

LICKING VALLEY REGISTER.

RICHARD G. LANGDON, EDITOR.
COVINGTON.
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1845.

As we have a new carrier in Covington, some of our subscribers will perhaps be neglected. They will please call and get their papers, and let us know, that they may hereafter get them regularly.

Our Representatives at Frankfort will be coming home in a few days. The Legislature will adjourn on Monday next. We have understood they have done nothing with the judiciary bill, which is, perhaps, the most important matter they have had under consideration this session. They have agreed to give us, to further the completion of our road, only the dividends that may arise upon the shares held by the Commonwealth. We are thankful for small favors, but think they might have done a little more.

Common School Laws.

We refer to a note from Dr. Bennett, which states that a contest has been going on in the Legislature in reference to the Common School Laws. We would infer from his remark that, in his opinion, the proposition tends to the improvement of the system of public education; but in what way he does not specify. We feel solicitous for the improvement of our Common School system, because we think a well regulated plan of Common Schools will effect more in the way of diffusing general education in this country than any thing else. The propriety, and necessity, of the object of this system is hardly a debatable matter.

As soon as we are able to see the new law, should any be passed, we intend to give it a careful examination, and such a recommendation as it may merit, though if it contains anything conducing to the public good, the public will perceive it, and we doubt the people are sufficiently impressed with the importance of establishing a good system of general education.

The new President.

On Thursday last, about 10 o'clock in the morning, five steamboats came up the river—three of which had James K. Polk aboard. They landed at the Cincinnati wharf, where an immense assembly of people had stationed themselves, to get a peep at "little Jimmy Polk of Tennessee." We regret that we were not able to get about, so as to see the manœuvres, but we could hear the cannon roar, brass pieces, iron guns, and all; among which the Covington Artillery cut a figure. We are told that the new President was dressed about the streets of Cincinnati, but in hand, by way of doing the polite to his fellow-citizens, and keeping his head cool, before repairing to the balcony of the Floride House, where he was addressed, on the part of the democracy, by Judge Reid, in a truly democratic speech, declaring that, in the late contest, the people had decided certain principles. A strict construction of the Constitution had been the decision of the people in the election of James K. Polk. That now, the people might feel assured that an United States Bank, was an absolute evil. That it had been resolved that the General Government should not assume the State debt, nor distribute the proceeds of the public lands, in order to corrupt and destroy the independence of the States, and that Texas should be annexed. Not one word did the Judge say by way of enlightening his hearers, as to what had been the decision on the subject of the Tariff. This subject, we suppose, was left for future adjustment. Mr. Polk, in his reply, endorsed all that Judge Reid had said about principles, generally, which calling them by name. We understand he left the same evening, pursuing his way to Washington City, where he will probably ascertain what the people decided on the Tariff question.

Strict Construction.

The doctor addressing Col. Polk, the other day in Cincinnati, said the late election had settled the doctrine of a strict construction of the Constitution; and this was the great Democratic doctrine. But it had also settled that Texas must be annexed. We wonder if he meant that that such would be in accordance with a strict construction of the Constitution. In this act the strict constructionists will be guilty of the most latitudinarian exercise of power that has ever been employed by a Congress of the United States. But this is done in the name of democracy, and we suppose, consequently right.

General Duff Green in Texas.

This personage seems to be the universal agent and prime factum of slavery in the U. States, especially in regard to Texas. Our readers were recently informed that the President of Texas had revoked his acknowledgement, as Consul, on account of a charge of bribery. We find in the Louisville Journal, news from Galveston, as late as the 18th of Jan. It seems that Duff had been trying to defend himself, with the perfect nonchalance and unvaried indifference to truth and fact, which characterizes the cause in which he is engaged.

The papers contain a letter from Duff Green in relation to the revocation, by President Jones of his recognition as a public officer. The avowed purpose of Duff, in this publication, was to contradict rumors prejudicial to himself, that had been circulated concerning the cause of his revocation. He denies having attempted to procure the President's approval of bills by any improper means; but asserts that his last interview with his Excellency was to consult him on the details of measures about which there was, as he believed, a concurrence of opinion between his Excellency and himself.

"What these measures are," Mr. Green says, "it is not now necessary to explain, further than to say that their chief object was to arrest the progress of British influence on our western and northern frontier, and especially to prevent their getting possession of the country between the Nueces and the Rio Grande, for the purpose of establishing there a colony of free blacks and runaway negroes; experience having demonstrated that their black colony in Canada, like their abolition in Jamaica, is a failure. I have many very important facts, bearing upon this subject, which it is my purpose, in due time, to give to the public."—*Cin. Chronicle*.

On the 1st of January, General Bravo left the city of Mexico, with 3,000 men, to march against Santa Anna, who, it is understood, intended to attack Puebla. It is said that the dictator has

FRANKFORT, KY.,
30th January, 1845.
R. C. LANGDON, Esq.,
Dear Sir: This day the Senate agreed to a resolution from the House, to adjourn on the 10th of February. So the die is cast. Up to this date, but few acts, of a general nature, have passed. The "2350 law," so called, is still pending in the House. A bill to abolish the circuit courts, and establish a district court system, is before the House—it is thought it will not pass this session. A bill to amend the board of internal improvement has failed in the Senate. The bill to amend the common school laws, is still before both branches of the legislature. Gen. McAfee has been its champion, and has acquitted himself in a soldier-like style. I presume the bill will ultimately pass. I am truly yours,
J. BENNETT.

Later from Mexico.
SANTA ANNA DECLARED A TRAITOR AND AN OUTLAW.

The Charleston Courier is indebted to Mr. Tripler, a passenger in the schr. F. A. Brown, arrived at that port, from Havana, on the 17th instant, for the following information. This news, it will be seen, is of later date than that recently received via New Orleans, and shows that the Picayune was right in its surmises that the statement with regard to the army of Santa Anna having been routed by Gen. Paredes:—
Mr. T. left Vera Cruz for Havana on the 2d instant in the Br. mail steamer Dea, which vessel reached Havana on the 7th inst. At the late accounts Santa Anna was at San Martin de Semucula, about four leagues from Puebla, with a force of about 6,000 men, mostly mounted on horses, taken from the inhabitants. Gen. Paredes being in close pursuit with an army of 9,000 men, but maneuvering and avoiding a conflict as a matter of policy, as Santa Anna's forces were daily decreasing on account of desertions from his ranks, while General Paredes' was rapidly acquiring strength.

The city of Mexico had been well fortified, and every precaution taken to prevent or repel an assault. The aqueducts had been opened, and the mole which surrounds the city filled with water, and there was a force of some 30,000 armed citizens prepared to defend it.

At Vera Cruz, also, fortifications were in process, and the citizens were arming. The steamer Montezuma left Vera Cruz a short time before the Dea, bound to Campeachy for troops, and reinforcements were also expected from Alvarado and Tlaxcala.

A decree had been issued by the Mexican Congress declaring Santa Anna a traitor and an outlaw, and authorizing any who may meet with him to take his life. Measures had also been adopted to prevent his escape, by guarding the different sea-ports and other outlets, and it is believed that he must eventually be captured. A person named Aveluna, an individual in the interest of Santa Anna, with additional confidential correspondence, had been taken, and it was supposed he would be executed.

Mr. Tripler states that the whole country is in a state of the utmost confusion—robberies of travellers were committed daily, and he himself was twice stripped of whatever was valuable about his person, in his progress through Mexico, but without any indignity being offered to his person. It is the opinion of Mr. T. from what he could learn, that the new government would be as much if not more virulently opposed to the annexation of Texas as the former, and states that Americans are held in great abhorrence, and receive frequent insults at the hands of the Mexicans.

From the New Orleans Tropic.
Late and Important from Mexico—Defeat and Capture of Santa Anna.

By the schooner Sarah Ann, Capt. Davidson, from Tampico, we are placed in possession of papers from the city of Mexico, to the 4th instant, and private advices as late as the 9th.

Santa Anna has met another San Jacinto defeat, and is now a miserable captive in the hands of those over whom he has so long tyrannized. The "Napoleon of the South" has at last found a fate as unenviable as was that of his namesake who so arrogantly assumed, at Waterloo, his star should shine brightly from its zenith, and he whose lightest word was law, a brief period since, has fallen so low that there are "none so poor as he" in his own reverence.

Correspondence of the Tropic.

Tampico, January 14th, 1845.
Dear Sir: Dates from Mexico to the 9th inst. arrived here last night by express. A desperate battle had been fought on the plains of Apan, between Santa Anna on the one side, and Bravo and Paredes on the other, which ended in the total route of the former, who was captured in the city of Covington; examining into the estates of Jefferson Phelps deceased, John Carlisle de ad, and Leonard Alden deceased, and also take proof of claims against either of said estates. All persons therefore, having claims against either of said estates, are hereby notified to attend before me on the day above named, or between that day and the third Monday in April following, with proof of any such claims.

Notice.

THE public are hereby cautioned against trading for or using any or notes given by me to B. S. Hoffman, dated November 16th, 1843; one payable 12 months after date for \$50, one payable 16 months after date for \$30, and one payable 16 months after date for \$35, as I do not intend to pay said notes, they having been obtained from me illegally, in violation of the law, and the execution of said notes is a minor, and incapable to contract.

EXTENSIVE BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT.

L. Chapin & Co.,

BROADWAY, opposite Lower Market, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SINCE the extensive enlargement of our business the past year, it has been universally acknowledged that we have sold more boots than any other house in the city; and we have made our arrangements to increase our manufacture 2,000 cases of Boots, and pledge ourselves to sell them cheaper than they can be purchased in the east and delivered in this market. Our stock of Boots and Shoes for the Spring trade will be very large, which we will sell lower than any other house in the city.

L. CHAPIN & CO.,
Broadway, opposite Lower Market, or at the Manufacturer's Warehouse, No. 9 East 3d St.

We here express our sincere and hearty thanks to our friends and customers for their patronage, and hope they will continue to encourage their patronage.

L. C. & CO.
Cincinnati, Jan. 25, 1845. 27-12m

lost by desertion, in a single march, more than 2,000 men, and yesterday more than 600, among them several officers, all of whom have reported themselves to the new government.

General Paredes was to leave Queretaro on the 1st, to unite with Generals Bravo and Alvarez, who altogether would have ten thousand men to attack Santa Anna, before Puebla. Various bodies of cavalry have been organized in the neighborhoods of Vera Cruz, Perote, Jalapa, &c., &c., to intercept the flight of Santa Anna. The city of Puebla is in a perfect state of defence, and the troops appear pleased at the close proximity of the tyrant. Their commander having been the first to declare openly against the infamous decree of the 23th November, for a short time, for CASH, the following articles at the rates of Discount from former prices described in the list:

Heavy Pilot over Coat Cloths, 37 1/2 pr. ct. dis.
Dress and Frock Coat Broadcloth, 30 do do
Fancy Cassimeres for Pantaloon-ers, 30 do do
Cassimeres, Jeans, &c., 20 do do
Rich Cashmere Vestings, 37 1/2 do do
Rich Mouslin de Laines, 37 1/2 do do
Cashmere D'Esosse, 37 1/2 do do
Super Silk Warp Lustres, 25 1/2 do do
Plain Alpaca do, 37 1/2 do do
Figured do do, 30 do do
Super French Cashmere Shawls, 40 do do
do do Broche do, 25 do do
Fancy Damask do, 30 do do
Highland Plaid do, 25 do do
Woolen Comforts and Mufflers, 25 do do
Worsted Ties, Caps and Mitts, 25 do do
Winter Hosiery (all sizes) 33 1/2 do do

A few styles of fancy (evening) Dress Goods, Wrappers, Collars and underclothes, Linen Collars, Hosiery, Muslins, Prints, Flannels, Blankets, Woollen Gloves, Corsets and Tassels, and small Wares, will be closed off at greatly reduced prices.

Country Merchants, wishing to replenish their stocks, will find it to their advantage to call, 181 Main st., west side, bet. Fourth and Fifth, Cincinnati, Ohio.

January 18, 1845. 26

TO MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS OF TOBACCO.

WE are prepared to make every liberal advance in Groceries, Produce, &c., ON CONSIGNMENTS OF TOBACCO.

A. G. RICHARDSON & BROS.,
Columbia st., near Main.
Cincinnati, Jan. 18, 1845. 26.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Saddle and Harness Factory.

THE undersigned continues to carry on the above business, on 5th street, near Scott, where he should be thankful for a continuation of the custom of his friends and the public. He wishes those who have accounts unsettled to call in and "work up," particularly some which are of long standing; he wishes to close up his books.

Any business in his line attended to promptly; with prices to suit the times.

ANDREW ROSS,
Covington, Feb. 8, 1845. 291f.

Notice.

THE Assessors Book for the year 1845 has been returned to, and received by the City Clerk, for the purpose of inspection at the office of B. W. Foley on Market Space, by all persons interested until Saturday the 23d of Feb. inst. within which time all persons considering themselves aggrieved by excessive taxation must file their petitions in reference, as after that period will be too late.

By order of the City Council,
B. W. FOLEY, City Clerk.
Covington February 8, 1845. 29 3w.

N. WALKER,

HAT MANUFACTURER,
West side Scott street, between Fourth and Fifth, COVINGTON, KY.

HAVING removed into his new establishment, on the west side of Scott st., which he has furnished with a good assortment of Hats, fine, fashionable, and cheap. He wishes his friends and customers, before purchasing elsewhere, at least, to call and examine his stock, he feels assured they will not go away dissatisfied.

Hats made to order, on the shortest notice.—Merchants supplied on advantageous terms.
Feb. 1, 1845. 29 1m.

W. L. Grant.

Attorney at Law, Covington, Ky.

WILL attend to all business confided to him in Kentucky, and in the counties of Hamilton, Grant and Kenton, Kentucky, and in Cincinnati, Ohio.
Feb. 1, 1845. 291f

State of Kentucky, Kenton County, Set.

Jefferson Phelps' Adm'r, In Chancery,
John Carlisle's Adm'r, In Chancery,
John Carlisle's Heirs &c., In Chancery,
Leonard Alden's Adm'r, In Chancery,
Leonard Alden's Heirs &c., In Chancery.

BY VIRTUE of three orders of the Kenton Circuit Court, rendered at the Oct. Term thereof, 1844, in the above named suits, I will commence on Monday, the 17th day of February, 1845, at the Office of Benton & Moore, in the city of Covington; examining into the estates of Jefferson Phelps deceased, John Carlisle deceased, and Leonard Alden deceased, and also take proof of claims against either of said estates. All persons therefore, having claims against either of said estates, are hereby notified to attend before me on the day above named, or between that day and the third Monday in April following, with proof of any such claims.

A. H. JAMESON, M. C.
Circuit Court.
Kentucky Intelligencer copy.
Feb. 1, 1845. 28-4w.

Katz's Pills.

KATZ'S PILLS, or Anti-Bilious Pills. A valuable medicine for all diseases originating from a disordered state of the stomach and impure blood.

ALSO.—Dr. Leroy's Female Pills, an invaluable medicine for all diseases of the female system.

HIRAM FRAZIER,
Sycamore street one door below Third,
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Cincinnati, Jan. 25, 1845. 27-12m

WM. K. & SEP. T. WALL,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office on Market Space, Covington, Kentucky.
SEP. T. WALL has permanently located himself in Covington, and will always be found at the office, unless professionally absent. WM. K. WALL will, as heretofore, punctually attend the Kenton, Boone and Campbell Circuit Courts, in which they practise in partnership.
January 1, 1845. 25-1f

W. H. MUSSEY, desirous to reduce his

stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS as much as possible, previous to making SPRING purchases, offers, for a short time, for CASH, the following articles at the rates of Discount from former prices described in the list:

Heavy Pilot over Coat Cloths, 37 1/2 pr. ct. dis.
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Cheap! Cheap!!
Cases Dress Boots,
50 Cases light calf Boots,
25 do stout do do,
10 do do do do do,
For sale below eastern prices by
L. CHAPIN & CO.,
Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,
Broadway, opposite Lower Market,
Cincinnati, Jan. 25, 1845. 271c

Notice.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between Lewis Roach & Peleg Kidd, under the firm of Roach & Kidd; is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

LEWIS ROACH,
PELEG KIDD.
Covington, Jan. 16, 1845. 27w3

Tobacco Agency.

3000 Kegs 6 twist,
1,000 Boxes sweetened 12 lump.
Together with usual supplies of Missouri, and other kinds, will not be too sufficient for our Spring sales, and are sold on consignment.

A. G. RICHARDSON & BROS.,
Columbia street, near Main, Cincinnati.
January 18, 1845. 26

WE, the undersigned, from personal experience, do not hesitate to recommend J. T. MAN'S Salve and Ointment, as a superior article ever yet offered to the public, when used according to its directions.

David Rosser, Franklin Riggs,
Mary Ann Riggs, Elizabeth Williams,
Henry T. Hawley, Mary Hawley,
Isaac Edwards, Margaret Edwards,
John S. Perry, E. Rosser,
Samuel Meek, William Tann,
James McPherson, S. J. King,
W. C. C. Harwood, Abel Williams,
John T. Spurr, Wm. Collins,
Thos. Davidson, Jno. G. Burck.
Cov. Jan. 25, 1845. 27-3p.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Licking Bridge Co. are respectfully notified, that a second instalment of 20 per cent, upon their subscription, or one dollar upon each share, will be required on the 10th of February next.

By order of the Board of Directors,
M. T. COUGOLD, Pres't
Cincinnati, January 3, 1845.
January 11, 1845.

WEAK BACKS!—WEAK BACKS!!

1,000,000 SOLD YEARLY!

CENT'S Sherman's Poor Man's Plaster, the best Strengthening plaster in the World, and a sovereign remedy for Pains and weakness in the back, loins, side, breast, neck, limbs, joints, rheumatism and lumbago; worn on the lower part of the spine, they entirely cure the piles; applied to the back of the neck of children teething they give great relief.

DEATH FROM WORMS.

Worms kill thousands. Children are most subject to them, but persons of all ages are liable to be afflicted by them. Badly as the patient about the tips, flushed cheeks, tickling at the nose, wasting away, leanness, pain in the bowels, joints or limbs, disturbed sleep, frightful dreams, morning, and sometime a voracious appetite, are among the symptoms of Worms.—Many are deceived by cheap imitations, and die. Imaginary disease, when one box of SHERMAN'S WORM LOZENGES would effect a cure. Dr. Ryan, corner of Prince street and the Bowery, cured a man of worms that was reduced to a skeleton, and by only one box of Sherman's Lozenges. I think that any man who is afflicted by worms, should at once purchase a box of Sherman's Lozenges, and save the life of one of his children by them. The sale of 2,000,000 has fully tested them. They are the only infallible worm destroying medicine known. What family will be without them.

Ordinary Cough and Colds.

Every one knows, that one of the Editors of the New York Herald, says: "Desirous to benefit my fellow beings, who, like myself, are often afflicted with slight affections of the lungs, coughs, &c., that sometimes terminate in Consumption, I state, that from no source have I derived so much relief as from your Cough Lozenges; and from my own experience, I think that they would cure almost any case of Bronchitis, Influenza, Coughs, or other affections of the Lungs."

The Hon. Mr. Archer, U. S. Senator of Virginia, was cured of a cough that threatened to terminate in Consumption by only one small box. He had suffered much from the frequent attacks of coughing, and could get but little rest day or night, until he used these Lozenges. He could hardly believe that medicine could operate so quick and efficiently, especially when it tasted so very pleasant.

Poor Man's plaster, 12c cents!
Cough Lozenges, 25 cents!
Worm Lozenges, 25 cents!

MAIN STREET, BETWEEN 4TH AND 5TH STS., OPPOSITE GAZETTE OFFICE. (Sole agent for Cincinnati.)

Country Merchants supplied at Eastern prices.

Cincinnati, Jan. 11, 1845. 25.

Tobacco.

RECEIVED on consignment and for sale by A. L. & T. GREER, 400 Tobacco Boxes, which will be sold low for cash. Tobacco Manufacturers using boxes will please call and examine the same.
January 4, 1845. 24w3

Miller.

MRS. E. READ, has removed to Gedge's new building, on Scott St. near Gedge & Brother's Store, between 4th and 5th streets, where she will be happy to wait upon all her friends and customers who feel disposed to give her a call.

Cov. Dec. 28 1844. 231f

Indiana Lands.

FOR sale or exchange for property in Covington or neighborhood.

"The undersigned offers for sale or to exchange for other property, a valuable tract of land, located in Hancock county, Indiana, containing quarter section. This land is of fine quality, well watered, upon which is a good dwelling house, and other buildings with a fine well of water, and orchard of fruit. A great bargain can be obtained on application to

PHILIP YELTON.

On the State road, Campbell Co., Ky.

Reference can be had to A. L. & T. GREER, Covington.

