Stoves.

Also, a very large assortment of Stove, Office and Parlor Stoves of the latest patterns all of which will be sold very low for cash. Those wishing to purchase at wholesale or retail, may save from one to five dollars by calling on the subscriber. W. E. CHILDS,

Sign of the Gilt Stove, Fifth street, between Main and Walnut.

September 6, 1845. 7-1y

Cassia.

6 CASES Cassia;
1,000 lbs. ground do.
For sale by GEO. S. LIGHT.
Sycamore st., Cincinnati.

June 7, 1845. 46-ylc

John Mackoy,

DEALER in Dry Goods, Shoes, Queens' Ware, &c. Store South side Market Space, where he will sell goods as low as they can be purchased in Cincinnati, for cash only, or produce at cash prices. He would invite his friends to call and examine his prices before purchasing elsewhere.

March 8, 1845. 33

EXTENSIVE BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT:

ON THE EASTERN PLAN.

L. Chapin & Co.,

BROADWAY, opposite Lower Market, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SINCE the extensive enlargement of our business the past year, it has been universally acknowledged that we have sold more boots than any other house in the city; and we have made our arrangements the present year to manufacture 2,000 cases of Boots, and pledge ourselves to sell them cheaper than they can be purchased in the east and delivered in this market. Our stock of Boots and Shoes for the Spring trade will be very large, which we will sell lower than any other house in the city.

L. CHAPIN & CO.,

Broadway, opposite Lower Market, or at the Manufacturer's Warehouse, No. 9 East 3d st

We here express our sincere and hearty thanks to our friends and customers for their patronage, and hope they will continue to *encourage their own Manufactures.* L. C. & CO.

Cincinnati, Jan. 25, 1845. 27-12m

Astounding Fact.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4, 1845.

I HEREBY certify that when I was about 12 years old, I gradually became *deaf* in both ears, so that in a few months I found it almost impossible to hear, unless in the very loudest tones of voice. I remained in that situation untill last summer, a period of *eighteen years*, when I heard of *Scarpa's Compound Acoustic Oil.* I immediately obtained a bottle, which I used, and am happy to say it has acted like magic, and quite cured me. Any one wishing further information of my case, which I think a remarkable one, will find me by calling at my residence, Concord street, first door above Second street.

MRS. REBECCA BAXTER.

For sale at the Comb Store, 125 Main street

J. W. SHEPPARD, Ag't.

Cincinnati, Jan. 17, 1845. 28

Gedge & Brothers,

TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS,

AND DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES & COUNTRY PRODUCE,

Scott Street, Covington,

KEEP constantly on hand a good assortment in their line, which they will sell, wholesale or retail, cheap for cash or exchange for country produce.

March 8, 1845. 33

MARBLE.

Wholesale and Retail.

Broadway between fourth and Fifth Streets.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE Subscriber would be happy to furnish Building Stone, Monuments of any size or Form, Tomb-Tables, Grave Stones, Marble Sinks, Chimney Piece Work, Soda Fountains, Bar Drainers, Confectionary Tables, Paint Stones and Mullers.

To those who may wish to purchase any of the above named articles, having an interest in a quarry, he will be able to wholesale to Stone Cutters, and also give the people good bargains; particularly in Monuments and Head Stones.

N. B. A splendid assortment of Monuments on hand and a new variety expected daily.

S. WEEKS.

June 14th, 1845.-47-1y.

TO PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS.

THE undersigned having fitted up the Mill Grove Paper Mill with all the latest improved Eastern Machinery, are now prepared to manufacture Paper of all sizes and qualities, at short notice, and on favorable terms.

ALSO—Keep constantly on hand a full supply of the following sizes of Printing and Book Paper: 21 by 27, 21 by 28, 22 by 28, 20½ by 28½, 22 by 32, 24 by 36, 24 by 37, 24 by 38, 28½ by 42; with a full assortment of Wrapping and Writing Paper. NIXON & CO,

Paper Warehouse, 28 Pearl st.

N. B. The highest market price given for Rags in Cash, or exchange for Paper and Books.

Cincinnati, April 19, 1845. 39-1y

Venitian Blind Manufactory.

136 Sycamore st., Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Covington, & adjacent Country, that he continues the above business at the old stand, where he will make to order Blinds of any pattern or color, to suit the customers, warranted of the best materials and done in the best manner. Blinds repainted & trimmed on reasonable terms. Also, outside blinds & close Shutters made to order. Anything wanted in the above line will be promptly attended to. HENRY READ.

May 31, 1845. 45—1y

DYEING AND SCOURING.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Covington and vicinity, that he has opened an establishment for the purpose of carrying on the above business, as neat and on as moderate terms as can be done in the city.—Ladies and Gentlemen's wearing apparel Dyed Renovated, to order. Silks, Woolen, and Cotton Goods, attended to on the shortest notice.

☞ Tailoring and mending, also done on the most reasonable terms.

Call and examine before you carry your work elsewhere.

☞ Shop on Sycamore street, between 3d and 4th streets.

HENRY SPRINGER.

Cincinnati, May 31st, 1845. 1y

WASHINGTON HALL.

NEW LOCATION,

Corner of Walnut and Water sts. Cincinnati.

ABNER LONGSHORE, late proprietor of that long established Public House, on Water st., between Main and Walnut sts., Cincinnati, known as Washington Hall, returns his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and informs his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to that large, airy, and commodious building on the corner of Walnut and Water sts., and having fitted it up in superior style, is now ready to receive their calls, and also travellers by river or otherwise.

June 14, 1845. 47 6m

L. K. FRAZER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public in general, that he has bought out the shop of L. E. Brown, and intends to carry on the above business, in this city. He warrants his work to be executed in the best manner, the neatest style, and on as accommodating terms as can be obtained at any other establishment in the place. His shop is situated on Madison street, one door above Wason's store.

He solicits a share of public patronage, and respectfully invites the citizens of the place and vicinity to call.

Covington, March 29, 1845. 36-1y.

CABINET FURNITURE.—Splendid Sofas of various patterns, elegant mahogany Wardrobes, Secretarys, Centre and Card Tables, Dressing and Column Bureaus, Mahogany Chairs, Dining and Breakfast tables, Mahogany and common Bedsteads, together with a general assortment of Goods in our line, for sale at the lowest market prices.

CHARLES LEHMAN, & CO.

No. 34 Columbia st. may 31—6m

Town Lots! Town Lots!!

A GREAT variety of town lots variously situated in the city of Covington, will be disposed of at private sale, on the most favorable terms. Also, a number of tracts in and adjoining the city containing one or more acres. Apply to JOHN MACKOY,

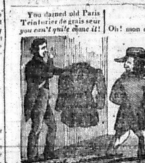
Market Space.

April 26, 1845. 40-tf

TO PAINTERS.

BUTCHER & McLAUGHLIN, *Brush Manufacturers*, have just finished a large lot of Paint, Sash, Tool and Varnish Brushes, of all sizes, which they offer at eastern prices, Wholesale and Retail; No 104 Main st., Cincinnati.

March 8, 1845. 33


You darned old Paris
Teinturier de grais seur
you can't quite come it!
Oh! mon dieu!

I AM now prepared to Clean, Renew, &c GENTLEMEN'S WEARING APPAREL in a style that will do honor to the trade. Clothing taking in all conditions, and made to appear as NEW.

TAR, PAINT, and all kinds of resinous substances removed,

Without the use of Alkali's. All faded garments restored. My system of renewing is a *Yankee Improvement* on the plans practiced by the Jews of London and Paris.

Economy is the road to wealth,
And cleanliness promotes your health;
Bring on your *faded* coats without delay,
For *I will please each one or take no pay!*

N. B. Agent for the sale of Waterproof Coats, Pants, Wagon and Dray covers, &c.

Customers will find the undersigned at his shop on Congress street, 2d door from Broadway, at all hours. R. WALKER.

Cincinnati, June 14, 1845. 47-1y

Paints.

500 lbs Chrome Yellow;
200 " " Green;
300 " Emerald "
500 " Lampblack
3 Casks Eng. Ven. Red;
3 " Spanish Brown;
3 " Yellow Ochre;
For sale by GEO. S. LIGHT.
Sycamore st. Cincinnati.

April 26, 1845. 40-yl

Peter A. White. Wm. Shrom.

PETER A. WHITE & CO.

Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

No. 4 Mainstreet, Cincinnati, Ohio.

April, 26, 1845 40 1y

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE.

Tyler Davidson & Co.

WHOLESALE

HARDWARE MERCHANTS.

No. 126 Main st. 3 doors above the old U. S. Bank.

ARE now receiving their Spring supplies of English Goods direct from Birmingham, Walsall, Wolverhampton and Sheffield.

ALSO—AMERICAN HARDWARE direct from the manufacturers, embracing all descriptions Miscellaneous and heavy articles. To the trade generally, and Country Merchants, we are prepared to sell as low as can be bought east of the mountains.

Our stock now on hand is large, extensive and well assorted. Goods in casks or original packages, will be sold at the usual commission. We have in stock—

37 casks bright Trace Chains, 6½ ft Nos 2 and 3;
23 do do do 7 do 2 and 3;
19 do do twisted do 7 do 2 and 3;
600 gross Knives and Forks, Shambuck, white and bl'k bone, stag, self-tip and ivory, all qualities;
6000 gross New England Co. American Screws;
3500 dozen Greenwood's Patent Butt Hinges, all sizes;
2000 do rim, chest, pad, cupboard and till Locks;
2500 do Files and Rasps, all standard makers;
11 casks genuine Armitage Anvils and Vises;
300 casks Brads, Tacks and sparables;
189 do Coffee Mills, all Makers and varieties;
75 do horse, wool and cotton Cards;
300 doz axes, Collins & Co. Ohio H Manns, J. F. Williams Hunt & Co. Ohio Pat. Simmons & Co. &c,
6000 prs bl'k and bright Augers, all qualities;
Rowland and Hoe & Co's celebrated mill, ✕ cut, pit, wood and circular Saws;
Sanderson Bro's superior Cast Steel;
500 doz T. W. Shaws' superior Sickles;
1000 do scythe Stones, all descriptions;
500 do Rifles do;
400 do field and garden Hoes do;

ALSO—Building materials of all descriptions; Iron, Britannia, and German Silver, Tea and Table Spoons; brass Goods and Cabinet maker's Hardware in great variety; Juniata and Boston Nails; German and French fancy Goods; Iron Wire; brass battery Kettles; Percussion Caps and Slates by the case; tinned and enamelled Ware; Tools of all descriptions, &c.

ALSO—SOLE AGENTS FOR BACON'S COLD LARD LAMPS. A SUPERIOR STOCK OF LOOKING GLASSES.

Our stock of Scythes for the ensuing season (600 doz) comprises the largest assortment offered in the Western Country: embracing the genuine WALDRON, GRIFFIN, MANSFIELD & HOLMAN, NEWTON DARLING, FAREWELL, TAFT, DRAPER, KIMBALL, BLOOD, PERLY WHIPPLE, *and other well known brands.* T. D. & CO.

Crinninati, May 3, 1845. 41—1 yr

JONATHAN HATHAWAY,

GENERAL AGENT

AND

COLLECTOR.

WILL attend to all business entrusted to him in Kenton, Campbell, Boone, and other adjoining counties. Owners of Real Estate or other property in this section, or those having collecting to be done, entrusting the same to him, may expect it to receive his prompt attention.

For business habits and integrity, reference is made to the following gentlemen, in

COVINGTON, KY.,

Hon. Jas. T. Morehead,	M. M. Benton, Esq.
C. A. Withers,	A. L. Greer,
L. C. Bakes,	Col. R. Wallace,
Dr. Jno. Bennett,	Dr. H. Lewis,
John A. Goodson,	John F. Finley, Esq.
John Karney,	H. J. Groesbeck, Esq.

Editors of Kentucky Intelligencer.

NEWPORT, KY.,

Hon. J. W. Tibbatts.

ALEXANDRIA, CAMPBELL CO., KY.

J. J. Thomas.

BOONE COUNTY, KY.,

Col. John Wallace,	Ezra K. Fish,
James D. Polly,	Wm. Watts,

GRANT COUNTY, KY.,

Maj. E. B. Bartlett,	O. P. Hogan, Esq.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

J. J. Wright & Graft, Real Estate Agents.

Wm. S. Johnson,	Thomas D. Carneal.

Covington, Kentucky, May 10, 1845. 42-tf

STEPHEN SOLAR,

CABINET MAKER.

No. 277 Main st. Cincinnati, O.

MANUFACTURES and keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of cabinet furniture of superior mechanism. Consisting in part of Bureaus, Side Boards, Dressing Bureaus, Book Cases, Secretaries, Centre Tables, Sofas, Bedsteads of various patterns, Card Tables, Writing Tables, Wash Stands and Work Stands of different kinds.

ALSO.—Mahogany Chairs: Plain French, Three quarter French, and Rocking Chairs, etc.

N. B.—Ordered work done in the best manner and at short notice.

May 24, 1845. 44—1y

R. T. BAKER,

ATORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

ALEXANDRIA, KY.

WILL practice in Campbell and the adjoining Counties. Business confided to his strict attention.

38-1y

NO EXCUSE FOR A BALD HEAD

HAIR TONIC.—The following communication from the Rev. Professor Eaton, Hamilton College, N. Y., in addition to hundreds of others equally respectable should remove the doubts of every reasonable person of the uniform and singular efficacy of Jayne's Hair Tonic:

HAMILTON, Feb. 18, 1840.

DR. JAYNE, Dear Sir—I cannot say that my hair is restored but I can say that it appears to be in as rapid a state of restoration as could be reasonably expected. I had not finished the first bottle before a decided change was manifest over the bald part of the head to which it was applied. A new growth of fine glossy hair much like that of an infant appeared and has continued to increase; and I have had it cut two or three times. I have recently begun upon the third bottle, but have been a good deal irregular in the use of the tonic from the first, and from this cause I apprehend that the effect is probably less at present than it would otherwise have been.

I began the use of the Tonic with little or no faith that it would ever be successful on my head, though I felt entire confidence in your statement of what it had done to others, and I was as much surprised as astonished when I saw the effect. You recollect the appearance of my head when in your office. I assure you the hair has been nearly if not quite an inch long at the time I had it cut, on the part that was nearly destitute of any when you saw me. It was however very fine though quite thick. I am flushed with the sanguine hope of final success, by the diligent use of your tonic which (amid all the "hair humbugs" which have been advertised in the papers,) I am constrained to believe is what it pretends to be, and "that it will make the hair grow and no mistake," at least on some heads. GEO. W. EATON,

Professor in the Hamilton literary and Theological Seminary.

Copy of a Letter from the Rev. C. C. Park, Pastor Baptist Church, at Haddonfield N. J.

HADDONFIELD, N. J., Feb. 12, 1838.

DR. D. JAYNE; Sir—I take great pleasure in informing you that the bottle of Hair Tonic which I obtained of you last October, has proved most successful. My hair had for a long time been exceedingly thin; But for two or three years past had so fallen out, that I had become entirely bald, and was under the necessity of combing the hair on the side over it, and thus concealing it. But now after using about half a bottle of the Tonic I have as luxuriant a growth as ever I had. C. C. PARK.

PROOF UPON PROOF. Who can longer doubt the excellence of Jayne's Hair Tonic, when everybody says it is the best article in the world to restore the head from baldness and beautify the hair. Read the following from the Rev. John P. Hall, of Ridley Pa:

DR. JAYNE. The Hair Tonic which I obtained at your office has been of service in preventing the falling off of my hair. Indeed there is an appearance of young hair on my head.

Yours, affectionately

J. P. HALL.

Prepared and sold at No. 20 South Third St Philadelphia.

Price $1 per bottle. For sale at the Comb Store, No 125 Main street.

J.W. SHEPPARD, Agent.

Cincinnati, April 5, 1845 37-tf

SPLENDID COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE.

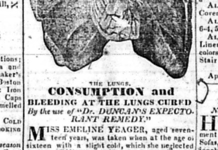
THE subscriber offers for sale in lots of 5 and 10 acres, a few situations that command a fine view of Cincinnati, Covington and Newport, the lots are desirably located, high and airy, and the soil fine for fruit trees, and well adapted to the cultivation of the Vine, it being near the confluence of the Licking and Ohio rivers 1½ miles from the Ohio at Cincinnati and Covington. The property will be sold on favorable terms for time. JULIUS BRACE.

Reference is made to

Mr. Henry Emerson,	W. W. Southgate, Esq.
Calvin Fletcher,	A. L. Greer,
Dr. J. A. Warder,	J. T. Levis,
Lowel Fletcher,	P. S. Bush.
Cincinnati.	*Covington.*

Covington, March 8, 1845. 33-tf

Read and Live.



THE LUNGS.

CONSUMPTION and BLEEDING AT THE LUNGS CURED

By the use of "Dr. DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY."

MISS EMELINE YEAGER, aged seventeen years, was taken when at the age of sixteen with a slight cold, which she neglected until the LUNGS fell a prey to that seeking destroyer, CONSUMPTION, when application to a physician was made, but to no effect, he considered her case a hopeless one, and prescribed but little medicine for her. In the meantime she discharged great quantities of blood, with much expectoration of thick phlegm and cough. Her bodily frame at length became reduced to a living skeleton. Her last was anxiously looked for by her friends, that her sufferings might end by the pangs of death. During the time her physician frequently called, and, as the last resource, determined to test the virtues of "Dr. DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY," having noticed some extraordinary cures performed by the medicine in similar cases. He at once obtained two bottles and administered it to her. The fourth day he found some change, which gave hopes. He continued giving the medicine for eighteen days; at that time she was rendered able to be walking in her bed chamber, to the astonishment of her friends and relatives. She continued using the medicine for eight weeks, when she declared herself entirely free from disease and pain, and now pursues her daily occupation in perfect health.

☞ A small pamphlet accompanies this medicine, which gives a full description of diseases, the manner of treatment, &c. &c.

For sale by HIRAM FRAZIER,

Sycamore st., one door below Third.

The only place it can be had in Hamilton Co.

Cincinnati, Jan. 18, 1845. 26

Blanks, Blanks.

DEEDS & MORTGAGES, of an improved an highly *approved* form, printed on excellent paper.

ALSO—JUSTICES' & CONSTABLES' BLANK of a good quality, forsale at this Office.

CHEAP FURNITURE.

WILLIAM LANGTRY, manufactures and keeps constantly on hand *CHAIRS, TABLES, BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS, BEDS, MATTRASSES, &c. &c*, of the best quality, at reduced prices No 5, Fifth street, South Side, four doors west of Walnut.

Cincinnati, March 29, 1845. 36 1y

COOPER, BERRY & CO.

WHOLESALE Grocers and Dry-Good dealers, corner of Market Space and Market street, have a good assortment of Groceries and Dry-Goods, which they offer to sell low for cash, or exchange for country produce.

Covington, March 8, 1845. 33

CORN MILL.

THE subscribers would inform the citizens of Covington and surrounding country, that they have established one of Burrow's

PATENT FRENCH BURR MILLS,

for grinding Corn and other grains, on the Bank Lick Road, one mile from the city, on the Howell farm. And they will endeavor to give satisfaction to all who will favor them with their custom. STEARNS & CO.

Covington, March 8, 1845. 33-tf

THOMAS J. MURDOCK.

MATRESS MANUFACTURER, No. 6, Cassilly's Row, between Broadway and Ludlow streets, Cincinnati. Keeps constantly on hand, Curled Hair, Moss, Husk, and Cotton Mattresses.

Feather Beds, Comforts, and Musquitoe Bars, furnished at the lowest prices. Carpets made to order.

June 14, 1845. 47

John Singers

Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the Citizens of Covington for past favors, and solicits a continuance of the liberal patronage by which he has heretofore been sustained.

Rooms on Greenup st., nearly opposite Bakes' Hotel, Covington, Ky.

June 14, 1845. 47

FRESH SUPPLY OF DRUGS & MEDICINES.

DOCTORS BENNETT & PRETLOW,

HAVE just received from Philadelphia, their spring supply of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH DYE-STUFFS, PERFUMERY & FANCY ARTICLES;

And will sell to *Physicians, Country-dealers, Tobacconists, Painters, Dyers, Hatters, Cabinet Makers*, and all others, on as good terms for cash as similar articles can be bought elsewhere.

They invite their friends, and the public generally to give them a call, as they can warrant the purity and good quality of every article they sell.

Drug-Store at the corner of Scott street and Market Space.

Covington, April 19, 1845. 39

Mustard Seed

THE highest price paid in Cash for Mustard Seed, by GEO. S. LIGHT,

Sycamore st. Cincinnati.

April 26, 1845. 40-yl

Drugs &c.

1 Case Opium;
2 Bbls Camphor;
1 Case Aloes;
1 " Assafœtida;
4 " Tartaric Acid;
2 Bbls Sup. Carb. Soda.
Just received and for sale low by,
GEO. S. LIGHT.
Sycamore st. Cincinnati.

April 26, 1845. 40-yl

100,000 YARDS OF CARPETING for sale, (at REDUCED PRICES) Wholesale and Retail, varying in prices from 12½ cents to $3 50 per yard, at the NEW CARPET WAREHOUSE, No. 170 Main st., up-stairs between 4th and 5th sts, Cincinnati. The subscribers have lately opened an *exclusive Carpet Warehouse*, such as are to be found in the Eastern Cities; and it is the only one of the kind in the Western country. We have lately been receiving our Spring supplies the public need therefore not go East any more, when such an establishment is to be found in Cincinnati.—We respectfully invite your attention to our new and splendid stock. Also, our spacious room to exhibit them in. please call and judge for yourselves we are receiving new supplies every day. Among my stock are to be found every article pertaining to the Carpet business, viz:

Full setts of 4-4 and 3-4 Brussels Tapestry;
Full setts of Wilton and Saxony;
Full setts of Extra Rich Royal Brussels;
New style splendid and rich imperial Carpets;
Extra heavy 3 ply Carpets;
Best superfine Ingrain;
Handsome extra fine Ingrain;
Fine and common do;
4-4, 3 4, and 5-8, Royal treble twilled Venetians;
4-4, 3-4, and 5-8, fine English worsted Venetians;
4-4, 3-4, and 5-8 London Damask Venetian;
4-4, 3-4, and 5-8 Plain striped do;
Rugs, extra superfine Cheneille;
Tufted and Saxony;
Brussels and Axminster;
Matts, tufted, Saxony, and Adelaide;
Jute, Matins, and Calicant;

ALSO—Imported and American Brussels, Stair, and Parlor Carpeting, not to be surpassed anywhere. Also, a full and complete stock of English and American Floor Oil Cloth, handsomer and better than any ever offered in this market, and will cut them any size for Rooms, *Halls*, Entries, Vestibules, Doorpieces, &c.—Also, Coach Oil Cloths, Furniture Cloths, Druggets and Floor Baizes.

ALSO—French embossed Piano and Table Covers.

ALSO—Canton and Spanish Floor Mattings 6-4, 5-4, and 4-4 wide.

ALSO—Table Linens, Diapers, Crash, Stair Linen, Cotton and Woolen Crumb Cloths: all colors of figured Damask and watered Moreens, Stair Rods, Carpet Binding, &c.

J. C. RINGWALT & CO.

April 26, 1845. 40-ylc

A. McALPIN'S,

FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS,

No 10, East 4th street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

HAS constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest prices, a large and splendid assortment of Cabinet Furniture, Mahogany Chairs, Sofas, Divans, Ottamans, &c., of the most fashionable style.

—ALSO—

A large and general assortment of Mahogany Boards & Plank, Mahogany, Maple, Rose and Satin Wood Veneers, Curled Hair, Hair Cloth, Plush, Gimp, Looking Glass Plates and Hardware suitable for Cabinet Makers.

Having in connection with Wm. H. Ross (of the late firm of Ross & Geyer,) commenced the manufacture of Chairs. He is now prepared to furnish his customers with every variety of Windsor and fancy Chairs, Settees, Rocking Chairs, &c. &c.

N. B. Steam Boats and Hotels furnished to order on the best terms and at the shortest notice.

April 12, 1845. 38-1y

H. J. DAKES,

AT the sign of the BIG YELLOW BOOT, No. 38 Lower Market street, has this day received part of his splendid stock of Men's and Boy's Palm Leaf Hats, assorted colors. Also—A superior article of Ladies' Fancy Gaiters, and half Gaiters. Also—A few cases of Men's fine Lowell Calf Boots—which he will sell as low as any other house in the city. Remember No. 38.

Cincinnati April 12, 1845. 38-6mc

JOHN E. JONES,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

Scott st. bet. 4th and 5th sts., Covington, Ky.,

IN Gedge's new buildings, where he is prepared to execute all orders in the Tailoring Business in a manner unsurpassed by any shop in the western country, and on as cheap terms.—His shop is on the second floor entrance first door above N. Walker's Hat Store.

He has also opened at the same place, a good BOARDING HOUSE,

and is now prepared to accommodate boarders by the day, or week, on the most reasonable terms. His *table* is always supplied with the best and richest delicacies Covington and vicinity can afford. No pains will be spared to render those comfortable and happy, who may favor him with their patronage. His rooms are large and airy, and situation central. He solicits a call.

April 12, 1845. 38-1y

KENTUCKY SILK,

MANUFACTURED BY

JACKSON & BENNETT,

SILK-MANUFACTURERS

COVINGTON, KY.

WANTED, a quantity of first quality of pea-nut cocoons for which four dollars, per bushel, will be given in CASH.

Covington, April 12, 1845. 38-1y

CLOCKS! CLOCKS! CLOCKS!!

A FRESH lot of clocks received this day and for sale by WM. GALLUP.

June 28, 1845. 49

DR. DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY,

FOR

CONSUMPTION,

Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Pain in the Side, Breast and Chest, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all Diseases of the Liver and Lungs.

Consumption and Death

WILL most assuredly be the early fate of those who neglect themselves when afflicted with the promonitory symptoms of consumption, such as a Cold, Cough, Bronchitis, or Soreness of the Throat, Hoarseness, Difficult Expectoration, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, &c.—Dr. DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY is expressly prepared for the removal and cure of those dangerous and troublesome diseases.—Therefore, you who are laboring under the influence of these complaints, procure immediately this medicine before it be too late. ONE BOTTLE may be the means of prolonging your life. Always ask for *Dr. DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY*, and see that you get it, and not be persuaded by some who sell different medicines to take some of their medicine in preference. These persons obtain some cheap thing, and palm it on the public at full price. It is therefore important for purchasers to be on their guard.

Dr. DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY is put up in large size bottles, and enveloped in blue paper. The outer form contains a fine steel plate engraving representing "HOPE IN A STORM."

Principal Office 19 north Eight Street Philadelphia. Also for sale by

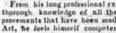
HIRAM FRAZIER,

Sycamore street, below Third.

Price $1 per bottle.

Cincinnati, Jan. 18, 1845. 26

A CARD.



J. ALLEN tenders his thanks to the citizens of Cincinnati, and vicinity, for the liberal patronage he has received during the last fourteen years. He continues the practice of Dental Surgery in all its branches, at his old stand, No. 26 Fourth street.

From his long professional experience, and a thorough knowledge of all the important improvements that have been made in the Dental Art, he feels himself competent to do ample justice to all who may favor him with their patronage.

Those who have difficult operations to perform, will do well to call upon him, as he executes his work in the most substantial, highly finished, and permanent manner.

He inserts ARTIFICIAL PALATES and ROOFS, without the slightest pain, and with such perfect adaptation to the surrounding parts as to be worn without the least inconvenience.

It will be recollected that he received the premium in this city six years ago, for his manufacture of Porcelian TEETH IN BLOCKS, with ARTIFICIAL GUMS attached. Also, at the last fair of the Ohio Mechanics Institute for his superior workmanship in MOUNTING TEETH UPON GOLD PLATES.

His operating rooms are on *Fourth street between Main and Walnut, Cincinnati.*

April 5, 1845. 37-tf

USE
SCARPA'S
ACOUSTIC OIL!
THE ONLY CURE FOR
DEAFNESS.

DEAFNESS CURED.

SCARPA'S ACOUSTIC OIL, for the cure of Deafness, pains, and the discharge of matter from the ears; also, all those disagreeable noises, like the buzzing of insects, falling of waters, whizzing steam, &c., which are symptoms of approaching deafness and also generally attendant with that disease.

Read the following extraordinary cure; if any have had doubts they may now dismiss them, and the most credulous may consider deafness as curable. Numerous cases of cures, and many of them very remarkable, by the use of "Scarpa's Oil," have been published—but this caps the climax. Young or old, you may yet recover your hearing.

A lady in Smithfield Pa., now about 80 years of age, had been gradually getting deaf for more than 40 years, so that it was next to impossible to make her hear conversation in the loudest tone of voice. Last winter she was induced to try "Scarpa's Oil for deafness." It is only necessary to add, that she has used two bottles, and that her hearing is perfectly restored: she is cured. This valuable oil is prepared by Dr. B. Bell, and is sold on agency by Dr. D. Jayne, 305 Broadway.

Price $2 per bottle.

For sale at the Comb Store, No. 125 Main st. Cincinnati, by J. W. SHEPPARD, Agent.

Cin., April 5, 1845. 37-tf

OFFICE AETNA INSURANCE CO.

Front st. near Sycamore, Cincinnati.

CAPITAL $200 000.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Agent of the Ætna Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn. offers to insure houses, stores, mills, factories, barns, and the contents of each, together with every other species of property, against loss or damage by fire.

The rates of premium offered by this Company are as low as those of any other similar institution, and every man has now an opportunity, for a small sum, to protect himself against the losses to which his property is daily exposed.

Under the liberal and enlightened policy which the Company have pursued for a quarter of a century past, in settling losses, they have gained a reputation unsurpassed by any other institution.

The citizens of Covington and vicinity are invited to call on the undersigned, who is authorised to issue policies to applicants, without delay. Wm. B. ROBINS, Agent.

Feb. 8, 1845. 28-tf

NEW CONFECTIONARY.

THE subscriber has opened at the corner of Greenup and Third streets, Covington Ky., a NEW CONFECTIONARY ESTABLISHMENT, where he will keep constantly on hand every variety of articles in his line, of the best quality, which he will sell at reduced prices. He also will keep on hand, during the warm season, a fresh supply of Holladay's

BLUE LICK WATER.

ALSO.—*Soda Water, Beer, Ice Cream.* Ice for families, &c., &c. He solicits a share of public patronage. R. LANCASTER.

April 26, 1845. 40tf

To Cabinet Makers.

THE subscriber is just receiving a good assortment of Cabinet Makers Hardware &c., among which are the following articles: **Hair Seating, Curled Hair, Varnish, Looking Glass Plates, and Mahogany Veneers.**

J. L. WAYNE,

No. 114 Main st. next door below the Commercial Bank, Cincinnati.

May 24, 1845. 41w3

GREAT WESTERN LAND AGENCY,

No. 20, Front Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE undersigned having been heretofore extensively engaged in the selling of REAL ESTATE in the eastern cities, was induced by his numerous friends and acquaintances, to resume that branch of business in the west. He accordingly opened, temporarily, an Office, at his Lecture room, North East Corner of Main and Fifth Streets, Cincinnati, where he has been patronized for the last year, beyond his most sanguine expectations. He has now removed to Front Street, in full view of all the Steam boat arrivals and departures, where he is ready to receive propositions, for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, of every variety, in Cities, Towns, or Country.

His extensive and intimate acquaintance in all the Eastern States, and in most of the large cities of the Union for the last twenty-five years, will give him very decided advantages in procuring purchasers from a distance. His Stenographic profession has given unrivalled facilities for correspondence with hundreds of editors and publishers in different parts of the United States, by which means he can more readily make known the relative merits and advantages of property brought within his agency. (As a proof of his facilities, he would remark, that on a former occasion, he sold in a single year, within a single county of Pennsylvania, farms and town lots to the amount of $600,000—thus bringing into the pockets of his immediate neighbors, from the large cities and remote parts of the Union, *cash in hand payments*, to the amount of $150,000 within the year.)

As soon as patronage will warrant, he will, in addition to the ordinary duties of a *local agent*, resume his *former practice* of visiting the large Eastern Cities, as often as once in six months—to spread his propositions before capitalists, to exhibit and explain maps, charts and descriptions; to organize Manufacturing companies, Land Companies, Joint Stock Societies, Social Communities, etc., etc.—to receive orders, and perform such other functions, as pertain to a *general land agency*, between the east and the west, the north and the south, or with various countries of Europe.

In the mean time, persons wishing to sell farms, town lots, or other *real estate*, are respectfully invited to call at the office as above described, where the most satisfactory references will be given, and abundant evidence shown of the numerous facilities which this establishment will possess, over every and all others, in the east or west.

All communications through the Post Office, IF POSTAGE PAID, will receive prompt attention.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 9 TO 3 O'CLOCK.

M. T. C. GOULD,

General Land Agent.

Cincinnati, 20, 1844.

THE BEST, and CHEAPEST, AND MOST UNIFORM SERIES OF STANDARD SCHOOL BOOKS EVER PUBLISHED.

To those engaged in the important, but arduous task of instructing youth, McGUFFEY'S ECLECTIC READERS, NOS. ONE, TWO, THREE AND FOUR, are now presented, thoroughly revised, and greatly enlarged, with many important improvements. They are now in a *permanent* stereotype form, NO FURTHER ALTERATIONS being intended.

Prof. McGuffey's enthusiastic devotion to the cause of Education, his fine taste and discriminating mind, and his practical experience as an instructor, render him peculiarly fitted for the department of authorship, to which he has given his attention. The suggestions of intelligent teachers who had used the former editions of the series, and the valuable aid afforded him in the revision by an experienced educator, have also furnished him with unusual facilities for advantageously revising and enlarging these works.

In this series, comprising as it does, a careful selection of instructive, entertaining and moral matter, progressively arranged, and graduated with reference to the capacity of the pupil, Prof. McGuffey has afforded to parents and teachers, a most thorough, complete, and efficient auxiliary in the education of youth. Its extensive use has been sufficient for the development and just appreciation of its many excellencies. The result is, that intelligent teachers pronounce it the *most complete* series now before the public.

The intrinsic merit of Prof. McGuffey's Eclectic Readers, having gained for them an unparalleled and rapidly increasing circulation, the publisher is enabled, notwithstanding the heavy expenditure in their revision and enlargement, to manufacture them in the neatest and most *durable* manner, while they are now furnished at such *low prices*, that they are the CHEAPEST, as well as the best school reading books extant.

JUST PUBLISHED,

McGUFFEY'S RHETORICAL GUIDE; or Fifth Reader, of the Eclectic Series—480 pages, 12mo; containing copious and minute rules, examples and exercises in articulation, inflection, emphasis, accent, quantity, rhetorical pause, modulation, expression, reading of poetry, rhetorical dialogue, gesture, and their collateral subjects, to which are added a great variety of elegant reading lessons, (about one half prose and half poetry,) selected from the most classic writers; furnishing entertaining and instructive specimens of various styles of composition. This work has been prepared with very great care, and with reference to making it a useful, practical, and standard book; and the publisher confidently hopes, that the Rhetorical Guide of Mr. McGuffey is well adapted to supply the wants of classes in rhetorical reading in our Academies, High Schools and Colleges.

McGUFFEY'S ECLECTIC READERS are printed and published at 56, Main street, Cincinnati, Ohio, by

W. B. SMITH AND CO.

School Book Publishers.

BALL & DAVIS,

Corner of Main and Ninth streets,

CINCINNATI, O.

DEALERS In Iron, Nails, Castings, and Heavy Hardware.

Manufacturers of
Premium and Patented Superior Cooking stoves, all sizes.
Egg, Common, Box, and Parlor do. do.
Plain Grates and Fronts, new styles.
Ornamented do. do. with summer fronts.
Light Hollow Ware and Castings in general.

They respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Covington and the interior counties in Kentucky to their stock. Builders will find an assortment of Grates of the newest and most beautiful styles.

April 5, 1845. 37-1y