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POLITICAL.

SPEECH OF MR. BENTON.

In reply to the remarks of Mr. McDuffie. IN SENATE, JUNE 15, 1844.

Rising as Mr. McDuffie concluded, and taking up the last words of his speech, Mr. Benton exclaimed: But with this difference! this great difference! that my bill refers the question of war with Mexico to Congress vhere all questions of war belong, and the negotiations of this treaty made war them-selves! They, the President and his Secretary of State, made the war themselves, and made it unconstitutionally, pefidiously, clandestinely, and piratically. The secret orders to our army and navy were piratical, for they were without law, and to waylay and attack a friendly Power, with whom we have a treaty of amity; and as a member of a court martial I would sentence to be shot any officer of the army or navy who should dare to attack Mexican troops, or ships, or cities, under that order. Officers are to obey lawful orders and no others; and they are not to to make war, by virtue of any Presidential orders, until Congress has declared it. They may go to the place under the orders of the President, but to attack the ships and troops of Mexico is, another affairs, and subjects them to a responsibility for which an illegal order is no justification. The army and navy belong to the United States, and not to the President and his Secretary of State; and no degree of ignorance, no feeling of subjection or passive obedience, can justify officers in a case of flagrant illegality, General Wall, a governor and general in the British service, was hanged twenty years after the event for illegally putting one man to death: what should be done to American officers, whose fealty is due to the law and not to individuals, who should commit war by virtue of illegal orders? Happily the rejection of the treaty and the consequent recall of our ships and troops releases the question from further difficulties as it concerns the officers. neighbor, with whom we have to and that without the knowedge of Congress. since the rejection of their treaty, may get out of their position without the guilt of gave contradictory reasons for them to the Senate when detected, and whose folly might make war even after their absurd reason for it had ceased? For how could the naval and military officers know that the treaty was rejected until long after it was rejected? and during all which time their orders were

The Senator of South Carolina, (Mr. McDuffie) assimilates my bill to the treaty, and makes it out equally insulting to Mexico. Strange comparison this! Hyperion to a satyr! My bill is constitutional for it refers the question of war to Congress. assumes her consent to be necessary now, in the present state of the question between her and Texas; but supposes a time when it will not be necessary, and of which Congress is to judge. In all this as in every other particular, it differs as light differs from darkness, and as reason differs from folly, from the treaty of the Adminstration a treaty that makes war without the knowledge of Congress and without the preliminary effort to conciliate Mexico. And whenever, Congress comes to decide the question of war with Mexico, as a means of getting Texas a year or so sooner, then they will have a serious question on hand, and one to be viewed under many aspects. The justice of such a war may claim a thought from the consciences of some; not having, as we certainly have not, any cause of war with Mexco. Its policy may claim consideration with others, who might deem it impolitic for the Republic of the United States to commence a war upon the Republic of Mexico, with certainty of exasperating against us all the Republics of South America. Its profit might arrest the attention of others, might see in the loss of the Mexican trade more injury to individual and national wealth than the difference of a few years in the acquisition of Texas could balance or repair. All this a Congress representing the people, might consider and count the cost of, before they engaged in a war with a neighbor with whom we have trade and treaties, and which is at the head of the cordon of Southern Republics. Congress would consider these these things; our Administracion did not.

still in force to lie in wait for the Mexicans

and attack them going to Texas? What is

due to the guilt of men who have ordered

such crimes as these, although the decision

of the Senate may prevent their perpetra-

-" they rush in Where angels fear to tread!

Compared to their treaty, my bill is an angel I used the word in a Greek sense, (cu aggelos,) a good messenger—a messenger of good tidings; for it is a messenger of peace, not a firebrand of war-piratical war, It gives Mexico a chance to do what it is her interest and true policy to do; for she and Texas can never live in harmony together, and, soon or late, separation is inevitable.— And here I again remark upon the absurdity of saying Mexico has no right to disagree to the annexation. That absurdity has been repeated too often. Mexico is a sovereign She decides that question for herself. President of the United States, be and the She decides for herself whether she has same is hereby ratified as the fundametal law claims on Texas, and what price she sets of union between the United States and Texas fic's Resolution.

the adoption of the war by the Senate.

The Senator from South Carolina, who sense—and his ear, familiar with the language of scholars, the word can imply nothing offensive or derogatory. It is, indeed, a chaste and classic phrase, known to the a chaste and classic phrase, known to the suppose the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of these States. The annexation of the constitution of these States are constitution of these States. best writers both sacred and profane. St. and of the Senate. Paul uses it in his epistles, (the Greek copies;) and, after naming him, no higher authority is wanted for what is gentlemanly use, has induced to enter the lists for the and scholastic, as well as what is pious and christian: but bring me a dictionary, (speak- that their conduct should have been compar-

The book was brought. Mr. B. read: "NEOPHYTE-In French, neophyte; in Ital-

newly introduced or employed." This (resumed Mr. B.) is Richardson's definition and etymology; and nothing can be more classic or innocent. It is pure Greek, only modified in sound and termination, in going through six languages; and, both literally and figuratively, has an innotant and deamt circuification. Bichardson with that I pursued the comparison profuse. cent and decent signification. Richardson with that I pursued the comparison no furgive illustrations in the use of the word by ther. But since the Senator provokes it, he eminent writers. Let us follow him, and see the application of the term; and first he quotes from the great Lord Chancellor Bacon, characterized by pope in a single line, which I will not repeat; for it is only of the scholar and philosopher of whom we speak. In his menment. Genet, then was a foreigner. He essay on the Union of Laws, he says:

"Nay, in effects of grace, which exceed far the effects of nature, we see St. Paul makes a difference between those he calls neophytes—that s, newly grafted into Christianity—and those that are brought up in the faith."

This is a scriptural or sacred application of the word, and very applicable; for the Sen-ator is a graft in the Texas faith, and I was prought up in it. But it has many other applications; and Ben Jonson applies it his-trionically, (a professional application with him,) and shows that the stage as well as the church, had its crops of these new plants. He says, in Cyntha's Revels:

" It is with your young grammatical courtier as with your neaphyte player, a thing usual to be daunted at the first presence or interview. In poetry as well as in prose the neophyte

figures; and thus we find him again in Ben Johnson, in the Revels of Cynthia: "There stands a neophyte glazing, of his face

-and repeats,

(like an unperfect prologue, at third music,)
In passion to himself.²¹ But how stands it with a President and Secretary who have literally done what Patrick Henry never conceived (for his famous as the coincidences are. I read as I find it expression applied to the Federal Govern- in the book. There stands a neophyte and ment itself and not to its mere administra- certainly the Senator is a new plant in the tion of all the South American States from tors) when these two functionaries by a se- | Texian Garden, his sprouting or taking root cret compact with a foreign Power, employ there being of quite modern date, and en- armistice, and breach of treaties with a the purse and the sword upon a peaceful tirely posterior to the delivery of a certain amity, commerce, navigation, and limits, But then it is accidental that he stands before me, and provoked the vindication of a then sitting in their presence! Officers, phrase innocently used. There stands a neo- the treaty was made, not to get Texas into phyte! and repeats, not an unperfect prologue, or epilogue; for the Senator is very piratical war: but what is the guilt of the perfect in his part upon a three day's prepatagen who sent them out to commit it; who ration, and repeats with becoming accuracy. concealed their illegal orders from Congress, And then his jests! although confederate they are innocent and good, and prove their lipas; in its adoption of the Texian war; in worth by their age; for they have lasted a its adoption of the war unconstitutionally; in long time, seen hard service, and still survive. Even two thousand years ago the satiric poet celebrated the virtues of old jokes, and assigned them a durability, under hard use, of more than metallic or lithotic nower.

> "Even flint and steel, contined use impairs, "But your old joke no diminution fears."

But, to be done with joking. The Senaor is certainly a new plant, and an exotic, from a sick bed to do what he has not done, defend them-a task which would indeed friends of his, they are also new plants and garden: and of them I must say, moreover, t now as the serpent did Eden, with deceit n the face and death in the heart.

The Senator has complimented me on a he elder Cato-that of teaching my children; and I trust that the exercise of the morning will not diminish his good opinion of the teacher's tact or taste in driving lan- and defensive. The Senator from South guages into boy's heads. The school master has certainly been about; and the day's knows the purport of an alliance offensive and work is a specimen of his skill and power. The word neophyte! the Senator now knows ties to adopt all the wars and all the quarrels it in six languages; and the better in each for knowing it in all; and learnt in all while alliance with Texas, Great Britain immediate learing it in one, according to the method of ately becomes the enemy of Mexico and of

task my neophytes. knowledged the independence of Texas, and The Senator who has laid me under the all of which harmonize with Mexico. Great necessity of making this reply finds it dis-respectful and offensive that I should treat vantages for the honors or profits of the the President's message to the House of Representatives as an appeal from the Senate to She has no notion of denying herself a rich that body. Certainly I could not treat it commerce; losing an immense annual supply otherwise without departing from the univer- of silver; drawing upon the vaults of sal sense and understanding of the public, own bank for the many millions sent to he and repudiating the meaning of the language. That message is in its very nature, and as ling the goose which lays her golden eggs. near as possible in its very language, an appeal from the Senate to the house of Representatives; and is so understood by every body. The Senator who speaks for the Ad- ney currency preserve their existence when ministration does not deny this universal un- deprived of their supply of Mexican dollars? derstanding. On the contrary he admits and justifies. He admits the repeal by name, ing fired—such a war as she now has with and justifies it by name, and has introduced Texas, destroying commercial intercourse-

*** Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress as-sembled, That the compact of annexation made between the Executive Government atom made between the Executive Government and the Executive Gover of the United States and that of Texes, and submitted to the Senate for confirmation by the President of the United States, be and the tive power of Texas, shall ratify and confirmation by the confirmation by the last soon as the supreme Executive and Legisla President of the United States, be and the

upon them; and that she has often declared dead by the constitutional action of the hand-preserving the good will and friend- Doubtless many other officers felt and mournpower for the Senate except where the Constitution gives it, and this it has done in mahas done me the honor to address his whole king it the supreme arbiter of the formation speech to me, takes exception to the word of treaties. Its power is as absolute in the neophyte, applied by me to the new friends case of treaties as in the case of nominaof Texas. I am surprised at this exception tions; and if this appeal is tolerated, I see coming from him. The Senator is a scholar no reason for not sending all the rejected no mean one—I use the term in its literal nominations to the House for confirmation,

President and Secretary of State, is shocked ing to a page of the Senate;) bring me Richardson, letter N. and let us see what he says. letter, Genet. He is shocked at this comparison, and finds the cause of the misapplica-tion of it, as he supposes, in the non-devel-opment of the phrenological bump of comopment of the phrenological bump of comparativeness on my head; and thereupon disputor, a plant, a new plant, figuratively, a new convert; one newly implanted (s. c.) in the lad been well fingured for bumps. Mine church; and consequentially newly converted never has been; but since the Senator has to the Christian faith; one newly initiated, raised the question, I will accept it, and will vindicate my title to the power of comshall have it; those friends for whom he has spoken shall have it; they shall have the full benefit of the difference between Genet and themselves in endeavoring to excite an insurrection against a part of the Governowed no allegiance to our government, and had taken no oath to support our Constitution; and therefore, in endeavoring to destroy a constitutional part of the Government, he was guilty of no treachery, and commit-ted no perjury. The President and Secreta-ry, owing that allegiance, and having taken that oath, and now attempting to destroy the Senate, cannot claim the benefit of these exemptions which belongto Genet. And that is the difference in the degree of the offence which they have respectively committed .-Is the Senator now satisfied that I can compare although unfurnished with his sign of

comparativeness?

The Senator undertakes to answer my speech; but avoids all the hard places. He says nothing of the two thousand miles of Mexican territory, (over and above Texas, and to which no Texian soldier ever went, except to be killed or captured.) and which, by the treaty is annexed to the United States. He says nothing about the private engagement for war against Mexico, and sending our troops to join President Houston. He says nothing about this open assumption of the purse and the sword; nothing about the admission of new States by treaty, without the consent of Congress; nothing about the loss of Mexican commerce, and the alienaour cause; nothing about the breach of the friendly power; nothing about the Duff Green stories for making pretexts for predetermined conclusions; nothing in fact, to the pregnant indications which show that the Union, but to get the South out of it. He defends the feelings, not the doings, of his friends. The great objections to treaty are in its encroachments upon New Mexico, Chihuahua, Cohuila, and Tamauits adoption of the war unconstitutionally; in its destruction of our trade with Mexico; in our breach of treaties, in the alienation of Mexico and all the South American States from us; our permanent loss of trade and friendship with those powers; and the seeds of disunion (dissolution of our Union) so carefully and so thickly planted in it.— Above all, he says nothing to the great objection to admitting new States by treatyan act which Congress only can do. These in the Texian garden; and those friends of his, the defence of whom has called him all these the defender of the President and his

Secretary leaves undefended.

The Senator from South Carolina defends require angels and ministers of grace; these the idea of a treaty, offensive and defensive, between Texas and Mexico; but he does not exotics and strange plants in the same good take the point of objection to that alliance.-Certainly it is ridiculous—it is Tom Thumb's what I cannot and will not say of him-they alliance with the giant. But ridiculousare intrusive, noxious, and poisonous weeds ness is the smallest part of the objection n that fair garden! I remember the time to its feasibility. The loss of twenty when they flung the whole garden as a worth- millions of silver dollars per annum, now less incumbrance, away. And they enter annually drawn by the Government and Merchants of Great Britain from Mexico; the loss of this specie, the loss of Mexican trade, the loss of the friendship of part of my character in which I take great seven millions of people, with their three pride—the didactic part, a faint imitation of hundred mines, and the disgust of the other South American States which would follow Mexico-these constitute the objections to British and Texian alliance, offensive and knows the purport of an alliance offensive and defensive; and that it hinds each of the par-Locke and Milton two hunded years ago. all the South American States which sym-And here ends the first lesson. I never over-pathize with her, not one of which have acknowledged the independence of Texas, and Texian alliance offensive and defensive .troops and ships abroad; and thus literally kil-That folly is reserved for our President and his Secretary; and once more I ask how long would our thousand banks and our, paper mo a joint resolution for the Legislative action would be to the United States the most caof the two Houses, and for the ratification lamitous of events; and that calamity the ra-of the treaty by name.* The treaty is tification of the Texian treaty would have instantly involved. Great Britain is too wise *" Resolved, By the Senate and House of Rep- for these follies. She has been courting Mex-

is war: and, not waiting for war from her, Senate, and it is an outrage to the Senate ship of each, conciliating both, instead of ed like him. and spent the day in unavailing our President and Secretary make it upon and a revolt against the Constitution to outraging either; and she is not going to be regrets. The ladies Losero and others, of take place: and wishes to know who are to her, and ask the Senate to do the same. The send it the House of Representatives for come the enemy of either for the sake of the ratification of the treaty would have been revival and ratification. I claim no veto other; much less make an enemy of an empire of mines and of seven millions of people, for the small cotton-growing and slave-holding population of Texas.

The Senator from South Carolina, in his

zeal to defend his friends, goes beyond the line of defence and attacks me; he supposes me to have made anti-annexation speeches; and certainly, if he limits the supposition to my speeches against the treaty, he is right. union of these States The annexation of the whole country as a territory, and that upon the avowed ground of laying it all out into slave States, is an open preparation for Missouri question and a dissolution of the Union. I am against that; and for annexa-tion in the mode pointed out in my bill. I am for Texas—for Texas with peace and honor, and with the Union. Those who want annexation on these terms should support it it is those who want it without peace without honor, and without the Union, should stick to the lifeless corpse of the de-

funct treaty. The Senator shows much zeal, but more discretion, in the defence of his friends; he carefully avoids the more tender parts. Picking an abolition quarrel with Great Britain to favor the ulterior design here; concentrating troops in the South under an unconstitutional pretext; assuming the war with Mexico by a private contract with President Houston; placing our ships and troops under his authority; the criminal blunder of our Secretary in locating a pretext for a previous conclusion in the subsequent letter of Lord Aberdeen; the whole tenor of the slave correspondence, designed to prevent the admission of Texian States, and to ensure disunion; the unconstitutionality of admitting new States by treaty; all these tender parts, and others, the Senator's discretion carefully avoids. These nerves are too sensitive to be touched even by the instuments of the friendly surgeon.

The Senator from South Carolina, still directing his whole attention to me. counsels me to reserve my sympathy for the massacred Texians-for those who have suffered from Mexican cruelty-for the victims of the Alamo, of the old mission, of San Patricio, and of Goliad. He says these massacres were the proper occasion for sympathy; the slaughtered prisoners the proper subjects to receive it; and violated laws of war and capitulations the fit subjects for denunciation. Good! I agree with the gentleman exactly, and am glad to see him, like a genial neos phuton,, beginning to sprout and take root in my old ground, It so happens that I have done every thing before, which he now recommends to me, and done it in the right time and in the natural way, when the massacres were fresh, and when the sorrows of the heart took their course. I gave vent to my feelings eight years ago, when the sesent champions of Texas were silent and allous; and with the leave of the Senate's will now read something of what I then set.

"Unhappy day, forever to be deplored, that Sunday morning, March 6, 1836, when the undaunted garrison of the Alamo, victorious in so many assaults over twenty times their number, perished to the last man by the on parole two months before, leaving not one to tell how they first dealt out to multitudes that death which they themselves finally received! Unhappy day, that Palm Sunday, March 27th, when the five hundred and twelve prisoners at Goliad, issuing from the sally port at dawn of day, one by one, under the cruel delusion of a return to their families, found themselves enveloped in double files of cavalry and infantry, marched to a spot fit for the perpetration of the horrid deed, and there, without an instant to think of parents, country, friends, and God, in the midst of the consternation of terror and surprise, ininhumanly set upon, and pitilessly put to death,in spite of those moving cries reached to Heaven, and regardless of those supplicating hands, stretched forth for mercy, from which arms had been taken under the perfidious forms of a capitulation! Five hundred an six perished that morning—young vigorous, brave, -sons of respectable familes, and the pride of many a parents heart; and their bleeding bodies, torn with wounds, and many yet alive, were thrown into heaps upon vast fires, for the flames to consume what the steel had mangled. Six only escaped, and not by mercy but by miracles. And this was the work of man upon his brother, same benediction, and draw precepts of charity and mercy from the same divine fountain. Accursed be the ground on which the dreadful deed was done! Seril, and set apart let it forever be! No fruitful cultivation should ever enrich it. No joyful edifice should ever adorn it; but shut up and enclosed by gloomy the scene, and invoke from every passenger the throb of pity for the slain, and the start of horror for the slayer. And you, neglected victims of the Old Mission, and of San Patricio, shall you be forgotten because your numbers were fewer, and your hapless fate more concealed? No! but to you also justice shall be done. One common fate befel you all; one common memorial shall perpetuate your names, and embalin your memo-Inexhorable history will sit in judgement upon all concerned, and will reject the plea of Government orders, even if those orders emanated from the Government instead of being dictated to it."

In such terms as these, and as long since s eight years ago, and when the events were fresh, and vengeance for them still crying from the earth, and the wailings of bereaved families still loading the air, then did I vent my sorrow for the slaughtered victims, and my indignation against the slayers. But I look upon the black side of the picture only. There was another side to it, reversed in character, and glowing with spots of heaven-ly white; and to these I turned for relief and for the consolations which alleviate crime and soften the asperities of nations .-The Mexicans are like others-some inexhowell as executioners, at these cruel massacres, many unwilling instruments or mournful witnesses, and to these also I did justice. Of them I said:

"But let us not forget that there is some relief to this black and bloody picture, some alleviation to the horror of its appalling featnres. There was humanity as well as cruelty at Goliad—humanity to deplore what it
could not prevent. The letter of Col. Fernandez does honor to the human heart.—

in the definite character, upon which
it may be proper that you should express an oplinion. You are doubtless aware that the people of Texas, by an almost unanimous vote,

There was humanity as well as cruelty would be the greatest of camenties; for we
controversy, of a definite character, upon which
it may be proper that you should express an oplinion. You are doubtless aware that the people of Texas, by an almost unanimous vote,

Governor McDulke's Message, December, 1836.

Mexico, have given vent to feelings worthy age; and the poor woman on the Gaudaloupe, Overpowered by famine and despair, without itary house filled with Mexican soldiers, tion amazed them; and thinking it a snare,

ence of individuals." Thus I spoke of the mourners as well as

for which he now stands up. That message patriots, and rebellious subjects in her mas-sacred prisoners. To that message I remit from this day) when the calamities of the Texians were recent, and the manes of the feelings of that message contrast strongly bed at Nashville. with the lamentations of this day, and read us a new lesson in the physiology of the passions. Love, it is said, has agents n the heart-careless or deceitful creatures, that lie long dormant doing nothing: and then, on some sudden, unexpected occasion, or no occasion at all, break out in a grief. Sorrow I had always understood, was tain! and what could Polk and Texas do an extemporaneous passion, breaking out on the instant, and dying out in time. Not so with the Senator's new doctrine of the passions and of his Torion wich I taken to speak out who neither the senator of the passions and of his Torion wich I taken to speak out who neither the way and the senator of the passions and of his Torion wich I taken to speak out who neither the way are considered. sions, and of his Texian grief. It slept unneither fear nor count consequences when in the rolamity was old, and then broke out their country is in danger. Nulification and disunion are revived, and revived But there is another part of that same message which it is good still to look uponthat part in which annexation was repulsed,

message were so just that its author's present position would be perfect, if he only spoke now as he did when he delivered it.* * " While South Carolina is indignantly re pelling all foreign attempts to violate the sanctu-ifornia, (and hence the secret of the Rio ary, and endanger the existence of her domestic institutions, it becomes her in a peculiar manner to abstain from every sort of interference with the domestic concerns of democratic controversies of all other States, foreign or confederate The doctrines of non-interference is one of the nost important in the code of international law and there are no communities on earth who should hold it so sacred as the slave-holding States of this Union. If, by their example in giving countenance to the unlawful enterprise of own citizens against a neighboring and neutral clandestine concentration of troops and ships power, they should weaken the influence of that in the Southwest: the secret compact with principle among nations, they would commit an offence against their own institutions, by impair

ing the sanctity of their surest guaranty against oreign intrusion.
"Entertaining these opinions, I have looked with very deep concern, not unmingled with regret, upon the occurrences which have taken place during the present year, in various parts of the United States, relative to the civil war now in progress between the Republic of Mexico and one of her revolted provinces. It is true of christain upon christian, of those upon that no country can be responsible for the symthose who adore the same God, invoke the pathies of its citizens; but I am nevertheless utterly at a loss to perceive what title either of the parties to this controversy can have the sympathies of the American people. If it be alleged that the insurgents of Texas are emigrants from the United States, it is obvious to reply, that, by their voluntary expatriation, under whatever circumstances of adventure, of speculation, of honor, or of infamy, they have forfeited all claim walls, the mournful cypress, the weeping willow, and the inscriptive monument, should to our fraternal regard. If it be even true that they have left a land of freedom for a land of forever attest the foul deed of which it was the scene, and invoke from every passages. pen, and deserve their destiny. There is but too much reason to helieve that many of them have gone as mere adventurers, speculating upon the chances of establishing an independent Government in Texas, and of seizing that immense and fertile domain by the title of the sword.— But, be this as it may, when they became citizens of Mexico, they became subject to the con-stitution and laws of that country; and whatev-er changes the Mexican people have since made in that constitution and those laws, they are matters with which foreign States have no concern, and of which they have no right to take cognizance. I trust, therefore, that the State of South Carolina will give no countenance, direct or indirect, open or concealed, to any acts which may compromit the neutrality of the ted States or bring into question their plighted faith. Justice, stern and unbending justice, in our intercourse with other States should be paramount to all the considerations of mere expediency, even were it possible that these could be separated. But they cannot. Justice is the my indignation against the slayers. But I highest expediency, and I am sure South Carowas not blind and indiscriminate. I did not lina is the last State in the Union that would knowingly violate this sacred canon of political

"If any consideration could add to the intrinsic weight of these high inducements to abstain from every species of interference with the domestic affairs of a neighboring and friendly State, it would be the tremendous retribution to which we are so peculiarly exposed on our rable, some accessible to pity. There was southwestern frontier, from measures of retalia-humanity as well as barbarity, mourners as tion. Should Mexico declare war against the United States, and, aided by some great European power, hoist the standard of servile insurrection in Louisiana and the neighboring States, how deep would be our self-reproaches, in reflecting that these atrocious proceedings received even a colorable apology from our own example,

or from the unlawful conduct of our own citizens. "There is one question connected with this

great meeting projected for Nashville is to Matamoras, saving the doomed victims in be my bedfellows in that great gathering: that city from day to day, by their interces-sions, appear like ministering angels. Sev-eral public journals, and many individuals in tions, sometimes make them equally strange. of Christians and of the civilization of the The fertile imagination of Burke has presented us with a view of one of these strange who succored and saved the young Georgian, sights; and the South Carolina procession to Hadaway, how nobly she appears. He was one of the few that escaped the fate of the may present another. Burke has exhibited Georgia battalion sent to the Old Mission. to us the picture of a cluster of old political antagonists-(it was after the formation of arms and without comrades, he entered a sol- Lord North's broad bottomed administration, and after the country's good and love of ofhunting the fugitives of his party. His ac- fice had smothered old animosities)—all sleeping together in one truckle bed; to use they stepped out to look for the armed body of which he was supposed to be the decoy. in that instant food was given him by the him in that instant food was given him by the humane woman, and instant flight to the swamp was pointed out. He fled, receiving the fire of many guns as he went; and escaping the perils of the way, the hazards of battle at San Jaci. to, where he fought, and of Indian massacre in the Creek nation, when the true charge were taken and part of his the two stages were taken and part of his traveling companions killed, he lives to publish in America that instance of devoted human devoted h manity in the poor woman of the Gaudaloupe pen to find old tariff disunion, disguised as Such acts as these deserve to be commemoof military barbarity; soften the resentments of nations, and redeem a people from the ofnow as ever: and while, as a Christian, he forgives all that is past, (if it were past!) of the executioners eight years ago. And now did the Senator from South Carolina, disunion will be to him the same as tariff how did the Senator from South Carolina, who now reproaches me for a supposed misdirected humanity, how did he then speak? To this question let a certain message from a Governor to his State Legislature of the a Governor to his State Legislature of the cotemporary period—let that message antotothless—the Senator understands the alswer? It was too notable to be forgotten, lusion—nor clawless either. Teeth and and comes into play now like a many-edged claws he will have, and sharp use he will and love the Union, can only speak of intriguers make of them! Not only skin and fur, but sword, cutting many parties, and even its make of them! Not only skin and fur, but own master! and cleaving down the treaty blood and bowels, may fly, and double-quick

for which he now stands up. That message repudiated Texas and her cause, saw nothing shall not be there: even if the scheme goes but aliens and insurgents in her struggling on, (which I doubt after this days occurrences; but if it should go on, and anything could induce me to go so far out of my line, him for the state of his feelings (so different it would be to have a view of the Senator from South Carolina, and the friend for Textans were recent, and the manes of the unburied dead were crying to Heaven for mercy and to man for commiscration. The mercy and to man for commiscration. The may be, all pigging together in one truckle whom he speaks, and their new bedfellows, But I advise the contrivers to give up this scheme. Polk and Texas are strong, and can carry a great deal, but not every thing. The oriental story informs us that it was the last ounce which broke the cam-el's back. What if a mountain had been fury and conquer all before them. This is put first on the poor animal's back? Nulifisaid of love; but I never heard the same of cation is a mountain! Disunion is a moun-

under circumstances which menace more danger than ever, since coupled with a popular question which gives to the plotters the because it violated treaties, made war, destroyed commerce, and planted enmity beunion is at the bottom, and I denounce it is to get the South out of it. A separate con-Grande Del Norte frontier,) is the cherished vision of dissappointed ambition; and for this consummation every circumstance has been carefully and artfully contrived. A secret and intriguing negociation, concealed from Congress and the people: an abolition quarrel picked with Great Britain to father an abolition quarrel at home: a slavery correspondence to

> the president of Texas, and the subjection of American forces to his command: the flagrant seizure of the purse and sword: the contradictory and preposterous reasons on which the detected military and naval movement was defended-all these announce the prepared catastrophe, and the inside view of the treaty betrays its design. The whole annexed country is to be admitted as one territory, with a treaty-promise to be admitted as States, when we all know that Congress alone can admit new States, and that the treaty-promise, without a law of Congress to back it, is void. The whole to be States, (and with the boundary to the Rio Grande there may be a great many;) and the correspondence, which is the key of the treaty, and shows the design of its framers, wholly directed to the extension of slavery and these States? Then the plot is consumated: and Texas without the Union, sooner than the Union without Texas, (already the premonitory chorus of so many resolves,) receives its practical application in the secession of the South and its adhesion to the rejected Texas. Even without waiting for the on-admission of the States, so carefully prowided for in the treaty and correspondence. ecession and confederation with the foreign Texas is already the scheme of the subal-tern disunionists. The subalterns, charged by their chiefs, are ready for this; but the more cunning chiefs want Texas in as a territory-in by treaty-the su-

outrage the North: war with Mexico: the

have expressed their desire to be admitted int our Confederacy, and application will probably be made to Congress for that purpose. In my opinion, Congress ought not even to entertain such a proposition in the present state of the controversy. If we admit Texas into our Union while Mexico is still waging war against that province, with a view to re-establish her suprenacy over it, we shall, by the very act itself, ourselves a party to the war. take this step without incurring this heavy responsibility, until Mexico herself shall recognise the independence of her revolted province.
"We have no official information of the pre

cise state of our relations with Mexico. Enough s known, however, to satisfy us that the con uncture is eminently critical. Let us be seru pulously careful that we do nothing to countenance, and all we can to prevent, the calamity of a war. We are now engaged in a fearful and doubtful struggle to reform the Federal system of Government, by throwing off the corruption under which it is rapidly sinking.

'! In this state of things, a war with any coun

try would be the greatest of calamities; for we

The Senator assumes it for certain that the preme law of the land with a void promise for admission as States. Then non-admission can be called a breach of the treaty. Texas can be assumed to be a part of who, occupying a position at this Capitol, does not behold it!

I mention secession as the more cunning method of dissolving the Union. It is disunion, and the more dangerous because less palpable.— Nullification begat it, and if, allowed there is an end of the Union. For a few States to secede, without other alliances, would only put the rest to the trouble of bringing them back; but with Texas and California to retire upon, the Union Texas and California to recire upon, the Onion would have to go. Many persons would seeded on the non-admission of Texam Slates, who abhor disunion now. To avoid all these dangers, and to make sure of Texas, pass my bill, which gives the promise of Congress for the admission of the new States; neutralizes the slave question; avoids Missouri controversies; pacifies Mexico, and harmonizes the Union.

and harmonizes the Union.*

The Senator from South Carolina complains that I have been arrogant and overbearing in this debate, and dictatorial to those who were this debate, and distatorial to those who were opposed to me. So far as this reproach is founded, I have to regret it, and to ask pardon of the Senate and its mambers. I may be in some fault. I have, indeed, been laboring under deep feeling; and, while much was kept down, something may have escaped. I marked the commencement of this Texas movement, long before it was visible to the public eye, and always felt it to be dangerous, because it gave to the plotters the honest sympathies of the millions, I saw men who ne-ver cared a straw about Texas; one of whom gave away; another of whom voted against saving it; and all of whom were silent and indif-ferent while the true triends of the sacrificed country were laboring to get it back. I saw these men lay their plot in the winter of 1842-'43, and told every person with whom I talked every step they were to take in it. All that has taken place I foretold; all that is intended I foresee, The intrigue of the Presidency was the first act in the drama; the dissolution of the Union the second. And I, who hate intrigue, The oldest advocate for the recovery of Texas, I must be allowed to speak in just terms of the criminal politicians who prostituted the question of its recovery to their own base purposes, and delayed its success by degrading and disgracing it. A Western man, and coming from a State

more than any other interrested in the recovery of this country, so unaccountably thrown away by the treaty of 1819, I must be allowed to feel indignant at seeing Atlantic politicians seizing upon it, and making it a sectional question for the purposes of ambition and disunion. I have spoken warmly of those plotters and intriguers, but I have not permitted their conduct to alter my own, or to relax my zeal for the recovery of the sacrificed country. I have helped to reject the disunion treaty; and that obstacle being re-moved, I have brought in the bill which will ensure the recovery of Texas (with peace and honor, and with the Union) as soon as the exasperation has subsided which the outrageous conduct of this Administration has excited in every Mexican breast. No earthly power but Mexico has a right to say a word. Civil treatment and consultation before-hand would have conciliated her; but the seizure of two thousand miles of her undisputed territory, an insulting correspondence, breach of the armistice, secret nego-tiation with Texas, and sending troops and ships to waylay and attack her, have excited feelings of resentment which must be allayed before any

thing can be done.

The Senator from South Carolina compares the rejected treaty to the slain Cæsar, and gives it a ghost, which is to meet me at some future day, as the spectre met Brutus at Phillippi. I accept the comparison, and thank the Senator for it. It is both classic and just: for as Casar was slain for the good of his country, so has been this trea ty; and as the spectre appeared at Phillippi on to the American people. Under the pretext the side of the ambitious Antony and the hypo of getting Texas into the Union, the scheme crite Octavius, and against the patriot Bruths, so would the ghost of this poor treaty, when it comes to meet me, appear on the side of the President and his Secretary, and against the man who was struggling to save his country from their lawless designs. But here the comparison must stop, for I can promise the ghost and his backers that if the fight goes against me at this new Phillippi, with which I am threatened, and the enemies of the American Union friumph over me as the enemies of Roman liberty triumphed over Brutus and Cassius, I shall not fall ipon my sword as Brutus did, though Cassius be illed, and run it through my own body, but I shall save it and save myself for another day and another use—for the day when the partie of the disunion of these States is to be fought, not with vords but with iron, and for the hearts of the traitors who appear in arms against their coun-

> The comparison is just: Cosar was rightfully killed for conspiring against his country, but it was not he that destroyed the liberties of Lome. That work was done by the profligate politicians without him and before his time, and his death did not restore the Republic. There were no more elections; rotten politicians had destroyed them, and the nephew of Cæsar, as heir to his uncle, succeeded to the empire on the principle of hereditary possession.
>
> And here, Mr. President, History appears in

> her grand and instructive character, as philoso-phy teaching by example: and let us not be senseless to her warning voice. Superficial readers believe it was the military men who destroyed the Roman republic. No such thing! It was the politicians who did it! factious, corrupt and intriguing politicians! destroying public and intriguing politicians: destroying pupile virtue in their mad pursuit after office! destroying their rivals by crime! deceiving and debauching the people for votes! and bringing elections into contempt by the frauds and violence with which they were conducted. From the time of the Gracchii there were no elections that could bear the name. Confederate and rotten politi-cians bought and sold the consulship. Intrigue and the dagger disposed of rivals. Fraud, vio lence, bribes, terror, and the public treasury commanded votes. The people had no choice: and long before the time of Casar nothing re-mained of resulblean government but the name mained of republican government but the name and the abuse. Read Plutarch. In the life of Cæsar, not three pages before the crossing of the Rubicon, he paints the ruined state of the elec-

* Mr. M'Daffie did not reply to this denunciation of disunion. He replied to the allusion in his message, but said nothing to disunion. At Richmond, Virginia, his attention was called to it, and he made a public speech, in which, according to the Richmond Enquirer, he thus

noticed it: "Mr. M'Duffie noticed at some length, the charge of "disunion," which had been thunder-ed by Mr. Botts, and others in the Clay Club house and elsewhere against his State and himself. He showed that the first cry of disunion, in case of annexation, came from John Q. Adams, and his Northern friends, and he asked whether Mr. Botts had then raised the cry of disunion? Mr. M.D. asserted that the meetings in South Carolina had merely declared that isunion would be the effect of non-annexationas the Northern fanatics had raised the cry of "Texas and Disunion " put, at all events, he was not responsible for what his constituents might do; for they were too proud, too patriotic and enlightened, to be under the dictation of any nan or set of men.22

+ Mr. Calhqun in Mr. Monroe's cabinet.

† Mr. Tyler on Mr. Clay's resolutions in 1820 Ar. Clay's resolutions were, at that time, well unded; for Texas then only had been ceded by treaty; since then, a law of Congress sanction ed the treaty, and had the boundary line of 1819 run, marked and established.

tions-shows that all elective government was gone—that the hereditary form necessary relief from the contests of the corrupt -and that in choosing between Pompey and Casar, many preferred Pompey, not because they m republican, but because they thought he would make the milder king. Even arms were but a small part Cosar's reliance when he cross ed the Rubicon. Cold. still more than the sword was his dependence: and he sent forward the accumulated treasures of plundered Gaul, to be was no longer a popular government; and in ta king all power to himself, he only took advan-tage of the state of things which profligate poli-ticians had produced. In this state he was culpable, and paid the forfeit with his life; but in contemplating his fate, let us never forget that the politicians had undermined and destroyed the republic, before he came to sieze and to mas-

It was the same in our day. We have seen the conquerer of Egypt and Italy overturn the Directory, usurp all power, and receive the sanction of the people. And why? Because the Government was rotten, and the elections had become a farce. The elections of forty-eight departments, at one time, in the year 1798 annulled to give the Directory a majority in the legislative councils. All sorts of fraud and vionce were committed at the elections. The people had no confidence in them, and submitted

All elective governments have failed in this manner, and, in process of time, must fail here unless elections can be taken out of the hand of the politicians and restored to full contro of the people. The plan which I have submit ted this day for dispensing with intermediate bodies and holding a second election for President when the first fails, is designed to accomplish this great purpose, and will do much good Never have politicians in so a country, shown such a thirst for office, such disregard of the popular will, such readiness to de-ceive and betray the people. The Texas treaty (for I must confine myself to the case before us is an intrigue for the Presidency, and a contrivance to get the Southern States out of the Union, instead of getting Texian States into it; and is among the most unscrupulous intrigues which any country ever beheld. But we know to discriminate. We know how to separate the wrong from the right. Texas, which the intriguers prostituted to their ambitious purposes caring nothing about it, as their past lives show,) will be rescued from their designs, and restored to this Union as naturally and as easily as the ripened pear falls to the earth. who prepared the result at the Baltimore Convention, in which the will of the people was overthrown, will be consigned to oblivion, while the nominees of the Convention will be accepted and sustained; and as for the plotters of disunion and secession, they will be found out and receive their reward; and I, for one, shall be ready to meet them at Phillippi, sword in whenever they bring their parricidal schemes to the test of arms. I am now what I have been for five and twen-

honor, and with the Union, and for purpose have brought in the bill which is calculated to conciliate every interest, and which on the approaching elections. the Senate, even in the expiring days of the session, has unanimously admitted, and ordered to its second reading; and which nothing but the want of time prevents from now passing this

> From the Raleigh Register. Col. Polk's Ancestry.

If the political friends of Col. Polk get sor on this subject, they have nobody to blame but their own indiscreet leaders and Editors. They have provoked the investigation, by eulogizing him as a Hero, and by representing his "ancestors" as efficient Patriots in the days of the Revolution! so much so, as to have been conspicuous even in getting up the celebrated Mecklenburg Declaration. In 1831, when Col. Polk was before the people of Tennessee as a candidate for Governor, a spurious copy of the Mecklenburg Declaration was published, in which was interpolated the name of Ezekiel Polk, his Grandfather, as one of the signers .-This roused the old Mecklenburg Patriots and one of them went forward and gave the following Certificate, which leaves not "a loop to hang a doubt on" as to the toryism of the said Ezekici The old soldier, who gave the statement is still living, and his character unassailable. Read and ponder!

Mecklenburg N. Carolina. June, 19th, 1841.

At the commencement of the war of the Rev-South Carolina, received a Cantain's Commission, in the Militia, and raised a company of frontiers of the State, against the Cherokee In dians. I was one of that company. After this, Ezekiel Polk was ordered to proceed with his company into South Carelina, to protect the Whites against the negroes-this he refused to

The winter following, he proceeded with his company on an expedition against the Tories, stationed not far from Ninety Six, under the command of Cunningham. From this time, he did nothing to favor the Whigs during the War.— When Lord Cornwallis marched his army into this County, and erected his Head Quarters in Charlotte, Ezekiel Polk went in and took British Protection. One Jack Barnette, having learned that Polk had gone to Charlotte to avail One Jack Barnette, having himself of British Protection, determined to avail this british Protection, determined to way-lay him as he returned, and kill him. From this purpose he was deterred by his friends. I was in the war, and personally know these facts

THOS ALEXANDER.

Subscribed and Sworn to before me, one of the acting Justices of the Peace for said County of Mecklenburg, and State of North Carolina. THOS. M. KEARNS, J.P.

June 10th, 1841.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. ? Mecklenburg County. }
I, Braley Oats, Clerk of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, held for the county and State aforesaid. Do hereby certify that Thomas M. Kearns, whose signature appears to the above affidavit, is an acting Justice of the Peace in, and for said county, and that full faith and credit should be given to his official acts as such. I also further certify that the affiant, Thomas Alexander, is respected as a Revolutionary Soldier, and a man of highly respectable standing.
In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my

name, and affix my seal of office, at Charlotte the 22d day of June, A. D. 1841. B. OATS, Clerk

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. ? Mecklenburg county. of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, do hereby certiby that Braley Oats whose name appears to the annexed certificate is Clerk of said Court and that full faith and credit is due to his official

Given under my hand and seal, at Charlotte this 22d of June 1841. JAS. H. ORR, J. P.

Wholesale Robbery.

The Court of Common Pleas on meeting this morning, discovered that since their adjournmen on Saturday, the court room had been entered and the Clerk's department robbed of the indictments, recognizances, and all the papers belongto the penal criminal term. The court has been in session some four or five weeks, and numer erous convictions had taken place; and among others ten for penitentiary crimes. The results, that the convictions had are null; no further trials can be had; a new venire of the Grand Ju ry is neccessary, and matters must all begin over again. The Court's labors are all lost, and the county is put to new expenses of some \$2000 in amount.—Cin.. Chron. of July 29.

It is stated in the South Carolinian that Mr. McDuffie, "the high-hearted, generous, self-sacrificing McDuffie," designs to leave the United States Senate, once more "to go into the State Legislature, with the view of urging there a highly important defensive measure a gainst the present tariff."

NAVAL .- The U. S. F. Constitution was at Fayal on the 18th June. All well.

LICKING VALLEY REGISTER.

RICHARD C. LANGDON, EDITOR.

COVINGTON. SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1844.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, HENRY CLAY.

Of Kentucky, FOR VICE PRESIDENT THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN, Of New York.

BENJ. HARDIN, of Nelson, J. R. UNDERWOOD, of Warren 1st dis. ROBT. A. PATTERSON, of Caldwell, PHILIP TRIPLETT, of Davies, B. MILLS CRENSHAW, of Barren JOHN KINGAID, of Lincoln, WM. R. GRIGSBY, of Nelson,

GREEN ADAMS, of Nnox, Wm. J. Graves, of Louisville LESLIE COMBS, of Fayette, L. W. Andrews, of Fleming, " W. W. Southgate, of Kenton.

Cubernatorial Election.

FOR GOVERNOR, WILLIAM OWSLEY, FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, ARCHIBALD DIXON,

PRINCIPLES OF THE WHIG PARTY 1. " A sound National Currency, regulated y the will and authority of the Nation: and services are so well known, and whose 2. " An adequate revenue, with fair protec tion to American Industry: 3. "Just restraints on the Executive Power embracing further restrictions on the exercise

4. " A faithful administration of the Public Domain, with an equitable distribution of the proceeds of the sales of it among the States: 5. " An honest and economical administra tion of the General Government, leaving publi fficers perfect freedom of thought, and of the right of suffrage, but with suitable restraints against improprer interference in elections:
6. "An amendment of the Constitution limting the incumbent of the Presidential office

(Aristides," our Falmouth corres podent must excuse us for not publishing friend and supporter to that station which his communication on the subject of the he is so well calculated to fill with usefulannexation of Texas. 1st, it is too long; 2d, our columns, we think, can be more CLAY is one honorable to himself and glority years-for Texas: but I want it with peace usefully occupied, with articles having a ous to his country. You can trace him, more direct bearing and greater influence like the trail of the meteor, through all the

> The Market House! Whigs, to the Rally! To-night you may hear the experience of a straightout, which will be to the point; besides other interesting speeches. Let us assemble an consult together in an orderly and dignified that constitutes national prosperity and nanner. But let us all be there. We know we are right, and therefore ought to derive animations in the good cause by communion with one

Col. Benton's Speech.

The reader's attention is called to the speech of Hon. Thomas H. Benton, in reply to Gen. etrates the darkest recesses of human ac-McDuffie, on the subject of immediate annexation of Texas, which we publish on our first in generous sympathy for his countrymen, page. It will be borne in mind that Col. Benton is a leading member of the Democratic party, and his opinions regarded as orthodox, and put down as law.

Reply to Col. Tibbatts.

son's reply to Col. Tibbatt's "political letter," pist should be proud to give their support. which we published in our last. It came to The nation should be awake, procrastinaolution, Ezekiel Polk, at that time a resident of hand too late for insertion in this week's paper; tion will be fatal t shall appear in our next.

We would call the attention of our rea ders to the communication from Mr. Brown. on the cultivation of Strawberies.

Mr. Brown has left with us the most sat isfactory testimonials of the superiority of the Hovey Strawberry, and of the genuineness of the plants cultivated under his and heeded by all who love their country,

Orders for plants will be received at this Office, where specimens and testimonials can be seen.

It should be recollected that this is far the best season for transplanting the strawberry; the sooner they can be put out, the cach Captain's beat remain at home, it will and should arouse an honest indignation in the cit the orders of those who wish to culti- Remember this!-- the enemy of your rights, vate this superior variety.

Whig Mass Meetings

In every village, hamlet and city, the people are rallying in order to confer together on their great interests,-the interests of the country It is demonstrated most conclusively that the patriotic fire of 1840 is not extinguished, but s every where bursting forth with increased Carrollton, Crittenden, and many other places too numerous to mention, thousands and tens of thousands, have met to discuss upon the topics of the day, and to give a death-blow to modern Locofocoism and misrule.

Hard to Please. acts as such, and that his certificate, is in due cos, in their accusations against Daniel, Gop of Heaven, for which offence he was bible-reading, psalm-singing, church-going puritan." He is also a member of a Sabbath School, and Bible Society, all of which are beinous objections in their sight. Frelinghuysen will suit them. Polk is the for the whole Union. man for them, of whom the N. Y. Plebeian

> says: "Gov. Polk is not only a religious man. and a strict member of church, but he is destroyed by fire on Thursday morning last. also a rigid member of a temperance so-

"This is all news to us in 'these parts,' Gov. Polk is neither the one nor the other. -Nashville Whig."

THE ELECTION. The election for Governor, Licut. Governor, and Representatives in the State Leg. islature, is near at hand. And the deepest anxiety is manifested throughout the coun- back converged to this point, where they try at its result. No state in the Union is deemed of so much importance to the great Whig cause as its success in Kentucky. The eyes of the nation are upon her, and every Whig must now do his duty. The party opposed to us have had their fully tested: But, the day of settlement WHIG ELECTORS FOR KENTUCKY. reigns of government, and place them in skilful hands. The temple which has been Thompson, Harland, and Thomasson. There based on infatuation and sustained by delusion, is now fast crumbling into ruins, orators rewarded and cheered on by the acclama under the light of truth and reason. The lightning and thunder of Whig victories has rent the polluted fane, and the image stands forth in nakel weakness and deformity. The evils however, which have been engendered in this hot bed of political proffigacy and folly, will not, we fear, be easily eradicated; they have taken deep root, yet the Old Farmer of Ashland, who never failed to keep his own farm clear of cheat, and foul weeds, will be able to clean the people's farm. The only ark of safety

is in the election of him whose principles

genius and capacity, are so justly admired.

To the distinguished individual who now

fills so large a space in the public mind. must the nation look for regeneration and the correction of the abuses and evils which this reign of terror and folly has brought upon us. The brilliant exertions and splendid merits of HENRY CLAY, are now felt and appreciated by the whole nation. and it does not require the gift of inspiration to see that the people of this country. too long misled and deluded, will soon rally round the banner of Reform and elevate its ness and honor. The History of HENRY most important events of the last forty vears, the bold and fearless asserter of his country's rights, the able and eloquent advocate of universal freedom and suffering humanity, the ardent friend of domestic industry, and the promoter of all happiness. He has been ceaseless in his efforts, and indefatigable in his exertions to advance the true interests and glory of his country-a statesman whose comprehensive mind embraces the widest circle of social happiness, and whose eagle eye pention: and a patriot whose heart overflows whom no obstacles can check and no calumny or ingratitude can change. Such is the man on whom all eyes are now fixed as the political savior of his country, whom every American should feel a delight in honoring, The last Commonwealth contains Mr. Steven- and to whom every patriot and philanthro-

> "That present time, so sick That present medicine must be minister'd Or overthrow incurable ensues."

Borne down, as we are, and persecuted and oppressed as we have been, we have yet the power to raise our voice and give the alarm, and we trust that voice, "still and small" as it may be, will be heard and cherish its happiness, its reputation and its glory.

Freemen of Kentucky, stay not away from the polls. Feel that upon your single vote alone, depends the victory-Remember that if only three Whig voters out of better for the purchaser. We would soli- make a difference of many thousand votes. is vigilant and active,-Bribery, perjury and fraud, will be resorted to, to keep Presidency than any man now living, and most assuredly shall do so in November next, unless and all will be safe.

The Election. To the Polls!!

We call upon the friends of good government as far as our voice may be heard, to be up and doing on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday .lames. In Lexington, Louisville, Maysville, The supporters of law and order, throughout the U. States, have their eyes turned to "Old Kentuck" for sound principles. Remember that your entire strength cast at this election may be necessary to secure a good administration of the general government. Let no man have to re proach himself when the battle has been fought and the victory obtained, that his influence had The Locofocos are hard to please: they noting to do in the triumph. What say you, do not like Mr. CLAY because he does not Whigs of old Boone? You have been proudly belong to some church, and although strict- and justly called the Gibralter of sound prinly a moral man, they assert he is irreli- ciples in the north. Has the note of preparation sounded along your line? You have nine hundred strong. Let their voices be heard and their influence felt. Let it not be said that caucy occasioned by the death of Gen. Bossier. gious, and desperately wicked. Like the ration sounded along your line? You have nine Babylonians of old, who were good locofo2 hundred strong. Let their voices be heard they could find nothing against him, except that he prayed to and worshipped the upon you for greater exertions than upon any former occasion. Come to the rescue! You shall to send a staunch Whig in his place. cast into the lions' deu, made furious by hear a good report from Kenton. Our neigh- once more give us a majority in the Senate. long fasting, to be devoured. Just so with bors in Campbell, too, intend no longer to be modern Locfocos in their opposition to Mr. crushed by the revilers of Henry Clay-they can FRELINGHUYSEN, the only serious charge and they will give 400 votes for Owsley and Dixthey have as yet attempted against him is, on; whilst the unterrified Whigs of Kenton will that he is a religious man; they call him a rebuke the slanderous, the low, and ungentlemanly attacks which have been made upon the fair fame of Henry Clay, in the shape of 'tracts.' 'fifty reasons,' and Lynn Boyd's speeches. To the polls, then; to the polls, Whigs of the North; and when we have done our duty here, we will Then we see that neither Mr. Clay nor Mr. find that Old Kentuck has settled the question

FIRE.-The "Barlow House," situated at the head of the ferry landing in Newport, was

The noblest spirits are those which turn to heaven, not only in the hour of sorrow, but in that of joy; like the lark, they wait for the clouds The Whigs of Kentucky.

There was a tremendeous in-gathering of the noble-hearted Whigs of Kentucky at Carrolton. (Mouth of the Kentucky River) on Wednesday The people of the whole country for many mile wer met by a host of gallant Hooshers, and a fair rep resentation of Buckeyes. A friend who ha been at most of the mass meetings that have been held in the West this season, informs us that this was the largest he has attended yet another friend who was present estimates th number at 9,000 to 10,000. The meeting was pervaded by a most enthusiastic spirit. The Whigs of Kentucky are true pluck. Every on way, and their ruinous policy has been in the region, who has a vote, was at his post to show in what way that vote is to be cast next month and again in November. The Banner approaches—a day of retribution is at State is determined to remain the Banner State hand when the people will regain their lost in spite of all opposition from friend or foe.

The speakers were Gov. Metcalfe, Senator

The "Bargain Slander.

tions of the people.—Cin. Gas.

was speaking from three different stands at on

and the same time, and right heartily were the

The April number of the Southern Quarterly Review, which belongs to the Calhoun wing Locofocoism, contains an article on Clay and tween the two statesman, the reviewer makes the following honorable and complete recantation of his belief in the always despicable charge of bargain and corruption made against Mi

"It is very seldom we are furnished with a finer vindication of one's self than can be found in the address of Mr. CLAY to his constituents, in reply to the famous (infamous!) charge o ribery and corruption made against him in the Presidential contest of 1825. We well remember the time when, in the heat and contest of bat tle, it seemed to us that charge was triumphant ly sustained, and that Mr. CLAY, in the eye of osterity, would be forever disgraced. But time and a more even temper have produced here all the results that his best friends could desire, and, fresh from the perusal of this defence, we are ready to give him, if indeed he now requires it, the verdict of an acquittal. What is remarkable is the truthfulness stamped on every line. It is the production of one to feel that he was not writing for a day, or fo those wno were then around him, but for those who were to come on the stage. It is an argu ment to be read and admired by those who won hear the charge and pronounce their decision when the subject of the discussion has laid his head upon his mound of earth and his spirit passed from his earthly tenement to a pure

Gen. Jackson no Prophet.

Our distinguished fellow-citizen has been writing a letter to Gen Plauche, of New Orleans, about the Texas question and Mr Polk's proswas a candidate for the Convention on the Loco Foco ticket, caused the letter to be published in the Courier on the eve of the N. Orleans election. The closing paragraphs read thus: The resolution for the annexation of Texas

eceived the united votes of the convention, and I have no doubt but that they will receive the inited voice of all Louisiana, as their safety and happiness depend upon it. The nominations have received a hearty res

ponse throughout the Union. I think Polk and Dallas will get 20 States, if not 22, out of the 26. Let Texas be the watchword and victory is certain.

Your friend sincerely, ANDREW JACKSON.

This must have been alarming to the N Orleans Whigs before the election; but not quite so much so afterwards. The commentaries at forded by the returns, abundantly prove the illustrious author to be no prophet. By the way, his friend Gen. Plauche was beaten for the Con

Letter from S. S. Prentice. been published in the Vicksburg Whig:

To the Editor of the Vicksburg Whig-DEAR SIR: I have heard with surprise, and with mortification seen it reported in several support of Mr. Clay, on account of his course in relation to the annexation of Texas. It not with a view of obtruding my humble opinion upon the public, nor for the fashionable purpose of defining my position on the Texas question that I ask the favor of a very small space in your columns, but for the purpose of relieving myself from the obloquy of the report alluded to, and of asserting that it is unfounded and untrue in

every particular.

I look upon the Whig cause as far more important than the Texas question, and would rather see that cause triumphant, and Mr. Clay elected, than to witness the annexation to the United States of all the territory between here and Patagonia. I believe the question of annexation, as now presented, to be a mere party ques tion, brought forward expressly to operate upon the Presidential election, and that it ought not to have the slightest influence upon the course or action of any member of the Whig party. Indeed the ground taken upon it in this quarter. that those who support Mr. Clay are unfavorable to the Southern institutions and opposed to Southern interests, is as insulting as it is false.

I am proud of the Whig party and its noble leader; they are worthy of each other, and of the glorious triumph that awaits them both. 1 would rather vote for Henry Clay for th in the meantime he turns Locofoco, and but for the pressure of my private business, I would not hesitate to devote the time between now and the election in persuading others to do like-wise. I have not deserted the Whig cause in the times of its adversity, and certainly shall not do so upon the eve of victory.

In conclusion I will say if ever I join the Mormons, I shall attach myself to Joe Smith. the founder of the sect, and not to one of his rival disciples. And should I ever turn Loco foco on the question of the immediate annexa tion of Texas. I will support John Tyler, and not James K. Polk.

S. S. PRENTISS.

From the N. O. Tropic. THE ELECTION.—We heard yesterday from an authentic source, that Dr. Peck, locofoco, had been elected to the Legislature from Catahoula Parish, and that a locofoco had likewise been sent to the State Convention from the same This completes the returns for the State.

the suspicion that the Whigs with their acknowledged supremacy in the district, will fail our majority in the House is eight votes.

"THE VICTORY IS COMPLETE."

What has pious little Johnny McCalla. ho was so horrified at Mr. Clay's immorality, to say for his friend Pilcher, whom he has been travelling, eating, and sleeping with, the oper God-defying Infidel, who has on many occasions blasphemously pronounced the Saviour a bastard his mother, the blessed Virgin Mary a w——e Mary and Martha, women of ill fame and Laza rus a bully in thier employ? What has the pious little saint to say to all this, incontestibly proven on Pilcher by the Mayor of Louisville and other equally respectable citizens and which has not been and cannot be denied? O thou unblushing hypocrite!-Frankfort Commonwealth.

Let us entreat the Whigs not to go into a mixed company and offer to bet (upon the result of the election.) It is a blockheads argument at best, and may irritate an opponent, but never convince him. Bets will be made, though the law condemns betting; but the practice is a bad one, and ought to be discountenanced. The Whigs that of joy; like the lark, they wait for the clouds need no gasconade to give them confidence to disperse, to soar up into their native elements. they have it already.—N. Y. Tribune.

From the Commonwealth. Matters for Polk's history.

The following inquiries are put by the Oneida Whig in regard to Polk's history. An affirma-tive response to each one of them will be drawn by a candid historian from the records of the and. Polk has already had the honor-it will be posthumous after November-of having had his life written. We advise his life-writers to put the following inquiries together with their answers, in a supplement. Not one of them, we believe, has been industrious enough to push his investigations so far as the Oneida Whig. But we are afraid they will not trouble them elves further with his history; and any life of Polk that can be written, will not be worth, after November, half so much as last year's alma

Whether James K. Polk's grandfather was not a Tory in the American Revolution. 3. Whether he did not on five several occasions

rote against bills for the relief of the surviving officers and soldiers of the Revolution? 4. Whether he did not speak and vote against

Whether he did not vote against a resolution for the effectual abolition of the African Slave Trade? 6. Whether he did not during the sessions of

1827. 1828, and 1830, repeatedly vote and speak against the protection on Wool? 7 Whether the customary resolution of thanks to the Speaker "for the able and impartial manner in which he has discharged his duties." was not in his case opposed on the ground of his partiality and unjust decisions and for the first time

in the history of Congress, carried by a party ote ayes 94, nays 57? Whether he was not in 1831 defeated when candidate for Governor of Tennessee, by some 9. Whether he was not again defeated run-

ing for the same office, in 1843, by about 5000 10. Whether he was not, in 1840, presenter s a nuisance by a Grand Jury of his own State? 11. Whether he has not recently, last year wowed in favor of reducing the Tariff to a uniform duty of 20 per cent., and as the steady of ponent of Distribution and a Protective Tariff

10. Whether he is not in favor of the imme liate annexation of Texas? 13. Whether he was not, 1825, an advocate of he constitutionality of the general government

naking internal improvements in the States, and ifterwards an opponent? 14. Whether he was not, in 1834-5 an oppo-

ent of the Sub-Treasury and afterwards an adrocate for it?

From the Louisville Journal of July 23. Gen. Pilcher.

GEN. PILCHER-FIORRIBLE BLASPHEMY-LOO

THIS.-We have occasionally alluded to the fact that William S. Pilcher, Locofoco candidat for Lieut. Governor, is not only an avowed infi del but a most horrible, revolting, and disgusting blasphemer. He was originally a preacher, and there are scores of persons in this city, who have heard his sermons and exhortations, but he apos tatized from his God as remorselessly as he after wards deserted the Whig party, and he is now vithout a solitary exception, the most atrocious ly profane wretch that lives in the city of Louis-ville. The fact of his habitual blasphemy is so notorious here that we have not appreciated the necessity of establishing it for the information of people at a distance. We have been reneat edly written to of late for the evidence of his blasphemy, and, on Sunday, to our utter astonishment, we received a letter from a friend in Versailles, Kentucky, from which we learn that report is there in circulation, charging upon Mr. Dixon, the estimable and gentleman netitor of Pilcher, the abominable and shocking anguage in relation to the Saviour and his bles sed Mother, which Pilcher is known to have been in the habit of using. We now deem it our du ty to furnish evidence of Pilcher's blashhemy, for which he ought not only to be visited with the most terrible condemnation at the polls, but spurned like a dog from every decent man's hreshold. Unless this exposition shall cause housands, may tens of thousands, even of the Locofoco party, to repudiate and scorn the foul ous blasphemer, we shall feel that our piring demagogues. opponents, in remembering that they are Loco-

ocos, forget that they are Christians and men. We addressed a note vesterday to the Hon. F A. Kaye, Mayor of the city, and sent a copy of mies to the free institutions of our count to Gabriel J. Johnston, Esq. We subjoin the strange to tell, they are our neighbors. note and their replies to it, merely adding even the most sceptical Locofoco can require further testimony, any required amount of it can be furnished at three hour's notice

Hon. F. A. Kaye:

LOUISVILLE, July 22, 1844.

DEAR SIR: I am told that Gen. Wm. S. Pilch er, candidate for the office of Lieutenant Gover nor, has been in the habit of calling our Saviour a bastard and the Virgin Mary a vile woman. An early answer is requested.

Yours truly.
GEO. D. PRENTICE.

Louisville, Ky., July 22, 1844. MR. PRENTICE: I received a note from you requesting me to state my knowledge of certain blasphemous language used by Gen. Pilcher in my presence. Owing to the situation which occupy, I regret that I am thus called on, but must be permitted to exercise the same freedor of speech that other citizens are. I therefore state that I have frequently heard Gen. Pilcher Mary and the birth of our Saviour, such as that she was nothing better than a common prostitute and our Saviour a bastard.

F. A. KAYE. Yours, &c.,

Geo. D. Prentice, Esq.: DEAR SIR: I have just received your note of this morning; and in reply, can only say that I regret exceedingly that any person should have been so very officious as to have told you that I could give you any information upon the subject of it, which I infer is the fact, from the interrogatory at the close of it.

But having been called upon, I cannot with

out an utter disregard of truth say that I cannot give you any information on the subject. ne years since in a conversation which oc curred in Gen. Pilcher's office, on Sixth street in this city, upon the subject of religion, be tween Gen. Pilcher, D. W. Wilson, B. I. Harri son, F. A. Kaye, William Colgan, and myself Gen. Pilcher made the statement contained in your note, with respect to the Virgin Mary and the Saviour—and when the General was subsequently a candidate for the Legislature, I pubhandbill signed a Voter, chargin with having so said—and referring to Messrs.

Not long thereafter Gen. Pilcher and I becan friendly with each other; and from that day to this, I have never (that I recollect,) alluded to that conversation: nor did I intend ever to do so-but having been called upon by you to say, whether I could give you any information upon the subject, I could not, without stating a falsehood, answer in any other manner than I have.

Wilson, Kaye, Colgan, and Harrison to prove

Respectfully, yours, 4. G. J. JOHNSTON. July 22, 1844.

LOUISVILLE, July 24, 1844. Dean Sir: I did not reply to your note on Monday, and wished to avoid the necessity of replying to it. But finding myself referred to both by Mr. Johnston and the editor of the Democrat as one who was present when Gen. W. S Pilcher used the language as to our Saviour and the Virgin Mary, with regard to which the cer tificates of the Hon. F. A. Kaye and G. J. John ston, Esq., appear in the Louisville Journal o yesterday, and it having been attempted in the Louisville Democrat to explain away that lan guage imputed to him, and without any circum stances mitigating its character. Similar lan guage I have heard him use on various other oc casions. On one occasion he said that Martha and Mary kept a w***e-house, that Lazarus was a w***e-house bully, and that Jesus Christ was their associate.

WM. COLGAN. Geo. D. PRENTICE, Esq.

A new prophet, it is said, has been selected a

Nauvoo, a Dr Richards, formerly of Berkshire Leather and Hides, county, in Massachusetts. He is said to be a Beef, Pork, Hams and Lard, man of considerable talent, with a good deal of Butter and Cheese, shrewdness and tact.

COMMUNICATIONS.

For the Licking Valley Register. Doings in Congress. THINGS I HAVE SEEN.

I have seen men of eminent talents, and extensive abilities, great natural and exclusive acquirements, pass along in the world, without attracting public notice; without having their virtues known to the world, and without receiving the promotions their merits deserve; while men of moderate natural capacities, indifferent powers of mind, and circumscribed improvements, receive unbounded popular applause, are esteemed as men of profound erudition, and exalted to high posts of trust and honor.

I have seen men, who, for the sake of office and self-aggrandizement, have sacrificed the property and dearest rights of their relatives | Pine-Apple, which are of good size and flavor, the bill for the occupation of the Oregon terri- and neighbors, by unrighteous acts and unfounded suggestions, against which, every good man, of whatever sect or opinion, must unreservedly protest.

I have seen men, who, after obtaining office, by gulling the people out of their honest suffrage, were big with expectation and hope of gaining the arrival at the grand sanhedrim, immediately among the small fry of that august body.

time and money of the people, in preparing and Franking large bundles of odious and invidious for extensive cultivation for the market, that I pamphlets and documents, intended to operate as a firemand, to inflame the minds of the peo- (which are as good as can be found anywhere,) ple and set them in battle array against each and planting the Hovey in their stead. 1 want other.

I have seen members of Congress devote their talents and time to the procuring of fat offices, with heavy salaries, for their friends and relatives, when they were well aware that those appointed were unable to perform the duties that would necessarily devolve upon them, and were fitly calculated only to squander the public mo-

are developed in stooping to low, mean and de- ders, their foliage is neat, remaining green most grading operations of quack surgery, such as are displayed in dissecting in a most barberous manner, and exhibiting in a shameful and indecent hear some of your fair readers smacking their position, the intestine organizations of an in- rosey lips over a dish of the Hovey just now. nocent (but knowing) Coon, the very tip end of whose tail, would be a badge of honor to their vile and polluted persons.

I have seen men who wished for promotion. conferring the highest plaudits on the abilities, virtues and administrations of those in office: thinking thus to prepare the way for receiving their desired object. These men are the dupes of their superiors, the derision of their equals, and by their inferiors, if they have any, are held in utter contempt.

If such men are to conduct and regulate the great affairs of State. are we to wonder at our should be put into beds well thrown up, either want of prosperity as a nation. If our national with the spade or plough, say 6 feet from centre councils are to be filled with beings, mean as they to centre, in straight rows, and about 21 feet are worthless; alike destitute of public virtue apart in the row; and, in one year they will and private honor, we may cease to be suprised completely cover the beds. at any calamity that befalls us. But what astonishes most is, that in times like the present, when our republic is shook to its foundation by Executive usurpation and violence: that the people should be so infatuated as to trust their best and dearest rights in the hands of such as-

Such men are calculated to tear asunder every fibre that binds society together, and are ene- as such, can be had at the Botanic Garden, on mies to the free institutions of our country; yet DERASTROP

For the Licking Valley Register Six Reasons for being a Whig. BY A JEFFERSONIAN DEMOCRAT.

1st. Because such a large majority of the A nerican citizens of 1776 were such firm Whigs that they were willing, and did put their lives. Can you give me any information on the subject? fortune and honor in stake, to gain that freedom and independence that did, and yet does guarantee to us all, that freedom of conscience, suf- How common is it for parents to complain of the frage, and all the privileges of civil liberty which want of progress on the part of their children. we now enjoy.

all the sages of the country, and the fathers of after year, and still very little progress is made. the Constitution, were Whigs in truth and in This, to some extent, may be owing to teachers. deed, as is manifest from their examples—for They may not possess the necessary qualificawe find that no sooner than the Independence of tions; or, they do not pay that attention to American was won and the Constitution formed, their scholars which they should; or, they do not use blasphemous language relative to the Virgin than they began still further to look ahead, and in so doing, save that Independence which, well in which order does not exist. strictly speaking, was only half obtained, for as yet, America was dependent on foreign nations for many of the necessaries of life - therefore, rally dull; on which account, it is difficult to we see them drafting a bill to lay duties on make them understand things when explained: foreign merchandize for the Protection of home and if they are, by any means, made to undermanufacture and agriculture, which passed both stand things, they very soon forget the explana-Houses of Congress, and signed by the father of tions. But perhaps the greatest difficulty is, his country 4th of July, 1789.

3d. Because we see a Jefferson, when in the on the free-trade order, we hear him in language obtained with great difficulty. like this, in answer to Mr. Austin, January 9, 1816:- "You tell me I am quoted by those who wish to continue dependent on England-I am proud to say I am not one of those, and if they and are not governed as they should be. The will keep pace with me in purchasing nothing consequence is, they want to have their own foreign when an equivalent of domestic fabric can be obtained, without any regard to differ- restraints. The teacher finds it difficult to govence of price, it will not be our fault if we do not have a supply at home."

4th. Because James Madison, Monroe, Jack-1844, have held forth and defended the same protective system.

families and as individuals, cannot prosper, but studies, and their classes get in advance of them with these two props, we can stand as a nation! so much, that the teacher has not a chance to Yea! as an Independent nation, and as a peo-

but State policy, and even neighborhood policy they should, from time to time, to ascertain to keep our cash as near home as we can, and their progress. notwithstanding all that has been said by the Modern Democrats of the day, about the small amount of the products of the country used in our home markets, when we turn our eyes even if their scholars should not improve, would be more to one single State, we see the falacy of such an likely to exert themselves. argument, namely, Maesachusetts, as given by Mr. Hudson. Yearly average:

185,000 bales \$7,200,000 620,000 bbls 4,100,000 Cotton. Flour, Corn & other grn, 3,430,000 bush 175,000 tons Coal, 188,600 cords Wool. Lumber,

Amounting with other articles, to the sum of

\$42,000,000 of domestic products consumed in he State of Massachusetts If any man can show six better reasons for being a Modern Democrat, let him do so, and if not, vote with me for Mr. Clay, who will carry out the Protective System. J. T. Independence, July 29th, 1844.

> For the Register. STRAWBERRIES.

Mr. Editor .- Dear Sir: Since the introduction into our market of some of the new and splendid varieties of Stawberries, the strawberry fever has run very high. Every body is luquiring how they can grow such delicious fruit. Permit me sir, through your paper, to commu

nicate the result of my experience in the cultivation of strawberries. For several years past, I have experimented thoroughly with this species of fruit. The vari-

eties which have received my attention, are the very productive, but too soft and too light a color for market, very poor sale. The Hudson, a well known variety in this

country.

The Keene Seedling, a large and splendid fruit, but rather unproductive; will not pay for extensive cultivation. And the Hovey's Seedthe uppermost seat in the synagogue, and upon ling, which is very large, of deep rich color, fine flavor, very productive, and meat solid; and, come to the possession of their right senses, and consequently well adapted for marketing. The discover that their talents, rank and station, was Hovey is, in all respects, by far the most splendid, superb variety within my knowledge. I am I have seen members of Congress spending the so fully persuaded of the superiority of this variety, over all others, either for private use or am rooting up acres of the other varieties. nothing better, and am sure there is nothing equal to them. I found them measuring three, four, and some five inches in circumference, and they sold for 25 cents per quart in Cincinnati market this season, where the Hudson and other varieties sold for 64 cents.

No lover of this delicious article of fruit should fail to give the Hovey a place in his garden. In cities, where gardens are small, the I have seen members of Congress employ their ladies could cultivate them to advantage upon time-for talents they have none, except they their flower plats, for they make very fine borof the year; their blossoms are pretty; and, their fruit is truly sublime. Yes sir, I fancy I

For a small sum, every gentleman who has a garden, could abundantly supply his family with this most delicious fruit.

August is the best month in the year for transplanting - they will make a good growth the same season-will stand the severity of the winter, and will produce fruit the next season.

Strawberries of every variety I have experimented with, succeed much the best upon thin, poor soil; if the ground is very rich, the plants grow so luxuriantly as to be unproductive. 25,-000 plants are sufficient to plant one acre. They

In the fall give them a high dressing of tanner's bark, which will protect the roots through the winter, nourish the plants in the spring, and keep the fruit clean when ripening.

I have now communicated the result of my experience in strawberry growing, and I would just add, for the convenience of those wishing to try the Hovey, that genuine plants, guaranteed Walnut Hills, Ohio, near the Post Office; and I presume, from some of the gardens in the vicinty of Cincinnati.

> Very respectfully, JOS. BROWN.

For the Licking Valley Register. Difficulties connected with the Education of Children.

While education is of vast importance, it is to be lamented that obstructions to it exist .-They keep their children in school, at consider-2d. Because Gen. Washington himself, with able expense, quarter after quarter, and year maintain good government. No school can de

The cause of this evil, so complained of, may exist with scholars themselves. Some are natuthe spirit of play reigns. They do not realize the importance of education, neither can they Presidential Chair, still advocating the same be made to realize it, so as to change the bent doctrine, and even down to 1816, when he was of their inclination. Whatever, therefore, is accused by some designing men of being rather obtained from them, in the way of studying, is

But, as the writer conceives, the most fruitful source of difficulty is with parents. With regard to many children, they are indulged to excess; way at school, and of course, are uneasy under ern them, and preserve their good feelings.

Another difficulty is, they are allowed to absent themselves from school, on account of trivson, and almost all good Whigs, from 1789 to | ial circumstances: such as, a little professed illness, a sprinkle of rain, heat or coldness of the weather, company, &c. This irregularity in 5th. Because we evidently see without such a attendance must necessarily check their progress. Tariff and a sound Currency, we as a nation, as Time is lost, their minds wander from their work upon their ambition.

A third difficulty, so far as parents are concer-6th. Because it is not only national policy, ned, is, they do not examine their children as

Let a monthly examination be instituted in the family, conducted by parents or some person chosen for the purpose, and its advantages would soon appear. Teachers, knowing their danger know, that if they do well, it will be scertained; and if they fail to improve, the failure cannot long remain concealed. If, or such examination, \$7,200,000 it appear, that suitable progress has been made, 4,100,000 let parents express the pleasure they feel, and 2,790,000 reward the children in some way. But if a want 1,300,000 of improvement appear, then let the case be 1,300,000 treated accordingly. Reprimand may do for the 3,200,000 first measure; but if this fail, let other measures 3,690,000 be adopted. We insist upon it, that if some 7,600,000 such plan were pursued with firmness, scholars, 2,800,000 generally, would make three or five times the 1,000,000 progress that they will be likely to do without it.

AN OLD TEACHER, OF THE N. Y. TRIBUNE.

GALVESTON, July 8th 1844. Your paper comes safely to hand. It gives me much pleasure to receive it on many accounts. but particularly on account of the course it has pursued in regard to the question of the Annexation of this Republic, to that of the United States. 1, myself, have always most firmly opposed our National suicide, or Annexation to the United States or any other country. That Texas is unable to sustain her position, is a base slander, gotten up for the express and avoiced purpose of driving the people of the United States into immediate action upon the Annexation question. It originated with speculators, men who, holding a large amount of wild lands in Texas, intended to avail themselves of the temporary rise in property which would most right place, and his hand ever open to benevoprobably have been produced, to sell out and lence in the distribution of charities where it leave the country. Most of them have no permanent interest here.-Most of the Statesmen favorably to Annexation have in glowing terms depicted the many and great advantages which in silence, be shed by his warm-hearted friends, would accrue to the United States, but not one at his untimely departure. of them has ever enumerated the benefits which our course will be onward. Santa Anna has not ning, July 30th, Mrs. MARY WRIGHT, wife Texas would derive. As an independent nation the power to impede it. I do not believe he has the disposition. Texas can never now he annex—
The deceased remembered her Creator in ed to the United States. Her pride is wounded; she feels that she has degraded herself, by supplirejected, although she was willing to remunerate her benefactor by becoming subservient to, and a poor "dependent" of a mighty and strong gov-ernment. The people of Texas never will be willing to favor such a scheme again, in my opin

on.
Our Presidential Election takes place on the first Monday in September next. The candidates are Anson Jones, the present Secretary of State, and EDWARD BURLESON. The contest, is supposed, will not be a close one—Jones being deservedly very popular, and the people believ ing that he will carry out the policy of the present Executive, who is more popular now than he ever has been. Houston is a man of Roman mess-pursues his policy steadily-never conciliates his enemies, and has never failed to trample them under his feet. No man in the country has ever been able to carry out measures to which he is opposed; because the majority of the People, when they come to hear the reasons for his course, have always been with him. He has withstood all the combined efforts of the most deadly and unprincipled opposition that ever disgraced any country. Posterity will do Market street, have a good assortment of Grohim justice.—Respectfully,

To the Voters of Kenton County.

Fellow Citizens - In the course of human events it has become necessary that I should, under existing circumstances, say to my friends of the Democratic party, as the election is at hand, and a great confusion in the Democratic ranks; as we have a great and important con-test in the election of Governor, which involves the great national questions between the two great parties, that divide the people of this nation; and, as there are three candidates before you for the office of Representative, all profess ing to be Democrats, leaving a field for specula-tion with the opposite party contrary to my desire: and, whereas I stand between two lawyer who constitute my opponents; and, deeming the success of Col. W. O. Butler of much importance to the great national interests of the Union; therefore, I take this occasion to say to my friends, that, though I am under obligations to my own feelings not to back out from the contest, they are requested not to pay any regard to my interest at the polls to the injury of Col Butler. If it becomes necessary to drop me at the polls, I shall not take it hard. Personal considerations I lay aside, for the present, to promote the success of the Governor. I am under many obligations for the friendship mani fested by the people during the present canvass; and with great pleasure, most certainly, would I represent the people if they should honor me as their delegate to the Legislature. I discover that the country has to be repre

think the sooner the better. I should like to contest the election with either of my opponents, single handed: but, as I am only an humble farmer, and make no pretensions to outrun my strength, my persona tion is at an end for the present; though I believe I possess the fighting nerve of a patriot; but my patriotism overcomes my fighting propensities, in the present case. I am for measures, not myself. I have been badly treated; but I am the warrior that can bury those feelings for the interest of the cause, i.e. for Butler and the country. Let me be understood as withdrawn.

J. W. Leathers.

sented by lawyers, in spite of the people, and I

A KEY

To the False Syntax which has appeared in the last two numbers of the Register.

Paragraph 1, state—that are. 2, there are. 3, the less. 4, those two cords is the stronger. 5, in his studies—to improve himself. 6, are two—leave two. 7, I were he. 8, love—so do. 9, were the 2d and 3d classes. 32, accept any. 33, had gone — steadily — learned. 34, Abraham— Isaac. 35, there are—relate. 36, have become critics are criticising-criticisms. If some person will continue Falso

Syntax in any paper, a key to it shall be afforded. Let us put young grammarians to work. It will be attended with good. Grammar times can be made critical and interesting.

Review of the Cincinnati Market. From the Prices Current, August 1.

BUTTER .- The supply is rather more abun-

strictly prime by the single Cheese, at 5c.

EGGS—Are more plenty. Retail price in
market 64a7c. But little doing by the packers,

who pay 5a7c per dozen, according to quality.

the receiving price of new at 20c and of old at

22a23c. Sales of old from store at 26a28-.
SALT.—We note sales of Kanawha No 1 at
27c per bushel at the River. We are informed of a sale of 100 brls Kanawha Alum at 374c.
TOBACCO.—Regular sales of Six Twist at about 5c for a good article.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes are taken at 25a

WOOL.—Tub-washed at 25a28c per lb; Common to Quarter Blood in fleece, 25a28; Half Blood, 29a31c; Three-quarter Blood, 31a33;

throughout the week, and reached 194c per gal. The last sales are at 19c.

The members of Covington Lodge No. 109, are requested to meet at 4 o'clock, this afternoon, to arrange important busi-R. C. LANGDON, Sec't. ness.

DIED-On Tuesday last of a short sickness, Mr. EPHRAIM FLOYD, a worthy and indus-trious citizen. He has left a wife and one child to mourn their bereavement. -On Wednesday last, Mr. THOMAS MAX-

WELL. -In Monroe co. Ill., about the 8th of July. Mr. CAREY CLEMONS, aged about 55 years, than twenty years an active and highly useful citizen of this City; well known and esteemed and firm in his integrity. He has left a wife and in the United States who have written or spoken seven children to weep and sorrow over their sac and painful seperation. And many a tear will,

On Mount Auburn, on Wednesday mor-

the days of her early youth, and attached herself to the Methodist Episcopal Church cating and offering prayers (and that in vain) to of which she continued a pious and exem-Hercules for aid-that she has been disdainfully plary member till her death. Among the many other excellent traits of her Christian character, her whole life was a practical illustration of "the ornament of a meek and quiet spirit, which is in the sight of God of great price. She died in great peae, in joyful hope of everlasting life.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Mr. Williams will give a public Lecture on English Grammar on Friday evening of next week, in the basement of the Presbyterian commencing at early candle-light. Al are invited to attend.

P. S. The commencement of the course of Lectures, proposed in last week's paper, will be Lectures, proposed in last week's paper, wi deferred until Monday evening Aug. 12th.

COOPER, BERRY & CO. HOLESALE Grocers and Dry-Goods ceries and Dry-Goods, which they offer to sell low for cash, or exchange for country produce.

COLLEGE OF TEACHERS. SESSION of the "College of Teachers' SESSION of the "College of Teachers will be held in Cincinnation the 16, 17th 18th and 19th days of October next. Address es will be delivered and Reports read on various subjects connected with the objects of the Col lege. The public, and particularly those who are engaged in the business of Education, are respectfully invited to attend, and participate in the exercises of the occasion. The members of the College are requested to be present at an early hour on the first day of the session.

Cincinnati, July, 1844.

A BARGAIN. good bargain can be had, if speedy appli-cation be made. That well known business stand, at the corner of Greenup and Second street Covington, is for sale. The lot fronts 472 feet on Greenup and 195 on Secondstreet, upon which are several frame buildings. This proper ty will be sold in whole or in parts to suit pur-chasers. Apply to M. M. BENTON, Market Space

ALBERT PICKET, Sen., Pres't.

August 3, 1814. 2-tf REMOVAL.

SANFORD & PARK have removed their MEDICINE STORE, from No. 15, East Fourth street to, the Corner of Fourth and Walnut Streets.

(Sanford & Park continue the Sole Agen cy for Cincinnati, and the Wholesale Agency for the entire Western States, for all the most popular and approved Medicines of the day. DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

It is scarcely necessary to refer to this choicest of all valuable Medicines. The immense and unprecedented demand for it in every part of the Western States is sufficient evidence of its most remarkable curative properties. For Asthma, Conghs, Consumption, and for every disease of a Pulmonary character, it is now regarded both here and elsewhere, the best remedy in the world. See advertisement. Cincinnati, August 3, 1844.

A CARD. A few genteel boarders may be accommodated with the necessaries of life, on Sixth st. third door west of Madison, north side.

Consumption Arrested!

A NOTHER cure performed by Dr. Duncan's Expectorant Remedy!
Mr. Phineas Tomlinson, near Adamsville, leave two. 7, I were he. 8, love—so do. 9, were you—was it you whom or that. 10, study—the better grammarian. 11, times are—are. 12, I did it—done it. 13, go—strangely. 14, I intend. 15, Testament. 16, Testaments constitute. 17, there was—were at least. 18, 90 dollars were offered him—he would not. 19, is for rent, or, is to be rented. 20, as I—but he. 21, it was I—it was I—it was I—it was I—but he. 21, it was I—it was I—but be him. 23, to call—but be determined to try the virtues of Dr. Duncan's Muskingum county, Ohio, certifies that his son, was—were at least 27, the medicines are least 27, the was left on the would not. 19, is for rent, or, is to be rented. 20, as I—but he. 21, it was I—it was he. 22, to be me—it to be him. 23, to call—but he determined to try the virtues of Dr. Duncan's L. 24, I saw—did it. 25, there are confusion,&c. Expectorant Remedy, which he procured of the 26, cry out. 27, abide. 28, have taught—these the procured of the Agent in Zanesville; and Mr. T. says he is happy to state to the public, that the medicine actually did remove all disease from the lungs, actually did remove all disease from the lungs, actually did remove all disease from the lungs, actually did remove all disease from the lungs. and finally restored his son to perfect health; it now being upwards of nine months, and his lungs appear to be perfectly healthy.

Cincinnati, March 15, '43.
Dr. Duncan-Health, the greatest blessingO, but eleven months ago, this all important comfort was far distant from me. I was taken lown with a severe cold last 'pring, which set tled upon my lungs, and at length rendered my health so delicate that my physician lost all hope of my recovery. In this precarious situation I remained for seven months, without obtaining any relief; at the same time I was using all the medicines that it was in the power of my physician to obtain, but to no effect. My lathe happened to notice a publication of your valu-ble Expectorant Remedy, and immediately proand, and packing and shipments are increasing again. Sales in market at 8, 10, and 12½c per lb. retail, for crock, and 20a25 for strictly fresh churned parcels in pound rolls. The trade are paying all prices between 5 and 7c, which is 20 to 30 per cent higher than the prices last season.

CHEFFE The requires continue greatly best and matter, after using the second battle. The cured three bottles for me. I commenced using the medicine on the third day of last November, and continued its use for sixteen weeks. The and matter: after using the second bottle, the discharge became so great, that I was alarmed but having so much confidence in the medicine every symptom of disease from my lungs. I am now enjoying perfect health, and feel ever grateful to you as a public benefactor. Yours, with gratitude and thanks. MARY PREBLE.
Having been acquainted with Mrs. Preble for several years, and knowing her delicate situation I feel no hesitation in endorsing the above, see-City Mills at \$3,75.

FRUITS, (dried.)—The stock in market of Apples is exceedingly small, and the demand merely nominal. Peaches at retail \$1 25a1 50,

of the Methodist society, Cin.

Principal Office, 19 North 8th st. Phil. A fresh supply of Duncan's Expectorant Remedy for sale by the Agent, J. IRWIN,
Sycamore st. one door below 3d, Cin.
Remember! This medicine is for sale by no Druggist, or medicine vender, or any other person but myself, in Hamilton county. J. I.
Price One Dollar per bottle, one is bettle for

Price, One Dollar per bottle, or six bottles for five dollars.

WILLIAM GALLUP, Jr.



BLANKS For sale at this Office. SCALLOP EDGE SUN SHADES AND

PARASOLS,
750GETHER with every variety of change-able, fig'd, and plain Silk Shades and Purasols, by case, dozen, or single one, at the very lowest prices; silk, cotton, gingham, of good quality, by the piece, at the Umbrella Store on ifth St. east of Main. N. L. COLE.

FOX AND COON CANES.

VINE Fox and Coon headed Hickory Canes, by Gross, Dozen, or Single one.

A lot of ivory, silver, and horn mounted For sale at

Cheap Building Lots.

any part of the town, and at prices suited to the

brick Churches.

The purchasers of Lots, at the late sales of Newport, who have been compelled to delay go forward rapidly till winter.
M. T. C. GOULD Land Agent.

Northeast corner of Fifth and Main sts. Cincinnati July 16 1844.

P. S. Office hours from 9 till 3 o'clock. jy 27

terms for time.

Mr. Henry Emerson, W. W. Southgate, Esq Calvin Fletcher, Dr. J. A. Warder, A. L. Greer, J. T Levis, P. S. Bush. Cincinnati. Covington.

Covington, July 27, 1844.

eft with Mr. Mackoy, or the undersigned at his office, N. E., Corner of 4th and Walnut streets W.S. JOHNSTON. July 37, 1844. 1-2t

DR. DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY.

ng, and although the latter cannot be averted, tucky, passed in 1834. till the former may by the power of medicine, he removed, or rendered less painful to the af-licted. There is one disease however, which seems for ages to have defied the power of the healing art-the learned faculty have in vain attempted to arrest its fatal progress, by the ap alication of remedies within their in their practice—but CONSUMPTION has defied their united skill. It has stalked forth with impunity, gathering in its cheerless em-brace a friend from every circle, and a member from every family, easting gloom and darkness o'er the place of its visitation. He then, whose labors have brought forth a medicine which in many cases; will arrest the progress of this disease, and which will also AFFORD RELIEF in the most stubborn and hopeless should be regarded in the light of a public benefactor. It is confidentally believed that DUNCAN'S EXPEC-TORANT REMEDY will do this. Hence it is presented and reccommended to the community This medicine immediately palliates and re lieves the disstressing cough causing a free and easy expectoration; stopping the hectic fever and night sweats, healing the ulcerated lungs, and arresting the fatal progress of Consumption, at the same time, strengthening the weak and dearresting the fatal progress of Consumption the same time, strengthering the weak and producing quiet rest and sweet repose. This "REMEDY" there is life there is hope, we would therefore advise all to use this medicine. When the case is incurable, it still proves a blessing to the sufferer; by giving him case and strength, relieving the cough, and chooking of phlegm, &c. This alone is a consolation to the patient, which

Sycamore street, one door below 3d, Cincinnati, Ohio. For sale in no other place in Hamilton county. July . 27 1844.

\$20 Reward.

shows his teeth in speaking, and has the two upper front teeth broken off. He can read and write and he may have forged free papers or a pass. I will give the above reward for Nott if taken in Boyle or the adjoining counties, and

a reward of \$50 if taken in a more remote part A. IRVINE-Boyle county Ky. June 28, 1844 1w3

[Kentucky Tribune-\$1.] Covington Literary Institute. HE next Session of this Institution, under the direction of G. F. GOODHUE, A. B., vill commence on Monday, August 18th.

8 00 German, etc. Contingent expenses as usual. No student will be received for less than one term, and no deduction made for absence, except at the option of the Principal.

G. F. Goodhue has testimonials, as to his

and other trustees of the Concord (N.H.) Literary Institute and Teachers' Seminary, and the trustees of Pittsfield Academy. The public are also respectfully referred to his patrons in this

The principal will give his undivided attention to the duties of his school. Covington, July 20, 1844.

PROSPECTUS

LICKING VALLEY REGISTER.

FOURTH VOLUME, ENLARGED, WITHOUT INCREASE OF PRICE Published weekly, in the City of Covington, Kenton County, Kentucky.

THE LICKING VALLEY REGISTER, will be con tinued on the same general principles by which it has heretofore been governed. Becoming mere familiar with the people of Kentucky, and better acquainted with their local policy, and general interests, we shall take a still active part in public affairs. We intend to Walking Canes, and low priced Shiny Canes. give the proceedings of the State Legislature and of Congress, in an extensive summary form also Intelligence of a general character, For-

egn and Domestic.

Kentuck, being an agricultural State, a goodly portion of the Register shall be allotted to the immediate interests of the Farmer, in the selection of such articles for publication a are directly adapted to our soil, climate, and agricultural pursuits. Information of this kind. at a suitable season of the year, is, to the husbandman matter of vast importance, and should be regarded as worthy of consideration.

means and fancy of purchasers, from \$3 to \$10
The columns of the Register will be open to an honest discussion of political principles whether Whig or Democratic. Whilst we arow may yet be had, for manufacturing sites, for Whig doctrines, we shall abuse no party for differentlemen's seats, &c., or to be subdivided into smaller portions for sale.

can ever rise into note without this necessary appendage, to give it character and consequence. The property of every man owning real estate in town, is increased in value more than double the amount of subscription, by the pub ication of a good NEWS PARER. It invites immigration of a good News Parest. It invites mi-migration: people at a distance are able to form an opinion of the advantages our location present to the enterprising merchant, manufacurer, professional or business man. Thes things are sought for by persons at a distance more than by those among us, and they can never, arrive at a thorough knowledge of our true position, in any other way than through the medium of the Press, and without which a city can have no legitimate claim to respectable standing among cities. It becomes, therefore 11) acres, a few situations that command a fine view of Cincinnati, Covington and Newport, it his hearty support; it is, in fact, an evidence the lots are desirably located, high and airy, and the soil fine for fruit trees, and well adapted to knowledge, for a man not to take a newspaper, it is not to take a newspaper. he appears willing to remain in ignorance of confluence of the Licking and Ohio rivers 12 those very things which most deeply concern his miles from the Ohio at Cincinnati and Coving-best interests. Look to the families of those ton. The property will be sold on favorable terms for time.

JULIUS BRACE. who subscribe for a paper, their children are intelligent, they have a general knowledge of passing events, and the history of the times, grumbling

In fine, the REGISTER will be made a useful FAMILY PAPER, useful to the husbandman and to the mechanic, and a welcome visiter to the Ladies' Parlor. The Literary department will be blended with moral and instructive tales, essays, &c. With this brief exposition of our course we ask for public patronage.

RICHARD C. LANGDON.

WILLIAM C. MUNGER. TERMS .-- The Licking Valley Register will be publised at the low price of TWO DOLLARS a year payable in advance, or within six months; after which TWO DOLLARS

AND FIFTY CENTS will invariably be charged Farmers residing in the country, who find it difficult to raise money, can pay in produce at the market price. Wheat, Corn, Tobacco, Beeswax, Tallow, Bacon, Hemp, Wood, &c., will be received if delivered at some point

PUBLIC NOTICE. OOKS will be opened on the 10th of July, 1844, at the Mayor's Office in the City of

GEO. M. SOUTHGATE. WM. HOPKINS, PLINEY BLISS JOHN A. GOODSON, WM. CALDWELL, JAMES TAYLOR, JOHN B. LINDSEY, GEO. W. DOXON,
JOHN W. TIBBATTS,
THOMAS HARRIS, Commissioners to open Books.

Covington, June 22, 1844. DR. L. E. BENNETT'S FFICE over Walker & Winston's, store, Covingion, Ky.

June 1, 1844. 45 tf

Insurance. HE undersigned has been appointed Agent for the Protection Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Hartford Conn., and is now prepared for taking risks. Office on Market Space, at his Store, under the old Insurance Office.

JOHN MACKOY. Covington, June 22, 1844.

HENRY II. GOODMAN. FREDERICK COLTON. GOODMAN & COLTON.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, CINCINNATI, OHIO,

Office, 119 Main street. All kinds of busi ness in the line of their profession, which may be intrusted to them, will be punctually attended to Particular attention will be paid to the collection of claims in this and the adjacent counties. REFERENCES.

John Ward & Co., } New York.,
Jacob Little & Co. } New York.,
Atwood & Co., Philadelphia.
H. R. Seymore & Co. Buffalo, N. Y. Atwood, Jones & Co., Pittsburgh, Joseph Landis & Co., New Orleans, Henry Starr, Esq., T. S. Goodman, & Co. \} Cincinnati. Cincinnati, June 22, 1844. 48-tf

TAKE NOTICE, ANAWAY from the subscriber, tiving 6 miles southwest of Danville, in Boyle county, on the morning of the 24th inst. a NE-appointment of special commissioners to procession. sion the land on which I now reside in said coun Though commonly called and answering to the name of NOTT. Nott is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, spare made, shows his teath in speaking, and has the two take evidence touching the boundary cessioned; but to adjourn to any point of said boundary which may be deemed necessary, and from day to day until the busines shall be fin-ished. REUBEN L. CLARKSON. July 24, 1844. 1-4

Grant Circuit Court, sct. MAY TERM, 1844. Thos. Gregg, Adm'r of D. Fisher, dec'd. In Chan-cs. Daniel Fisher's Heirs, etc. In Cry.

vs. Daniel Fisher's Heirs, etc. HE creditors, &c., of D. Disher, decd. are hereby notified to produce and prove their claims against the estate of said deceased before the undersigned, Master Commissioner, at my office in Williamstown. I shall commence tak ing proof in said case on the 13th day of August and Court-days excepted) until the 1st of No vember next, on or before which day, proof of all claims against said estate must be made.

JOHN F. GOOCH, M.C.

SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONARY, &c. THE undersigned intends keeping on hand a general assortment of School Books, Stationary, &c., together with new publications, generally. Those who have been in the habit of crossing theriver for such articles, are informed that they can be accommodated on as good terms nearr home. WM. GALLUP, Jr. Covington, June 29, 1844. 49-tf

Williamstown, Ky., July 2, 1844. -tlnov

REMOVAL.

TAUGHLIN, & Co. Wholesale and Re-tval tail Dry Goods and Grocery Dealers have removed to the New Brick building, South side of Pike st., East of Ashbrook's Hotel. Keep constantly on hand every variety of Dry Coods, Groceries, Queensware, &c. -ALSO-

which they will sell at Cincinnati prices, for cash or barter, only.

COPARTNERSHIP. COOPER, R. W. COOPER, and J. M. BERRY, have entered into copartnership COOPER, R. W. COOPER, and J. W. (which took place on the 13th of April, 1844)



PURE CIDER VINEGAR AND REFINED CIDER WAREHOUSF, On Reynolds street, first door, and in rear of No. 16 West Front street, between Main and Wal-

HE subscribers, partial to the good old way of letting Nature do her perfect work, would say to the public, that they have, at all times, a FURE ARTICLE OF CIDER VINEGAR, made by natural fermentation, (and without any admixture of foreign acids, or artificial means,) which we will furnish in kegs, in quantities to suit customers, and delivered in any part of the city, free of charge. And for sale by the barrel.

article, and for sale by the barrel. N. B. Orders for the above through the Pos Office or otherwise, will be promptly attended to, and if the article fails to give satisfaction, the same shall be returned at our expense, (within the City,) the pay promptly refunded, and no CASH .- The market price paid in CARH for

REFER TO Doct. Wm. Wood, Springer & Whiteman Doct. James Lakey, Doct. L. C. Rives, Bailey & Hartwell, Coram, Tweed & Co. Doct. J. P. Harrison, G. H. Bates & Co., Prof. J. A. Warder, Thos. H. Minor, Richard Bates, Cin, March 30, 1844. Burrows & Co. 36-6m.

Covington Classical Academy. HIS Institution has just closed its second annual term. We would here return our grateful acknowledgments to Ilim who presides over the destinies of nations and of individuals for his kindness and mercy.

To our friends and natrons we tender our thanks for their friendship and patronage. hope you will still bestow upon the Institution that patronage in which we have had the plea sure, heretosore, to share.

For some time I have had a wish to trave

South, for recreation and health. Arrangements have been made for the accomplishment of this wish. I have let the Institution to the Rev. A. OLDS, Coughs, Spitting of blood, Broughtists

Office in the Mayor's Office in the City of Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Pain in the Side, Breast, and Chest, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all diseases of the Liver and Lungs. We are all alike liable to disease—and death is the certain lot of all that live and have a better cannot be averted to the cough at the Mayor's Office in the City of Covington, and on the same day at the Mayor's Office in the City of Morrison. He is a graduate of Augusta. College, a fine scholar and a good teacher. He will enter, with efficiency and pleasure, upon the duffer of the certain lot of all that live and have a better cannot be averted to the coverage of the education and government of their sons. He rons as every way fitted to take charge of the education and government of their sons. He will have constantly competent assistance. He will connect with the daily exercises, instruction in that very popular branch of education. vocal music, as he is a fine musician himself. For this, there will be no additional charge. I hope to return to the Institution again,

ance should be present at the beginning of the F. H. BLADES.

erm. F. H. BLADES.
Jul. 25, 1844.
P. S. For further information, see annual

The Spring Fashion of Sun Screens and Parasols.—Elegant style of Curtain Shades and Parasols, in cartoons, of superior ii k, well made and neatly finished. Wholesale

and retail, at

N. L. COLE'S,

Umbrella and Parasol Store,

East Fifth st, near Main, opposite Col Noble's.

Hayden & Callawn, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, Market Space, Covington, Ky. ILL sell at Ciucinnati prices, for cash and

March 15, 1844. Licorice.

90 DOZ. Hay and Manure FORKS, Har per's make, assorted qualities; war

ranted. A few doz. Wilson's do. For sale very low.
SILSBEE & CO.
Cincinnati, April 20.

BUCKEYE LARD OIL FACTORY, No. 28 Water Street, between Main & Walnu

HAY AND MANURE FORKS. 100 DOZ. Forks on hand and to arrive this week. For sale by
J. P. BROADWELL.
Cincinnati, April 13. 38

the city for burning or for the use of Purchasers can depend upon always having it o uniform quality. I. M. BISSELL.
No. 28 Water Street, between Main and Walnut, Cincinnati, Ohio. July 27, 1844.

ARD OIL-12 bbls Lard Oil, pure and J good, for sale at the Buckeye Factory, 28 Water street, Cin. Ohio. I. M. BISSELL. July 27, 1844. 1-4f

Grocers and Bakers are requested to call and examine it. Buckeye Factory, Water street, Cincinnati Ohio. 1. M. BISSELL, July 27, 1844 1-tf

A LL persons are forwarned from trading with or crediting my wife Elizabeth Hedges, on my account, for I am determined not to pay any debts of her contracting she has made her threats that she will ruin me, this is to caution the pub-lic agaist her. W. W. HEDGES. lic agaist her. W. W. Francisville, Boone Co., Ky.

Notice.

DEEDS & MORTGAGES, of an improved and highly approved form, printed on excellent paper ALSO-JUSTICES' & CONSTABLES' BLANKS of a good quality, for sale at this Office.

Plain And Ornamental Mouse & Sign painting. HE subscriber respectfully offers his pro fessional services, as a Painter, in its va

Paper Hanging,
done in the neatest manner, GILDING and
GLAZING, and GLASS CUT to any dimensions.

WM. HAWKINS. Covington, May 25, 1844. 44 tf

Adam's Sand Paper. REAMS just received, for sale a reduced prices.
StlsBEE & CO. April 6.-37

Main st. Cincinnati. ATTENTION WHIGS AND DEMOCRATS!! UST received, and now for sale, a cheap

edition of CLAY'S SPEECHES. TWO HUNDRED of his MOST IMPORTAN speeches, with a correct portrait of him, substantially bound in full sheep. Price, \$1,00. Also—one st'll cheaper, bound in muslin back, for 62½ cts. per copy. For sale wholesale and retail, at the Covington Book Store, Market Space, next door to the Printing Offic

G. DICKINSON. Covington, July 13, 1841.

Eardware. HE subscribers are now receiving their sup ply of Staple and Fancy Goods in their Rardware line, to which they call the attention of Country Merchants, Housekeepers and Build ers, as they can offer inducements in qualit and prices. SILSBEE & CO. Main st below 4th, Cincinnati.

AMERICAN EWING SILK; Eight dollars per 1 aund, or twenty-five cents per dozen Skeins.

ANUFACTURED and sold by JACK-IVI SON & RENNETT, opposite the City Hall, Covington, Ky.
N. B. CASH paid for Coccous and reeled June 1, 1844. 45-tf

DR. T. N. WISE, AS removed his office to Scott street next to the store of Messrs. Gadge & Brothers, where he may at all times be found, and is residence opposite to his office.

He has just received and will constantly keep a

upply of Medicines of the very best quality.

Covington, June 1, 1844. 45 tf

FACTORY

WALKER, has permanently established himself in this city in the Hat manufacturing business, and solicits public patronage He will supply his customers with Hats of a good quality and fashionable style, cheaper than they can be had in Cincinnati or elsewhere.

Merchants will be supplied on advantageou erms. Hats made to order, on the shortest no ice. Shop on Scott street, opposite to the stor

of Gedge & Brothers.

Covington, June 1, 1844 SADDLE AND HARNESS FACTORY. THE subscriber rethanks to his friend and old customers, for their very liberal pat ronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and

respectfully solicits a

continuance of their favor. of business, such as Saddles, Bridles, Saddle and Traveling Bogs, Martingales, Coach, Gig and styles, together with every other article manufactured in the line.

In addition to the above I am manufacturing the state of the state

general assortment of Iron-bound Traveling Trunks. Also, the new and valuable paten Water proof and Life-Preserving Trunk. Tri trunk has been tested on the Ohio River, and after placing 310 lbs. lead in it, it was set affont, and it still retained its buoyancy with a person sitting on the top. Those traveling by wate should supply themselves with this article.
am also manufacturing Baldwin's superior pai ent Spring Saddles, which for safety to the horse and comfort to the rider cannot be excelled All the above articles will be warranted and sold very cheap. ISAAC rooms, 100 Main st. 3 doors above 3d. Cincinna

May 4. 41 H. HOLT'S REEDS. Painted C C Teas,

The above subperior Reeds, at wholesale or retail at manufacturer's prices.

SILSBEE & CO.

Cincinnati, April 20.

Painted C C Teas,

The above goods will be repacked at the lowest market prices, by

O. ALDRICH, Agent,

May 4.

158 Main st. Cincinnati.

Blacksmithing. HE undersigned respectfully make known to the citizens of Covington, and the farmers of Kenton, that they have commenced the BLACKSUITHING BISINESS,
On Fourth street between Scott and Madison, where they are prepared to execute all orders, in

a good workmanlike manner.
All kinds of Mechanic's and Farming Toolmade or repaired, in the best style. From their kill and experience in the trade, and disposition the and experience in the tack, and the position of please their customers, they hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

THOMAS FAWSETT,

JOHN FAWSETT. Covington, May 4, 1844.

SYTHES. 50 DOZ. Grass Sythes, "Waldron & Hins dale & Beardsly."
J. P. BROADWELL'S

CONTINUALLY on hand a large lot of double Rectified Whiskey, low for cash.
C. L. MULLINS & CO. Covington, April 13.

Hardware Store

Commissioner's Sale. Grant Circuit Court. G. & S. Eustes,

Avery, Stacy & Co. In Chancery. J. Bivan & Co., vs The Same.

BY virtue of a decree of said Court render-ed at the May, term 1844, I shall proceed to sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder, on Monday the 12th of August 1844, at the Court House in Williamstown, (being county court day) the following property to wit, a lot of land containing 5 acres 2 Roods and 34 poles and ningsville, Grant Co. Ky. lying near Williamstown which includes the Steam Saw and Grist Mills, Carding Machine, and all and every thing on, and attached too the premises, on a credit of one and two years, the purchaser executing bond with approved security to have the force and effect of a replevin bond.

JOHN F. GOOCH.

Master Commissioner in Chancery.
Williamstown, Ky. July 2, 1844. 50w6 Steam Saw and Grist Mills, Carding Machine,

lispose of, that we will pay the very highest prices in CASH, and they will find it to their dvantage to call upon us before selling else-where. MILLER & McCULLOUGH. Cincinnati, May 25, 1844. 44-tf DR. B. W. ROYER

ESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Covington and vicinity in the practice of the

Botanic System of Medicine.

jected, and every thing that has a deleterious effect upon the human system. N. B. He solicits a call from those who are ifflicted with ulcers or cancers, having some su-

healing of your maladies. Office and residence on Scott street, nearly opposite the new Methodist Church.

CORN MILL. HE subscribers would inform the citizens of Covingion and surrounding country, that they have established one of Burrbw's

PATENT FRENCH BURR MILLS. or grinding Corn and other grains; on the Bank Lick Road, one mile from the city, on the How-ell farm. And they will endeavor to give satisfaction to all who will favor them with their cus-

Wanted, 1000 BUSHELS Flax Seed wanted, for which the highest price will be given by C. L. MULLINS & CO.

Dr. Janne's Expectorant S the only remedy that can arrest with cerer which thousands sink into the grave. No one ever used this Expectorant as directed, without finding relief. It must, from its composition, cure Asthma, Bronchitis, Inflamation of the Lungs, or the Throat Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Consumption and Croup. It does all that it promises, and when you have tried it fairly, you will be compelled to acknowl-Prepared only by D. D. Jayne, No. 20 South Third st., Philadelphia.
For sale at the Comb Store, No. 125 Main st.

Cincinnati, O. J. W. SHEPPARD, Ag't.
Cincinnati, May 25, 1844.
44-1f II. ERACHMANN; DEALER IN FOREIGN LIQUORS, WINES, CIGARS, &C.

WINES, CIGARS, &C.

No. 17 Sycamore street near the River,
ESPECIFULLY informs his friends and
It the public generally, that he has just returned from New York, Philadelphia, and Baltinore, with an entensive and choice lot of Liquors, Wines, Cigars, and Sundries, which he offers at Wholesale or by the the Demijohn, at low prices -- comprising in part, 15½ pipes Otard, Seignette, and Champaigne

8 ripes Holland Gin-various brands. 2 puncheons St Croix Rum. 2 do Jamaica.

Old Bean ly and Rum in bottles. WINES. 15 casks Old Port;

20 do Madeira Pale Sherry; 10 do Malaga do:

20 do Claret; 150 boxes Rhenish, viz: Johannesberger, Ruedesheimer, Markgraefer, &c. &c. besides various

Cincinnati, May 11.

Dental Operation. N HOUK, is preoperations connected with his profession, on the most approved principles, and hones to merit and receive a share of public pat-

ronage. Feeling grateful to those who have heretofore patronized him, he solicits a contin-

Office at Mrs. Towsey's, near the corner of Scott and Fourth streets, Covington, Ky. Covington, April 13, 1844. WROUGHT NAILS.

April 13, Hardware Store. OMMON WARE.—In store 100 packages
Common Earthernware, consisting of
Painted Twifflers, Muffins, Tea ware and Bowls; White Dishes, Bakers' Plates, Twifflers, Mus

BUILDING IN NEWPORT OPPOSITE CINCINNATI.

1,000 perch of good Stone for cellars; 8,000 ushels of Lime, and 250,000 feet of Pine

Lumber:

Stonemasons, Bricklayers, Carpenters, Plas-terers, Painters, &c., to work the above materials into 20 or more tenements, or buildings.

For each, every, all, or any of the above items, eligible building lots are offered in exchange, at the lowest cash prices; and for each, every, all or any, proposals are solicited by the subscriber, and authorized Agent; who, without authority from his principles, will guarantee that every lot shall advance in price 100 per cent. in one year, and that every dwelling or other building, erected at his suggestion, out of the materials above enumerated, shall pay a rent of 10 per cent, per annum, for ten years, from the day they are

moleted: For further particulars, call on M. T. C. GOULD, Land Agent. Northeast corner of Fifth and Main streets lincinnati.

() flice hours from 9 till 3 o'clock. May 11.

ANAWAY on the 5th day of last February, a negro woman named NELLY, about forty or forty-five years of age, of a copper complexion, nearly black. She was heard of on the Grassy Creek road leading from Cincinnati, Covington or Newport. I hirred said negro from B. F. Fugate, Esq., administrator of H. Mad-doc, deceased. She had on when she left, a yellow flannel or linsey coat. I will give the above reward if taken and secured in some jail so that I can get her, or delivered to me at Dow-

Shoe Thread. SILSBÉE & CO.

Main st. Circinnati.

o 30 per cent higher than the prices last season. CHEESE.—The receipts continue greatly beyond the shipments, but the poor and damaged has mostly disappeared from store, and a good article may now be quoted firm at 44c. Sales of I continued to use it until it entirely removed

FLOUR.—The advance has been gradual during the past two weeks, till fancy brands by Canal are taken at \$3,56a3,59 inspected and

small quantities, for which 56e is paid by the Millers. A good article of old commands 56a60c Corn arrives somewhat freely by the River, and is taken readily at 30a35c. Oats,

ull Blood, 33a35. WHISKY.—This article has been quite brisk

Masonie Notice.

Cincinnati, jy. 27

---ALSO---

N. L. COLE'S Umbrella and Parasol Store, Fifth St. Cincinnati jy. 27 East of Main.

HE subscriber is again authorized to offer a few more Cheap Lots in Newport, to those who wish to make immediate improvements upon

smaller portions for sale.

Two good bailding lots will be given in exchange for grading, if application be made soon, and the work done without delay.

From thirty to forty buildings will be erected are too apparent. No town, vilage or city, and among them two can ever rise into note without this necessary. in Newport this season, and among them two

building till bricks could be made and burned, are now informed that two kilns are already on fire, and others will follow in quick succession— the work of improvement will now commence and

SPLENDID COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE. HE subscriber offers for sale in lots of 5 and he cultivation of the Vine, it being near the

Reference is made to

GRADING. ROPOSALS will be received until the 15th of August, for grading Fourth Street from Stewart's corner to Main Street, (taking the earth from Russell and Johnstons streets if necessary) and to be completed by the 1st of Deember, under the superintendence of the Committee of internal improvements. The proposals to embrace the charge for the measurement of the cubic yard in the excavations. Payments made in lats at \$10 per foot or City Scrip. O fers

FOR CONSUMPTION.

can be relied upon, to do all that lays in the power of medical aid, being used in the private practice of the late Dr. Duncan, Professor in the University of Edinburg, for upwards of eighteen years, by which thousands have been restored to perfect healtyh. It is not to be understood that the "expectorant remedy" will cure all case of Consumption; this it will not do. But while

thousands do not experience.

Remember the only Philadelphia office is at No 19 north eighth St General Western Agent,
J. IRWIN,

JRO MAN, named

TERMS, per quarter of eleven weeks.
Reading and Writing,
Arithmetic, Grammar, and Geography,
Algebra, Geometry, Latin, Greek, French, 6 00

competency and success as a teacher, from Pres. Lard, of Dart. Col., Gov. Hill, Gov. Morrill,

Boots and Shoes, Cutton Yarns, Batting, &c., Covington, June 22, 1844. 43-1f.

to be known as the firm of Cooper, Berry & Co. April 27, 1844.

nut, Cincinnati, Ohio.

ALSO—
REFINED CIDER, pure and sparkling, which will be served in bottles to persons wishing the

Cider. NASH & DURFEE.

ith renewed health and an increase of knowledge.
The next session of this Institution will open on the first Monday in September next: and it is desired that all who design to be in attend-

500 LBS. Just received and for sale by A. G. RICHARDSON, Columbia st., near Main, Cincinnati, O

I. M. BISSELL, CINCINNATI.

BUCKEYE LARD OIL FACTORY HE subscriber having rented this Factory is now prepared to furnish Oil wholesale and retail. The quality of the Oil heretofore made at this Factory has been pronounced by

EFINED LARD-I have a few barrels of Refined Lard, ready for examination and

July 20, 1844. Blanks, Blanks.



Such are our arrangements, and facilities, that we feel confident in assuring Wool Growrs, Farmers and others, having the article to

throughout the present season.

Cash For Wool.

HE undersigned, who purchased a very large quantity of WOOL during the last

eason, continue the business at the same stand.

No. 53 Main st., and are prepared to buy any

quantity of the article, and will continue to do

All Poisons, whether mineral or vegetable, re-

perior remedies for these forms of diseases and all other chronic affections. Try the herbs and roots of the forest which Deity designed for the

April 25, 1844. 40-6m.

STEARNS & CO. Covington, July 13, 1844:

Cov. March 15, 1844. 34 edge that half its merits have not been told you.

A very superior quality of Old Gin, put up in

Sweet Malaga; 5 do Muscat:

manufacturing a large uance of their favors. He is prepared to insert and general assortment of all articles in my line from one to a full set of teeth. Also with the artificial gum attached.
Atmospheric pressure. Also full sets inserted Buggy Harness of every description, Stage and by atmospheric pressure, and in all cases war-Wagon Harness made in the most approved ranted. He will remain in this place.

KEGS City made Wrought nails, for sale low at J. P. BROADWELL'S

flins, Bowls and Pitchers, French shapes; C C do do Chambers, Ewers and Basins; Edged Dishes, Bakers' Plates, Twifflers and Muffins; Painted C C Teas.

ANTED at Newport, as soon as they can be made on the ground, 1,000,000 of good brick.

\$20 Reward.

May 18, 1844.

300 LBS. best Shoe thread assorted—Brown half Blenched, Green and Yellow, for sale low.

MRS. ELLIS' NEW WORK. THE MOTHERS OF ENGLAND, their influence and responsibility, by Mrs Ellis; a Writer, who thinks seriously and soundly, and one who dares to utter her thoughts freely to the public; fitted to promote the bappiness of every family circle. Her counsels are imparted with the fondness of o Niobe. Fit with the inflexibility of a Minerva. Her themes are education, taste, fashion and the affections. Received by G. F. THOMAS, 147 Main st., between 3d and

HISTORY OF ALL CHRISTIAN SECTS. And denominations, their origin, peculiar tenets, and present condition, with an introductory account of Atheists, Deists, Pagans, Jews, and Mehometans, &c. Chapter 1st. Introductory, on existing creeds at variance with Christianity, Atheists, Panthe-

ists, Theophilanthropists, Pagans. 2d. Jews and Mahometans,

3d. Christianity, a brief view of its Eviden

4th. Trinitarians and Unitarians. 5th. The Greek Church, Roman Cotholics. 6th. The Reformation, origin of the term Pro testant, Lutherians, Calvanists. Hugenots, Ar menians, Baxtenians, Antimonians, Material

ists, Necessarians.
7th. Different modes of Church Government the Episcopalian, Presbyterian and Congrega-tional, or Independent System Members of the Church of England, or Episcopalians, Tractari ans, or Puseyites. 8th Wesleyan, or Episcopal Methodists Whitefield Methodists, Protestant and Indepen-

dent Methodist Moravians.
9th. Baptists, Quakers, Universalists, Resto rationists, Sweedendorgians, Campbellites, Comeouters, Millinarians, Millerites, Mormonites, &c. &c. by JOHN EVANS, L. L. D. Received by G. F. Thomas, 147 Minin st., be tween 3d and 4th sts., Cincinnati, opposite the

Feb. 24, 1844. A MIRACLE! A MIRACLE!!

A Very Wonder to clear the Skin!!! THE ITALIAN CHEMICAL SOAP.—Remember, without misrepresentation these are its positive qualities, for which it has received ed the highest ecomiums of the Faculty, and the unsolicited approval of the Medical Society of Paris. It has cured thousands in the United States of every disfigurement and eruption of the skin, such as pimples, freckles, blotches, salt theum, scurvy, heat spots, tan, sunburn, morphew, &c. &c. It will change the color of dark, yellow, or sunburnt skin to a beautiful healthy To prove to the public the excellence of this, read the following diploma awarded to M. Vesprini, the inventor, by the Medical Society of Paris:

"We consider M. Vesprini as the greatest phi lanthropist of the age, and his Italian Chemical ment of the skin. It will prove a blessing to future ages."

Sold by the only general agent in the United States, T. JONES, Wholesale Perfumer, Sign of the American Eagle, 82 Chatham st., New York, and 130 Fulton st.. Brooklyn Price 50

A fresh supply received by

READ WHAT SHERMAN'S LOZENGES
HAVE DONE.

R. DAY, boot maker, No 28 Tillary street,
Brooklyn, suffered greatly for eighteen months with emaciation, debility, sickness o the stomach, loss of appetite, shooting pains the bowels, his stomach, rejected almost all kind of food, except sugar. He had been attended by various physicians, and for two months by the professors of the University, and all to no pur-

On reading Dr. Sherman's Book descriptive of the symptoms of worms, he thought they met his case; so he purchased a box of Sherman's Lozenges. A few doses brought away, as he judged, about two quarts of worms, and entirely cured him. A multitude of similar cases might be mentioned where children and adults had suffered all but death from worms, and nothing gave relief but Sherman's Lozenges.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Whooping-cough, and even Consumption, are all sooner cured by Sherman's cough Lozenges, than any other known remedy. They allay the tickling in a few seconds, and enable those afflicted with the most harrassing coughs to sleep whole nights. The Rev. Dr. Bunbar, Rev. Mr. Forrest, Rev. Dr. Eastmond and hundreds, thousands can attest to their happy virtues.

Thousands can testify to the virtue of Sherman's Camphor Lozenges, for head-ache, palpi situde, from bodily or mental exertions, and for the wonderful properties of Sherman's Poor Plaster, which costs but 12 1-2 cents, and is a warranted cure for rheumatism and lumbago, pain or weakness in the breast, side, back, or any part of the body. Ask for Sherman's Poor Man,s Plaster, and see that the name and his fac simile with directions for use on the back. There are a great many worthless imitations hawked about. Remember to get Sherman's Lozenges and Plasters and Truss—none others, or you will be de-ceived.

G. F. THOMAS,

Agent for Sherman's Lozenges, 147 Main st. between 3d and 4th Cincinnati. Feb. 24, 1844. John Mackey,

DEALER in Dry Goods, Shoes, Queens Ware, &c. Store South side Market Space, where he will sell goods as low as they can be purchased in Cincinnati, for cash only, o produce at cash prices. He would invite his friends to call and examine his prices before pur

chasing elsev here.
Cov., April 4th, 1844.

AMERICAN INDUSTRY. THE subscriber would call the attention of persons wanting Table Cutlery, to his assortment of American Knives, Forks, &c., just opened, which comprise a great variety of cheap opened, which comprise a great variety of cheap and beautiful kinds, among which are 20 setts, 51 pieces Ivory, part very superior. 300 doz. Knives and Forks, assorted qualities. J. P. BROADWELL'S

Cincinnati, April 20 .- 39. Hardware Store. TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS. VOUR particular attention is asked to my Hardware, now receiving—among which, are
Locks of all descriptions,

Latches do; Butts, Hinges do; Nails

And every article wanted generally for such uses-which I am willing to sell at a small ad-J P. BROADWELL.

N. B. City manufactured articles, such as Shawk's Locks, Greenwood's Butts, AxelPullies, &c, I sell just as chenp as the Manufacturer J. P. B. will supply you them. Cincinnati, April 20.

> O. Aldrich, 158 Main st., Cincinnati,

A GENT for C. IMMPSEN, Pittsburg Manufacturer of Black and Groen Glass Ware, will low.

A turer of Black and Groen Glass Ware, will keep on i ad a large assortment of common Pre-keep on i ad a large Godfragle Oppoleldor Viels.

CALL AND LOOK AT SPLENDID BONscription Batemans, Godfrey's, Opodeldoc Vials, keep on 1 ad a large soldfrey's, Opodeldoc Vials, scription Batemans, Godfrey's, Opodeldoc Vials, Inks, Oils, Packing Bottles, Pickle and Preserve Just received the Spring style of Bonnets, viz: Just received the Spring style of Bonnets, viz: Sup Neapolitan, Jars, Flasks, common Bottles and Window Glass.

-ALSO-Black and Green Porter Bottles, Black Wine mack and Green Porter Bottles, Black Wine and Ink Bottles. Large discounts made to Druggists and wholesale dealers. Orders received for Ware manufactured by him.

Feb. 24, 1844

W. L. SHROCK C. L. MULLINS. C. L. Mullins & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, T the corner of Madison & Turnpike sts. where they keep constantly on hand every variety of GROCERIES, consisting in part of N. O. Sugar, Whiskey, Rio Coffee, Tobacco, Havanna do . Loaf do. Java do. Teas, Mackerel, Ginger, Salcratus, Flour. Madder Indigo, Copperas, Stone & Tin ware Castings, Boots & Shoes. Glass, Meal, Glass, Boots & Shoes. Which they offer at the lowest pairs for each

or harter only. Covington, March 15, 1844. 34

BLANKS For sale at this Office.

Etxcusive Wine and Liquor Establishment | CARPETS, RUGS AND OIL CLOTHS AT THE NEW WHOLESALE AND RE-TAIL CARPET WAREHOUSE, Allison Owen, IMPORTER OF FOREIGN WINES. No 156 Main st., (Up Stairs,) between 4th

LIQUORS, TEAS, FRUITS, &c

paign Brandy of the vintage of "1808,"-thesi

25 pipes, half pipes, and quarter pipes,

are the richest and finest in quality ever sold in

Seignettes," Cognac Brandy, 4th proof. 5 half

pipes "Otard, Dupuy & Co's" Brandy of last

10 Pines "Bohlens" Weesp Anchor Gin,-the

3 pipes Old Jamaica Spirits. 2 Pipes St

Croix Rum. 6 Bbls. Genuine Old, Pure Peach

10 Bbls. Old Monongahela Whiskey, distilled

Sparkling Champaigne, choice brands, such as Napoleon, 'Crown,' 'He'dsick,' Bliquot,

These wines can be recommended as of

10 doz Old Scotch Whiskey—a very old and fine article. 20 doz Congress Water, received

direct from the Spring at Saratoga. 4 gross London Porter. 4 gross Scotch Ale.

IN WOOD. --24 qr. Casks and Indian bbls.
Madeira, various qualities, some very good. 16

qr. Casks Pale and Brown Sherry. 8 qr. Casks 'Woodhouse,' 'Ingram & Co's,' well known Sicily Madeira. 12 do Malaga Sherry. 7 qr casks 'Hunt, Roope & Co's,' Old Port: this is the best

keep entirely fresh for ten years, if the air is

Black Teas. Old Government Java Coffee, Im

perial teas, India Currie l'owder, American con-

Olive Oil that comes to the United States .-

Fresh Sardines. French Olives and Capers.

Currants, Citron, W. I. Pepper Sauce, Lemon

Syrup. Anchovies, Rich English Sauces of every kind. Walnut, and Mushroon Catsups.

The goods are all of good quality, and will ?

sold low for cash. Country Merchants, Retail

Grocers, Tavern and Coffe House keepers, and

S. F. Indigo, &c.

100 do Crown do; Received and will be sold low for a good,

Colombia st, near Main, Cin.

months Note, for the consignor.

A. G. RICHARDSON

NEW AND SPLENDID STYLES OF

SHAWLS

8-4 mode col'd silk fringe Thibet Shawls;

8-4 do Water'd bor'd and changeable do;

9-4 do do do Milrey do. Sup rich satin striped Barage Scarfs, &c. &c. DRESS GOODS.

9-4 do fig'd and striped Chamelion do 8-4 do rich fig'd and do, do

9-4 rich satin plaid Barage Shawls;

Extra rich satin striped Balzorines;

Rich new style Silk striped Ginghams

Splendid assortment of French Lawns; English Lace Lawns; Satin striped Mourning Lawns;

Sup sup blue black Italian Royal Silk.
Do do blk Gro de Rhine. &c,

Extra rich satin stripe and plaid Chamelion

Extra rich double faced Chamelion Poult de

With many Goods which will be shown with

STAPLE FANCIES

Sup blk Satin Vestings; Sup blk Mode; Sup White Satin; Linen Cambric hdkfs: Fancy

Cravats ass'd; Sewing Silks; blk Silk Braids

blk Italian Cravats;; white, pink, blue and blk Italian Crapes; Gum Elastic Braces; Green Barage; sup blk Filit, Grecian and Mohair Gloves

and Mitts; sup blk Kid, Hoskin, and Silk Gloves

Bonnet Ribbons (splendid assortment;) Silk Gimps; black Love veils and Hdks; English Lace

Veils; blk Filit Veils; Canary col'd Kid Gloves

Elastic Lace Mitts, Extra rich embroidered Sill

Mitts; blk embroidered Long Mitts; Lisie Caps; Swiss Muslins; Cardinal Netts; Thread La-

ces and Edgings; Fans (assorted;) sup-plaid wat'd Silk Vestings, Cords and Tassels; sup-plain col'd Mouslin de Laines; Silk warp

Ali Pachas; Gothic Curtain Chintz; emb'd Cu

tain Muslins; Sup white English Lace striped

Mouslins; Jaconetts: Mull and Swiss Muslins, Muslin and Swiss edgings, with a full assort-

Amazone,

Florence Braids, Fancy Florence do,

Misses Florence do.
Gentlemen's, Boys, and Infants'
Leghorn Hats, &c. &c.
My assortment of Bonnets is very complete,

and all of the newest shapes. Of the Neapolitan and Amazone Bonnets, I have but few or

hand; those who desire to have those articles

Groceries &c.

RDERS for Groceries, Produce, Pittsbur Mannfactures, and, in short, every thing in

he way of general trade, at the lowest cash p

cos, Liberally advanced on consignments of To bacco, &c. A. G. RICHARDSON, Columbia st., near Main, Cincinnati, O

must call soon.
Cin April 6.-37

R. HAZLETT, JR.

Painted Barege and Balzorines;

Broche striped Ordandies:

Rich Plaid Peruvians:

Sun blue black Gro de Swiss:

1st chop black India Satin;

33

all others desiring such articles, are respectully

Ground and Boited Black Pepper, &c. &c.

Cincinnati, March 9, 1844.

CEROONS best S. F. Indigo;

85 boxes 10 by 12 lGass, 100 reams medium Straw Paper;

Fifth, West side of Race., -iz.

9-4 sup black Ottoman

9-4 do Satin Plaids

Jan. 16 d14 1v

not allowed to penetrate the can.

than any ever before brought to the West.

ver, best and choicest qualities, and better,

best and highest flavored Gin, imported into the

dy, vintage of '1828.'

tage of " 1825."

tage of "1826."

ear's importation.

United States.

n botlles

Vaens, 'Palmetto, &c.

this city.

and 5th sts. East side. No. 2 Merchant's Row, Columbia street, between HE subscriber has just been receiving a Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, extensive and well selected stock of Car-peting, &c., to which he invites the attention of the citizens of Cincinnati, Steamboat Captains OFFERS for sale, cheap for cash, in any quantity desired by purchasers, a very large assortment of Fine Old Wines and Liquors, and Owners, and the public in general. His some of which, he has imported direct from stock is entirely new and complete, and direc France, others, purchased from importers, and from the manufreturers. He has also made ar aken direct from under the Custom House locks, rangements in the East to have the new style in Philadelphia, New York, and Boston: conforwarded, as soon as manufactured, during the coming season. The Stock consists as follows Otard, Dupuy & Co's' Old London Dock Branviz:

Carpets. Pinet Castilliou & Co's" fine old Brandy, vin-Wilton and Saxony; Super Chenille: New style Brussels: Pelevoisin" Pale Brandy, vintage "1825." Old "Hennessey" Dark Brandy, vintage "1827." Genuine Old White Champaign Brandy, vin hese Brandies are very choice, and will be sold by the cask or by the gallon. Also, in glass, 10 doz. Bottles "Otard's" London Dock Brandy, of the vintage of "1805"—and 6 doz. Cham-

Imperial three ply 1n-Super Brussels; grain; Fufted Chenille; grain; Extra Fine Ingrains; Manilla Jute and Fine and Common do: Alicant Door Mats; 4-4,3-4 and 5-8 Treble 100 doz. Stair Rods; Twilled Venitian; 4-4,5-4 and 5-8 Plain Ven tian. -ALSO-

Rugs

Tufted and Saxony;

Low priced Ingrain Carpets and Venitians from 372 to 622 cts. Stair Carpets, 122 to 25 New style Floor Oil Cloths, from 2 feet to 24 feet wide, to cut any size. Stair Linens Druggets and Floor Baizes; French Embossec Piano and Table Covers. -ALSU-

Cloth Damask and Cotton Table Covers ; Span ish and Canton Floor Matting, Listing Carpets. Have this day received,-a few sets splendid

Brussels Carpets. --- ALSO---A fresh supply of super Ingrain Corpets, Rugs Just received, a heavy lot of Oil Clotus.
P. S.—The subscriber confines himself exclu-

n "1832"—a very superior article.

1 Pipe fine Old Irish Whiskey.

WINES-IN GLASS.--50 doz. Old Madein, Sherry and Port,-some 20, and some 30 years sively to the Carnet business, and will be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with call.

J. C. RINGWALT. ALSO == 10 doz Sweet Muscat Wine. 5 doz 'Hockheimer' and 'Stein' Wine. 20 doz Claret, 'St. Julian,' and other good brands. 10 dez Sparkling Hock a most delicious Wine. 30 doz Cincinnati, May 1844.



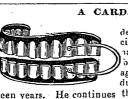
DEAFNESS CURED.

SCARPA'S ACOUSTIC OIL, for the cure of Deafness, pains, and the discharge of matter from the ears; also, all those disagreeable noises, like the buzzing of insects, falling o waters, whizzing steam, &c., which are simp toms of approaching deafness and also gener ally attendant with that disease.

Read the following extraordinary cure; is any have had doubts they may now dismiss them, and the most credulous may consider deafness as curable. Numerous cases of cures, and many of them very remarkable, by the use of pa's Oil" have been published—but this cape the climax. Young or old, you may yet recover gar, in tin canisters, hermetically sealed, are as good and fresh, as could be had at any time in New England. They are prepared 'Down East,' in the State of Maine, and are warranted to

your hearing.
A lady in Smithfield Pa, now about 80 years of age, had been gradually getting deaf for mor than 40 years, so that it was next to impossible Also, Sundry Fancy and Nice Articles, for Families.—Such as the best and finest quality of to make her hear conversation in the loudes tone of voice. Last winter she was induced to try "Scarpa's Oil for deafness." It is only ne cessary to add, that she has used two bottles, and that her hearing is perfectly restored: she centrated Mustard. Lynch's Sweet Oil, the best is cured. This valuable oil is prepared by Dr. &c. &c.

> For sale at the Comb Store, No. 125 Main st. J. W. SHEPPARD, Agent. Cincinnati, by



No. 26 Fourth street. Art, he feels himself competent to do ample unlooked for relief.

permanent manner.
He inserts ARTIFICIAL PALATES and

RICH SPRING FANCY GGODS.
THE attention of the Ladies of Cincinnati And vicinity, are respectfully invited to examine the most beautiful Goods of the season. ROOFS, without the slightest pain, and with such perfect adaptation to the surrounding parts just received at the Sign of the Bee Hire, or as to be worn without the least inconvenience It will be recollected that he received the premium in this city six years ago, for his manufacture of Porcelian TEETH IN BLOCKS, with ARTIFICIAL GUMS attached. Also, at the last fair of the Ohio Mechanics Institute for his superior workmanship in MOUNTING TEETH UPON GOLD PLATES. His operating rooms are on Fourth street be-tween Main and Walnut, Cincinnati.

> BUTCHER & McLAUGHLIN, Brush Man-TO PAINTERS. ufacturers, have just finished a large lot of Paint, Sash, Tool and Varnish Brushes, of all sizes, which they offer at eastern prices, Whol sale and Retail, No 104 Main st., Cincinnati.

37 Fruits, Condiments, &c. BOXES Fresh Figs, 10 do Italian Citron, do French Prunes in Jars. E. India and Havana Preserves.

15 do Brandy Cherries, 5 do Mushroom Catsup, 10 do Curry Powder, Ashburton, and other sauces,

10 do Sweet Spanish Chocolate, Anchovies, Capers, Sardines, & Olives. 25 kegs Holandish Herrings, and a great

variety of other Delicacies. 10 boxes Baltimore Spiced Oysters, Just received and for sale by HENRY BRACHMANN,

No. 17 Sycamore st., near the River 43 OFFICE AETNA INSURANCE CO.

Front st. near Sycamore, Cincinnati. CAPITAL \$200 000. THE undersigned, having been appointed Agent of the Ætna Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn. offers to insure houses, stores, mills, factories, barns, and the contents of each, to-gether with every other species of property, a-

gainst loss or damage by fire. The rates of premium offered by this Company are as low as those of any other similar in stitution, and every man has now an opportument of Domestic Goods, which I will sell very nity, for a small sum, to protect himself against the losses to which his property is daily exposed. Under the liberal and enlightened policy which the Company have pursued for a quarter of a century past, in settling losses, they have gained a reputation unsurpassed by any other institution.

The citizens of Covington and vicinity are invited to call on the undersigned, who is authorised to issue policies to applicants, without delay. Wm. B. ROBINS, Agent. Dec. 24, 1842.

> PURE SALERATUS. AM sole agent for the sale of Thos. Keckler & Co's Pure Saleratus, of some 4 tons per week, A. G. RICHARDSON, week, Columbia st. near Main, Cincinnati. I invite attention to a sample left with A. L & T. Greer, Covington, Ky. mar 9 33

Earthen Ware. 250 PACKAGES of blue and sprig white sortment of white, blue, corinth, raised fig'd and black Centre a la Perle Breakfast, Dining, colored Earthenware, embracing a large stock of Tea, and Toilet Ware, new styles selected for edged ware and common Teas, selected for the the retail and wholesale trade. For sale in

Wholesale and Retail trade.

For sale low by O. ALDRICH, Agent,
158 Main st. Cincinnati. Feb. 14, 1844. 31 tf

NO EXCUSE FOR A BAX D ECEAD

AIR TONIC.—Every human hair is a per feet tube, with incurrently fect tube, with innumerable ramifications of the arteries branching along its inner surface, Through these vessels the blood, which imparts ritality to the hair, circulates, and when from instructions in nores of the scalp, the supply of blood and moisture is cut off, and the hair loses its gloss, becomes dry and harsh, and falls off .--Now it is obvious that unless the pores of the scalp be opened, the capillary action of the blood restored, and the scalp and dandruff proceeding from suppressed perspiration removed, baldness must speedily ensue. Jayne's Hair Tonic will produce all these effects—may more, it will reclothe the bald places with vigorous and luxuriant tresses, and ensure a healthful and redundant growth of hair, as long as it is used in conformity with the printed directions which accompany each bottle, and to which are appended numerous testimonials of its efficacy, from some o-the most distinguished clergymen and physicians For sale at the Comb Store, No. 125 Main st. J. W. SHEPPARD, Agent December, 20, 1843. 23 DOCTOR J. BENNETT'S

ANTI-BILLIOUS PILLS. ROM the constant and increasing demand for DR. BENNETT'S ANTI-BILLIOUS PILLS, (a remedy which he has used in exteusive practice for upwards of twenty years,) the subscribers have been induced to offer them in this way, not as a catch-penny nostrum, but as the best purgative preparation in the whole range of the Materia Medica.

If it was deemed necessary for the purpose opinging these pills into more general use, nucertificates of Physicians, and others o the most respectable citizens of the City and surrounding country, could at any moment be obtained, attesting their great superiority over most of the purgative preparations in common

These Pills are mild, though effectual in their peration. They act upon the secretions of the Liver Kidneys and Skin.

They are alterative in their tendency, purify-

ing the Blood, and correcting those morbid conditions of the system, which if not arrested, of ten terminates in serious disease.

They are speedy in their effect, and in cases

where the bowels require immediate evacuation, may be relied on with the greatest certainty.

DIRECTIONS:—As a mild purgative in Dyspepsia, or in habitual costiveness, take one pill of oing to bed, and if it produces no effect, take nother before breakfast the following morning and so on. For a moderately active purge, take one every

hour, until the bowels are moved For an active and speedy effect, take 4 pills a dose. For children, pulverize a pill or two, and give

in proportion to their age, in small portions every hour till they operate. Prepared by BENNETT, PRETLOW & CO., Corner Scott street and Market Space, Covington, Kentucky
Price 25 cents per box—A liberal dis

ount made to Agents. October 21, 1843. 13 OCTOR JACKSON'S COMPOUND SY

UP OF SASSAFRAS AND WILL CHERRY.-This preparation is offered to the ublic as a safe and certain remedy in Coughs Colds, Bronchitis, pains in the side and chest Whooping-cough, the cough following measles

B. Bell, and is sold on agency by Dr. D. Jayne,
305 Broadway.

Die 60 per battle

Combining the virtues of the blood, and the active principle of the Wild Cherry, long held in the lighest esteem for its healing properties in al diseases of the Lungs, cannot but render this preparation for superior to any hitherto offered te the notice of the public. It has already gain ed the confidence of the afflicted wherever it ha J. ALLEN ton been used, and the distinguished name at the J. ALLEN tenders his thanks to the citizens of Cincintati, and vicinity, or the liberal patronage he has received during the last four-teen years. He continues the practice of Denders at his old stand.

teen years. He continues the practice of Den-tal Surgery in all its branches, at his old stand, No. 26 Fourth street. From his long professional experience, and a specific, with but moderate attention to diet and thorough knowledge of all the important improvements that have been made in the Dental in the most hopeless cases oftentimes affording

justice to all who may favor him with their pat-I nose who have difficult operations to perform, will do well to call upon him, as he executes his work in the most substantial, bighly finished, and permanent manner.

Price only 50 cents per bottle. Prepared only by
BENNETT, PRETLOW, & CO.
Market Space Corner of Scott st. and Market Space. COVINGTON, KY Dec. 16, 1843.

FAHNESTOCK'S LINIMENT ONE of the oldest and most established Lin iments now in use. As a remedy in Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, and other painful affections, it has no equal. Prepared by BENNETT, PRETLOW & CO

Price 25 cts Cor. Scott st. and Market Sp. Oct 28. 1843. POOR MAN'S GOLDEN PLASTER. HE cheapest and best strengthening Plaster ever invented; and the most sure and ever invented; and the most sure and effectual remedy yet discovered for Rheumatism. Lumbago, Fellons, Fever Sores, White Swellings, Inflammation of the Eyes, Weakness in the back

and Loins, Ague in the face, Scalds, Bruises, Burns, Scrofula, Ulcers, Chilblains, &c.
It is warranted superior to all others, not only in virtue of its healing powers which are truly as-tonishing, but it has the advantage of adhering firmly while it allows the use of lotions to subdue nflammation without the necessity of loosening

Persons suffering from liver complaint, pulmonary diseases inflammation of the lungs, pains in the side or breast, quincy, sore throat, &c., will find immediate relief by the use of this plastic pair and the side of the splastic pair and the side of the splastic pair and the second through the side of the splastic pair and the second through the second ter. In all weather, and in all cases it may be sed with perfect safety.
Directions.—Warm the plaster and apply it

quickly to the place affected.—Price TEN cents.
Sold by THO'S BIRD, Sold by THO'S BIRD, Apothecary and Druggist, Covington, Ky. November 4, 1843. 15.

November 4, 1843. 15.

Pure Saleratus.

G. RICHARDSON, Agent for the sale of Keeler & Co's Pure Saleratus, in lots to suit purchasers—by the ton—put up mostly in boxes or in cakes for shipping. Orders will cless now before the public less now before the public constitutions articles. in boxes or in cakes for shipping. Orders will

always have prompt attention.
A. G. RICHARDSON, Columbia st, near Main, Cin. Jan. 16, '4 ly HARVEST TOOLS.

DOZEN Beardly & Hinsdale's, Seldon's, Winsted's, Kimball's, Passmore's, Draper's, Water's, Waldron's, Stone's and Darling's, Sythes. 50 dozen Hunt's and Rigby's Sickles. -ALSO-

500 dozen Indian Pond, Crum Creek, Hin loostan and Woonsocket Sythe Stones. -ALSO-300 dozen steel edges, double conted, Austin's and Winan's Sythe Rifles. For sale wholesal or retail at the lowest prices. SILSBEE & CO.,

170 Main street, Cincinnati. May! 18. 16 BBLS. Licking Cement for sale by C. L. MULLINS & CO.

Cov March 15, 1844. 34 Glassware &c.

QUEENSWARE—Direct importations now opened of superior quality, a large assortment of white, blue, corinth, raised fig'd complete sets, or separate pieces by

O. ALDRICH, Agent. 158 Main st., Cincinnati. May 4. 41

CHINESE CORN DESTROYER, -The greatest remedy for corns ever introduced into this country! The corn destroyer is the most effectual remedy for Corns ever discovered, and has never been known to fail. In order to place it within the reach of all, the proprietor ms put it at the low price of one shilling a plas

Among many who have satisfactorily tested the virtues of the Corn Plaster, are the follow ing gentlemen: J. HARRADAY, New York City
J. Andrews, do

W. H. DEMARIST, do J. W. RAMSEY, do Price 12½ cents.
For sale by G. F. THOMAS, only agent for Cincinnati. 147 Main st. bt 3d and 4th sts.

37 LAW NOTICE. J. W. TIBBATTS & CHARLES J. HELM AVING associated themselves in the prac-Kenton and the adjoining counties.

Office on South side of Market Space, one

oor west of Greenup street.

Covington, Ky. Aug. 27, 1842. S. M. MOORE, Attorney at Law, --- Covington, Ky., ILL attend to all besiness confided to him in the counties of Harrison, Pendleton, Campbell, Grant, Boone and Kenton. Collections will receive prompt attention in Northern Kentucky, and in Cincinnati, Ohio. Office on Market Space, a few doors west of he Post Office. Feb. 3, 1844 28 ly. the Post Office.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

BENTON & MOOAR, M. BENTON and DANIEL MOOAR, M. BENTON and DANIEL MOOAR, have associated themselves together in the practice of the Law in the Counties of Camp-Il, Kenton, Boone and Grant. Their office i on Scott street, west end Market Space. Covington, May 6, 1843,

DR. W. D. HOLT. ILL attend all professional calls in the City and surrounding country. Office on Market Space, in the room of Messrs. Tibbatts

DR. JNO. H. GRANT, OFFICE West end of Market Space, opposite A. L. & T. Greer's corner; where he can be found at all times, except when pro essionally engaged.

Covington, Jan. 10, 1844. d8 Tobacco Consignments. AM now selling "lots" of Tobacco, of all kinds. Those who want quick sales and compt returns, will find every attention from A. G. RICHARDSON,

Columbia st. near Main, Cincinnati, O. 32too DOCTORS J. BENNETT & R. PRETLOW, AVING purchased the interest of Dr. L. E. BENNETT, in the Drug Store of Bennett, Pretlow & Co., will continue the business ander the style of BENNETT & PRETLOW.

Cov. Jan. 1, 1844 1 A. G. RICHARDSON. GENERAL COUNISSION MERCHANT,

PRODUCE, GROCERIES, &C., Columbia st. near Main, Cincinnati Special attention given to the sale of TOBACCO.

jan. 16 d13 1y. Tetters, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworms, pimples on the face, obstinate old sores, Barber's Itch, and all eruptions of the

A cure warranted in every case, by using strictly according to directions.
GRIDLEY'S SALT RHEUM (or Tetter) OINTMENT.

This article continues to attract the deepest attention among all investigating minds, who take an interest in the advancement of medical cience. It is now universally admitted by the hundreds who have witnessed its healing powers, that this admirable ointment will invariable cure all kinds of Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, and cutaneous diseases generally. The Dry Tetter.

This disease appears indiscriminately in the different parts of the body, but most commonly on the face, neck, arms and wrists, in pretty red efflorescence, when they fall off and are renewed as before.

The Corroding Tetter Appears commonly, at first, in the form of several painful though small ulcerations, all collected of her sickness. into larger spots of different sizes and of various Yours truly, figures, with always more or less of inflammation. These ulcers discharge a thin, sharp, serous matter, which sometimes forms into small thin crusts that in a short time fall off; but most frequenty the discharge is so thin and acrid as to spread along the neighboring parts, where it soon produces the same kind of sores. Sometimes the discharge is so very penetrating and corrosive as to destroy the skin, and on some occasions even the muscles themselves.

There is another kind of tetter, occurring most commonly among children. This species appears in the form of pustules, which originally are separate and distinct, but afterwards run together in clusters. At first, they seem to contain nothing but a thin watery serum, which afterwards turns yellow, exuding over the whole surface of the part affected, and at last dries into a thick crust or scab: when this falls off the skin appears red and sometimes broken, caused

by the acrid matter. The Ringworm This species of cutaneous disease generally appears in clusters, though sometimes in distinc ings or circles of very minute pimples, which a rings or circles of very influte pimples, which at first, though small, are perfectly separate, and contain nothing but a clear lump, which, in the course of this disease, is excreted upon the sur-face, and there forms into small and distinct scales; these at last fall off and leave a considerable degree of inflammation belowcontinuing to exude fresh matter, which likewise forms into cakes, and falls off as before. The itching in this species of complaint is very troublesome, and the matter discharged from the pimples is tough and viscid.

Scald Head
Is a cutaneous disease, thus characterized by

cles now before the public. It always Cures,
So confident are we that this excellent ointment

will cure in every case, when properly and faith fully applied, that in future we will warrant every bottle.

Price, 75 cents a bottle.

For sale in Cincinnati, only by SANFORD & PARK,

Corner Fourth and Walnut,

Flax Seed.

AM still purchasing for cash, and want im-mediately from One to Five Thousand bush-s. Those having lots will do well to see me be-A. G. RICHARDSON. Columbia st, near Main, Cin. fore they sell. ian 16 14 ly.

A. L. & T. GREER, Wholesale and Retail dealers in Dry Goods. Hardware and Groceries, which they offer low. for Cash or Country Produce, such as Wheat Corn, and Tobacco. Store corner of Scott and Market space. Highest price, cash, paid for Wheat, at their Union Mill. Fresh Flour always on hand, by the barrel or otherwise. Gedge & Brothers.

TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS, AND DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES & COUNTRY PRODUCE Scott Street, Covington,

EEP constantly on hand a good assortment in their line, which they will sell, wholesale or retail, cheap for cash, or exchange for country Sept. 23, 1843.



Diseases of the Lungs and Breast! TESTIMONIALS.

To THE PUBLIC .- In accordance with the prevailing custom, and in order to show the virtues of this medicine more fully, the following certificates have been selected; and as it is not our wish to trifle with the lives, or health of those aficine well deserving their patronage and confi-

Remarkable Cares. 28

Of all the cures that have yet been recorded, there are certainly none equal to the one mentioned, which plainly show the curability of Consumption, even in some of its worst forms: MRS. WIMER. COR ANOTHER PROOF ADDED.

The cures performed by Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, are really astonishing to the world. The following we have just received from Messrs. Joslin and Rowe, Druggists, in Newark in this State, to whom it was communicated by John Wimer, Esq. a citizen of Burlington, Lick ing county, Onio. Burlington, O. Dec. 1, 1843.

Messrs. Joslin & Rowe—At your request I herewith transmit to you a statement of the case of Mrs. Wimer and child, as near as I am able to communicate, which you are at liberty to publish if you see fit, as I feel a desire to inform the world of the effects of the invaluable medicine called Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, to which, by the Divine blessing, I am inebted for the restoration to health of my wife and child. About five years ago Mrs Wimer was attacked

with a violent cough, pain in the chest and side and symptoms of approaching consumption. During the interval from that time to some time in February last, she had been treated by eminent physicians from Utica, Sylvania, Homer, Chatham and Newark, and with only partial relie. of the most urgent symptoms. About one year ago she caught a violent cold, which seated upon the lungs, producing an alarming aggravation of all her previous symptoms. Her physician was sent for, and despite his best efforts she began to sink rapidly under her disease. Cough, expectorant, and hectic, together with night sweats, soon reduced her to a complete skeleton. In February last her attending physician deemed her case altogether hopeless; a counsel wa called, and after deliberating upon her case unanimously pronounced her to be beyond the reach of means, and expressed their opinion that she could survive but a short time, one of two weeks at farthest. She was at this time entirely confined to her bed, and scarcely able to articulate, except in a whisper. Her daily paroxysms of coughing would last uninterruptedv from three to five hours, and so severe that we expected every paroxysm would be her last. The physicians in council pronounced her

lungs, liver, kidneys, spine and mucos membrane of the stomach to be incurably diseased. It was at this last extremity that we ed to obtain a pamphlet describing Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, as applicable to lung affections. We immediately sent to you and procured a bottle, and commenced its use at evening by giving her one taaspoon full, and such terminated and my anxious fears removed, was the surprising effect that she was able to pass

The Almighty has promised to be with

on the face, neck, arms and wrists, in pretty broad spots and small pimples. These are generally very itchy, though not otherwise troublesome; and they at last fall off in the form of white new and again return in the form of labeled and purples and they at last fall off in the form of labeled and purples and they at last fall off in the form of labeled and purples and again return in the form of labeled and purples and labeled and purples and in less than a week there was an evident labeled and purples and in less than a week there was an evident labeled and purples and in less than a week there was an evident labeled and purples and in less than a week there was an evident labeled and purples and in less than a week there was an evident labeled and purples and the board of the labeled and purples and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the board of the labeled and purples are proposed and the labeled and the labeled and purples are proposed and the labeled and purples are proposed and the labeled and the white powder, and again return in the form of a disposed to make a trial of it for the child, and it was attended with the same perfect success.

The above statement can be attested by our

> ances, who saw Mrs. Wimer during the course We regret the necessity which exists in cautioning the public against the many counter-feit preparations of Wild Cherry, which are fast overspreading the country, through the instru-mentality of a few unprincipled dealers, who, for the paltry gain of a few dollars, would palm off upon suffering humanity a miserable substitute of their own stewing, or some worthless article which they had bought for a trifle, to the manifest injury, and perhaps loss of life, to the person using it. We repeat then, let purchasers be on their guard, and in all instances inquire particularly for Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cher ry-the most valuable family medicine ever be-

intelligent and respectable families throughout the United States. Price One Dollar per bottle, or six bottles for

ore offered for sale, and now used by the most

For sale in Cincinnati, only by
SANFORD & PARK,
General Agents for the West, Corner Fourth and Walnut. Feb 10, 1844

Cabinet Ware.

• Cabinet business in its various branches at his old stand on Scott street, between Fourth and Fifthsts., where he is prepared to accommoof business, on as good terms as can be afforded in Cincinnati. Persons wishing to purchase will do well to give him a call before going elsewhere. He keeps a HEARSE in constant readiness

for the public accommodation, and all kinds of COFFINS will be furnished on the shortest notice and on reasonable terms. His private residence is on Turnpike street, be tween Scott and Madison sts., opposite the resi-

dence of Mr. Wm. Wason Covington, April 2, 1842.

J. S. BENNETT & CO., Wholesale and retail dealers in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, No. 197 Main Street,

(between 4th and 5th) Cincinnati. S. B. & CO. are now receiving plarge S. B. & CO. are now receiving plarge and splendid assortment [of Fall and Winter Goods, consisting in part of Beaver, Pilot and Broadcloths, Plain Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans, Cassimere Jeans, Flannels, Canvass Padding. A splendid variety of Calicoes, Bleached and Brown Muslins, Cambries, Jackonets, Swiss, Muslins de Laines, Book Muslins, Bobinetts, Merinoes, Alpaca Lustre, Vestings, Brown Holland, Irish Linens, Gum Suspenders, Cotton, Silk and Worsted Hosiery, Watered Velvets, [new style] Chusans, Pondechery, Plain, Black, Striped and Camelion Dress Silks, Sattins, Gimps, Fringes, &c. All of which have been selected with great care sincere manas, and will be sold cheap any farther information to the afflicted by apparent to me at my residence. No. 39 Newwarket All of which have been selected with great care

Cincinnati, Dec. 9, 1843.

Glass Ware. BOXES Fillet Glass Ware, consisting of Saltmouths, Tinctures, Jars, flute and plain Tumblers, Wines, Decanters, Molasses Cans, Lamp shades and Chimneys, Cake Covers, Pepper, Vinegar and Mustard Cruets, Salts, Cup-plates, &c. &c.
For sale by

O. ALDRICH, Agent.

158 Main st., Cincinnati.

N. B. Country Druggists will be furnisted.

N. B. Country Druggists will be furnisted with all kinds of Apothecaries furniture, Vials, Oils, &c., at manufacturers prices.

N. B. Country Druggists will be furnisted wheel Coffee Mills, a new and excellent article. Just received and for sale by SILSBEE & CO, Oils, &c., at manufacturers prices.

Feb. 24, 1844.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA. FOR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF

ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, OR HABIT OF THE SYSTEM, NAMELY:

crofula, or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples, or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlarge-ment and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stub-born Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica, or born Olders, syphilities Sympions, Scialica, or Lumbago, and Diseases Arising from an In-judicious use of the Mercury, Ascites, or Drop-sy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also Chronic Constitutional Disorders will be Removed by this Preparation.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA. There are few persons in this reading country of ours who are not to some extent acquainted dicted, we sincerely pledge ourselves to make no with the virtues of the Extract of Sarsaparilla. It has been prepared by very many persons, some assertions, or "FALSE STATEMENTS" of its quacks, and some not; but it seems now to be a efficacy; nor will we hold any hope to suffering well-admitted fact that the preparation put up by humanity which facts will not warrant. THE the Messrs. SANDS of New York is altogether the PROOFS ARE HERE GIVEN-and we solicit most salutary one that has yet made its appearance before the public. Messrs Sands have devoan inquiry from the public into every case we ted much attention to the subject for many years, publish, and feel assured they will find it a med- and it is hardly to be doubted that they have brought their preparations as near perfection as can be achieved. We are glad to hear that they are reaping the reward which patient study and industry almost always secure. Their Sarsaparilla is now eagerly sought after in every quarter of our country, carrying health to thousands.

This is the season when Sarsaparilla is used to

the best advantage, and we hear of numerous

extensive sales for country use.

(New Orleans Weekly Tropic, June 3, 1843.) This universal preparation has performed some of the most astonishing cures of diseases that are recorded in the annals of history, thus proving conclusively it is capable of fulfilling nigh aim and purpose for which it is designed.— Patient suffering for years from various chronic constitutional disorders, after trying different remedies, spending thousands of dollars in travelling and doctoring, and suffering all that human nature is capable of enduring, have, by the use of a few bottles, entirely recovered their health. Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula or King's Evil, Salt Rheum and Ringworm, Ulcers and painful effection of the hones. Ulcers and painful affection of the hones, Ulcerated Throat and Nostrils, Scurvy, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Blotches and various cutaneous eruptions, are effectually cured by its use. Diseases having their tually cured by its use. Diseases having their origin in an impure state of the blood and fluids generally will be speedily and effectually removed by this invaluable medicine, as its operation is peculiar, and consists in removing the cause of diseases by entering into the circulation and passing through the general system. Where obstruc-tions to its favorable operation exists, they are removed as it passes along the alimentary canal; hence the patient will feel and know the sensible operation of the Sarsaparilla from its curative

nowers. The proprietors are daily receiving from the medical profession, the clergy, officers of justice, and numerous private citizens, ample and willing testimony both written and verbal, to the To the poor it is furnished gratuitously, on suffi-cient proof being furnished of their worthiness. The following certificates from individuals who have suffered with Scrofula, in its severest form,

are presented for the careful perusal of the affiic-REMARKABI E CURE OF HIP DISEASE. New- York, July 26th, 1843. Messrs. Sands—Gent;—My daughter, aged six years, was attacked with the hipdisease when two years old, and then since then she has been growing gradually worse until recently, and her suffering at intervals was most painful to behold and baffles all description. The head of the his bone was thrown entirely out of place, after which matter or puss formed in the socket of the oint, and for many months in succession she was entirely deprived of all natural rest. She was reduced to a mere skeleton and very often ex-

claimed, "Oh, mother! I wish it might please the good Man above to take me to himself." It was my fervent prayer her sufferings might be was the surprising effect that she was able to pass a comfortable night without experiencing any paroxysm of coughing; and such was its ultimate us nor forsake us, if we put our trust and confieffect, that, after taking five oottles, she was, dence in Him; and truly I can say it has been contrary to the expectations of hex physicians verified in the present case. Though His blesand every one who saw her, entirely ressored to sing and your instrumentality, my child liveshealth, and since last summer has done the en- yes, is restored to perfect health, and is a living tire work of her family.

After the last attack of Mrs. Wimer, our ng Sarsaparila. We had tried all the remedies improvement; a discharge came on from 1hd hip joint, and in a few days it commenced healing, and in less than two weeks it was entirely closed During the time of using the Sarsaparilla, she physician as well as our neighbors and acquaintpassed large quantities of worms, which aided materially in hastening the cure. She rapidly improved in health and strength, her appetite in-creased, and she is now entirely restored, and

wholly so by the use of your Sarsaparilla.
With the grateful feelings of a mother's heart and father sjoy, we subscribe ourselves your friend.
WILLIAM S. BAILEY, SARAH BAILEY, No. 596 Fourth st.

We, the subscribers, being neighbors to Wiliam and Sarah Bailey, know the above statenent in relation to their child, and the cure performed by Sands's Sarsaparilla, to be strictly true.

WILLIAM POWERS,

JOHN MYERS.

SCROFULA CURED OF SIX YEARS STANDING. Philadelphia, July 23, 1843.

Messrs. Sands : Gent -- In the month of June, 1837, I was attacked with cramp in the stomach induced by a sudden check of perspiration. By timely remedies I was relieved, but my system had received a shock from which I did not recover. About two months after this, a scrofulous lump appeared on my breast, which gradually increased to the size of a hen's egg, and then became excessively painful. I tried different Panaceas without deriving any benefit whatever, P. ROSE, continues to carry on the and continuing to grow worse, applied to a ho-Cabinet business in its various branches old stand on Scott street, between Fourth than he found me. The scrofula now appeared in my right knee and ancle; my leg swelled to date his customers with every article in his line four times its natural size, and threatened extensive ulceration, rendering me for years a help less cripple, the greater part of the time suffering "excruciating anguish. I now had recourse

to the old practice, was cupped and blistered, very severely, but all to no purpose.

I then tried the Thompsonian practice with the same result, and now I despaired of ever being cured. My appetite entirely faile, and bed I came a mere skeleton; for months I could not sleep in bed, but passed the night limping about the room; the moment I laid down the pain became insupportable. Indine was used internally and externally, but all in vain; and now, to add to the horrors of my situation, a large tumor appeared on the lower part of the spine, which became excessively painful and tender, renders: ing it almost impossible to sit down, and Ides-

paired of ever getting well.

Hearing of the wonderful cures performed by, your Sarsoparilla, my friends induced me to make one more trial which I did, scarcely daring to,

hope for relief.
Your agent, S. P. Thompson, furnished me Your agent, S. P. Thompson, turnished me, with the Sarsaparilla, and what was my astonishment and delight, after taking a few bottles, to find I was getting well. A few more completed the cure, and now I can say I am well. Yes, after six years of indiscribable suffering, I can say I am well, and entirely owe my restoration to health, through the blessing of Providence, to your Sarsaparilla—a medicine whose virtues sho'd be known throughout the world. I return my sincere thanks, and shall always be happy to give plying to me at my residence, No. 39 Newwart st. THOMAS PORR.

THOMAS PURE.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by A. B. Sandack Co., Druggists and Chemists, Granite Buddings, 273 Broadway, Corner Ceambers St. New York.

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